1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022) 3 HOUSE BILL 2969 By: Walke and West (Josh) 4 5 6 AS INTRODUCED 7 An Act relating to privacy of computer data; enacting the Oklahoma Computer Data Privacy Act of 2022; providing intent and construction; defining terms; 8 prescribing that the Attorney General is responsible 9 for enforcement; providing disclosure requirements; providing limitations; providing consumers the right 10 to opt out of data collection; providing consumers the right to deletion of their information; providing 11 exceptions to request for deletion of information; providing consumers with the right to request for an 12 audit of their information; providing consumers with the right to have their personal information 1.3 corrected; requiring business to not discriminate; providing guidelines for implementation; providing 14 exemptions; preempting intermediate transactions from circumventing regulations; providing waivers are void 15 and unenforceable; prohibiting businesses from modifying or manipulating user interfaces to obscure, subvert or impair user autonomy, decision-making or 16 choice; providing severability of provisions; 17 providing for codification; and providing an effective date. 18 19 20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 2.1 SECTION 1. A new section of law to be codified NEW LAW 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-1 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Req. No. 8448 Page 1

24

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Computer Data Privacy Act of 2022".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-2 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The Oklahoma Legislature acknowledges the people's

Constitutional right to privacy and further acknowledges that any

collection of Oklahoma citizens' data without their knowledge and

consent is a violation of such right to privacy. This act is

intended to complement other data privacy laws, both state and

federal, and to the extent there is a conflict with a state law, the

law conferring the greatest privacy shall control. Further, the

Oklahoma Legislature has determined the provisions of this act are

the least restrictive possible.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-3 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in this act:

1. "Aggregate consumer information" means information that relates to a group of consumers, from which individual consumer identities have been removed, that is not linked or reasonably linkable to any consumer or household, including via a device.

Aggregate consumer information does not mean one or more individual consumer records that have been de-identified;

2. "Biometric information" means an individual's physiological, biological or behavioral characteristics or an electronic representation of such, including an individual's deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), that can be used, singly or in combination with each other or with other identifying data, to establish an individual's identity. Biometric information includes, but is not limited to, imagery of the iris, retina, fingerprint, face, hand, palm, vein patterns, and voice recordings from which an identifier template, such as a faceprint, a minutiae template, or a voiceprint, can be extracted, and keystroke patterns or rhythms, gait patterns or rhythms, and sleep, health, or exercise data that contain identifying information;

3. "Business" means:

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a. a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, association, or other legal entity that collects consumers' personal information, or on the behalf of which such information is collected and that alone, or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of consumers' personal information, that does business in the State of Oklahoma, and that satisfies one or more of the following thresholds:

Req. No. 8448

1 (1) has annual gross revenues in excess of Ten
2 Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) in the preceding
3 calendar year,

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- (2) alone or in combination, annually buys, receives, shares, or discloses for commercial purposes, alone or in combination, the personal information of twenty-five thousand or more consumers, households or devices, or
- (3) derives fifty percent (50%) or more of its annual revenues from sharing consumers' personal information,
- b. any entity that controls or is controlled by a business, as defined in subparagraph a of this paragraph, and that shares common branding with the business and with whom the business shares consumers' personal information. "Control" or "controlled" means ownership of, or the power to vote, more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a business; control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors, or of individuals exercising similar functions; or the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management of a company. "Common branding" means a shared name, service mark, or

trademark, such that the average consumer would understand that two or more entities are commonly owned,

- c. a joint venture or partnership composed of businesses in which each business has at least a forty-percentinterest. For purposes of this act, the joint venture or partnership and each business that comprises the joint venture or partnership shall separately be considered a single business, except that personal information in the possession of each business and disclosed to the joint venture or partnership shall not be shared with the other businesses;
- 4. "Collects", "collected", or "collection" means buying, renting, gathering, obtaining, receiving, or accessing any personal information pertaining to a consumer by any means. This includes receiving information from the consumer, either actively or passively, or by observing the consumer's behavior;
- 5. "Commercial purposes" means to advance a person's commercial or economic interests, such as by inducing another person to buy, rent, lease, join, subscribe to, provide, or exchange products, goods, property, information or services, or enabling or effecting, directly or indirectly, a commercial transaction. Commercial purposes do not include engaging in speech that state or federal

courts have recognized as noncommercial speech, including political speech and journalism.

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- 6. "Consumer" means a natural person who is an Oklahoma resident. It does not include an employee or contractor of a business acting in his or her role as an employee or contractor;
- 7. "De-identified" means information that cannot reasonably identify, relate to, describe, reasonably be associated with, or reasonably be linked, directly or indirectly, to a particular consumer, provided that the business:
 - a. takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data could not be reidentified,
 - b. publicly commits to maintain and use the data in a deidentified fashion and not to attempt to reidentify the data, and
 - c. contractually prohibits downstream recipients from attempting to reidentify the data;
- 8. "Designated methods for submitting requests" means a mailing address, email address, Internet web page, Internet web portal, telephone number, or other applicable contact information, whereby consumers may submit a request under this act;
- 9. "Device" means any physical object that is capable of connecting to the Internet, directly or indirectly, or to another device;

10. "Intentionally interacts" means when the consumer intends to interact with a person via one or more deliberate interactions, such as visiting the person's website or purchasing a good or service from the person. Hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of content, or using a communications service to interact with a third-party website, does not constitute a consumer's intent to interact with a person;

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- 11. "Operational purpose" means the use of personal information when reasonably necessary and proportionate to achieve one of the following purposes, if such usage is limited to the first-party relationship and customer experience:
 - a. debugging to identify and repair errors that impair existing intended functionality,
 - b. undertaking internal research for technological development, analytics, and product improvement, based on information collected by the business,
 - c. undertaking activities to verify or maintain the quality or safety of a service or device that is owned, manufactured, manufactured for, or controlled by the business, or to improve, upgrade, or enhance the service or device that is owned, manufactured, manufactured for, or controlled by the business,
 - d. customization of content based on information collected by the business, or

e. customization of advertising or marketing based on information collected by the business;

- 12. "Person" means an individual, proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, business trust, company, corporation, limited liability company, association, committee, and any other organization or group of persons acting in concert;
- 13. "Personal information" means information that identifies or could reasonably be linked, directly or indirectly, with a particular consumer, household, or consumer device. Personal information does not include publicly available information. For the purposes of this paragraph, publicly available means information that is lawfully made available from federal, state or local government records. Personal information does not include consumer information that is de-identified or aggregate consumer information;
- 14. "Processing" means any operation or set of operations that are performed on personal information or on sets of personal information, whether or not by automated means;
- 15. "Service" or "services" means work, labor, and services, including services furnished in connection with the production, sale or repair of goods;
- 16. "Service provider" means a person who processes personal information on behalf of a business and to which the business discloses a consumer's personal information pursuant to a written or electronic contract, provided that:

a. the contract prohibits the person from retaining,
using, or disclosing the personal information for any
purpose other than for the specific purpose of
performing the services specified in the contract for
the business, including a prohibition on retaining,
using, or disclosing the personal information for a
commercial purpose other than providing the services
specified in the contract with the business, and

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- b. the service provider does not combine the personal information which the service provider receives from, or on behalf of, the business with personal information which the service provider receives from, or on behalf of, another person or persons, or collects from its own interaction with consumers;
- 17. "Share" means renting, releasing, disclosing, disseminating, making available, transferring, or otherwise communicating orally, in writing, or by electronic or other means, a consumer's personal information by the business to a third party for monetary or other valuable consideration, or otherwise for a commercial purpose. For purposes of this act, a business does not share personal information when:
 - a. a consumer uses or directs the business to intentionally disclose personal information or uses the business to intentionally interact with one or

more third parties, provided the third party or

parties do not also share the personal information,

unless that disclosure would be consistent with the

provisions of this act,

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- b. the business discloses the personal information of a consumer with a service provider and the business has provided notice that the information is being used or disclosed in its terms and conditions consistent with Section 5 of this act, and
- c. when a business transfers to a third party the personal information of a consumer as an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the business; provided that information is used or disclosed consistently with this act. A third party may not materially alter how it uses or discloses the personal information of a consumer in a manner that is materially inconsistent with the promises made at the time of collection;
- 18. "Third party" means a person who is not any of the following:
 - a. the business with whom the consumer intentionally interacts and that collects personal information from

the consumer as part of the consumer's current interaction with the business under this act, or

- b. a service provider to whom the business discloses a consumer's personal information pursuant to a written contract, which includes a certification made by the person receiving the personal information that the person understands the restrictions created under this act and will comply with them; and
- 19. "Verifiable consumer request" means a request that is made by a consumer, by a consumer on behalf of the consumer's minor child, or by a natural person or a person registered with the Secretary of State, authorized by the consumer to act on the consumer's behalf, and that the business can reasonably verify. A business is not obligated to provide any personal information to a consumer pursuant to Section 8 of this act, to delete personal information pursuant to Section 6 of this act, or to correct inaccurate personal information pursuant to Section 9 of this act, if the business cannot verify that the consumer making the request is the consumer about whom the business has collected personal information or is a person authorized by the consumer to act on such consumer's behalf.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-4 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The Attorney General shall be responsible for enforcing this act. Any person, business, or service provider that violates this act may be liable for a civil penalty of up to Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for each intentional violation and up to Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) for each unintentional violation. The court may consider punitive damages in addition to the statutorily provided damages if requested by the Attorney General. Additionally, the Attorney General may seek injunctive relief to prevent repetitive violations of this act. The Attorney General shall be entitled to recover all reasonable fees and costs, including any expert witness fees, if a prevailing party. Any funds recovered under this statute shall be retained in a dedicated revolving account for the Attorney General.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-5 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A business covered by this act shall disclose the following information to consumers in a clear and conspicuous manner in its privacy policies, which shall be written in plain language and shall be available prior to any data collection, and shall be updated if any terms or conditions change:

- 1. The manner and method by which a consumer may exercise his or her rights pursuant to Sections 6, 7, 8, and 9 of this act;
 - 2. The personal information collected from consumers;

3. The reasons the business collects, discloses, or retains personal information;

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- 4. Whether the business discloses personal information and, if so, what information is disclosed and to whom;
- 5. Whether the business shares personal information with service providers and, if so, the categories of service providers; and
- 6. The length of time that the business retains personal information.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-6 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A business covered by this act shall only collect and/or share information with third parties that is reasonably necessary to provide a good or service to a consumer who has requested the same or is reasonably necessary for security purposes or fraud detection. The monetization of personal information shall never be considered reasonably necessary for any purpose.
- B. A business covered by this act shall limit its use and retention of a consumer's personal information to that which is reasonably necessary to provide a service or conduct an activity that a consumer has requested or for a related operational purpose.
- C. A business covered by this act shall apprise any consumer whose data is collected that the consumer has the right to opt out

- of personalized advertising and the business shall have the duty to comply with the request promptly and free of charge. Such
- 3 notification shall be made in a clear and conspicuous manner on the

business's homepage.

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SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-7 of Title 74, unless there

is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Consumers have the right to request that a business delete any personal information retained by the business about the consumer, and a business covered by this act shall inform consumers of such right in accordance with Section 5 of this act.
- B. Upon receipt of a verifiable consumer request to delete a consumer's personal information, a business shall delete the personal information from its records and advise any service providers holding the consumer's personal information to delete the consumer's personal information as well.
 - C. If the consumer's personal information is necessary:
- 18 1. To complete the transaction that was requested by the consumer;
 - 2. To fulfill contractual obligations between the consumer and the business;
- 3. To detect or act upon security threats, including malicious or illegal activities, to prosecute individuals responsible for security threats;

4. To ensure quality control functions;

- 5. To exercise constitutionally protected speech;
- 6. To engage in public- or peer-reviewed research that adheres to all applicable ethics and privacy laws; or
- 7. To comply with legal obligations,

then the business shall have the right to reject such consumer's request and shall advise the consumer of the reason why such request was rejected.

SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-8 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

After receiving a verifiable consumer request from a consumer requesting to know what information is retained by a business about the consumer, the business shall disclose the specific personal information retained by the business about the consumer. Such disclosure shall be in an electronic, portable, machine-readable, and readily useable format to the consumer. Additionally, to the extent the business has disclosed personal information of a consumer to a third party or service provider, said business shall disclose, in the same manner and method as previously described, the names and contact information of such third parties or service providers.

SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-9 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A business shall advise a consumer, in accordance with Section

11 of this act that the consumer has the right to request correction

of inaccurate personal information, and a consumer shall have the

right to require a business to correct such inaccurate information.

Upon receipt of a verifiable consumer request, a business shall take

all reasonable steps to correct the inaccurate information, in

accordance with Section 11 of this act.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-10 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

No business shall deny goods or services to a consumer by virtue of the consumer's exercise of any rights in this act. Further, no business shall charge a different price or provide a different quality of service or good by virtue of the consumer's exercise of any rights under this act. Provided, a business may offer discounted or free goods or services to a consumer if the consumer voluntarily participates in a program that rewards consumers for repeated transactions with the business and if the business does not share the consumer's data with third parties.

SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-11 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A business covered by this act shall provide at least two points of contact that are easily accessible and readily

identifiable by which a consumer may make the requests permitted
under this act, at least one of which must be the business's
website, unless a business covered by this act does not have a
website, in which case the business must provide a telephone number
as one of the two methods by which a consumer may contact the
business.

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- B. Any disclosure and/or delivery of information from a business to a consumer under this act must be provided free of charge and within forty-five (45) days of receipt of a verifiable consumer request. If it is not reasonably possible to provide the information within forty-five (45) days, the business may extend the deadline by forty-five (45) days by providing notice to the consumer of such election and the basis for the same.
- C. If personal information is collected by a business to verify the consumer's identity, then that personal information is limited in usage solely to the verification process and shall thereafter be permanently deleted.
- D. A business is not obligated to provide the information identified in Section 8 of this act more than twice during any twelve-month period for each consumer.
- E. A business or service provider shall implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices, including administrative, physical, and technical safeguards, appropriate to the nature of the information and the purposes for which the

- 1 personal information will be used, to protect consumers' personal
- 2 information from unauthorized use, disclosure, access, destruction,
- 3 or modification.
- 4 SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 5 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-12 of Title 74, unless there
- 6 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- 7 A. The obligations imposed on businesses by this act shall not
- 8 | restrict a business's or service provider's ability to:
- 9 1. Comply with federal, state, or local laws;
- 10 2. Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry,
- 11 | investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, or local
- 12 | authorities;
- 3. Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct
- 14 or activity that the business, service provider, or third party
- 15 reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or
- 16 | local law;

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- 4. Exercise or defend legal claims;
- 18 5. Collect, use, retain, share, or disclose consumer
- 19 | information that is de-identified or in the aggregate derived from
- 20 personal information; and
- 21 6. Collect or share a consumer's personal information if every
- 22 aspect of that commercial conduct takes place wholly outside of the
- 23 State of Oklahoma. For purposes of this act, commercial conduct
- 24 takes place wholly outside of the State of Oklahoma if a business

collected that information while the consumer was present outside of the State of Oklahoma, no part of the sharing of the consumer's personal information occurred in the State of Oklahoma, and no personal information was collected while the consumer was present in the State of Oklahoma is shared. This paragraph shall not permit a business from storing, including on a device, personal information about a consumer when the consumer is present in the State of Oklahoma and then later collecting that personal information when the consumer and stored personal information is located outside of the State of Oklahoma.

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- B. Nothing in this act shall require a business to violate an evidentiary privilege under Oklahoma law or federal law, or prevent a business from providing the personal information of a consumer who is covered by an evidentiary privilege under Oklahoma law as part of a privileged communication.
 - C. 1. This act shall not apply to any of the following:
 - a. protected health information that is collected by a covered entity or business associate governed by the privacy, security, and breach notification rules issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Parts 160 and 164 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, established pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191) and the Health

Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (Public Law 111-5),

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- b. a covered entity governed by the privacy, security, and breach notification rules issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Parts 160 and 164 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, established pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191), to the extent the provider or covered entity maintains patient information in the same manner as medical information or protected health information as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph, and
- c. personal information collected as part of a clinical trial subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects, also known as the Common Rule, pursuant to good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Human Use or pursuant to human subject protection requirements of the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 2. For purposes of this subsection, the definition of "medical information" means any individually identifiable information, in electronic or physical form, in possession of or derived from a

provider of health care, health care service plan, pharmaceutical company, or contractor regarding a patient's medical history, mental or physical condition, or treatment. "Individually identifiable" means that the medical information includes or contains any element of personal identifying information sufficient to allow identification of the individual, such as the patient's name, address, electronic mail address, telephone number, or Social Security number, or other information that, alone or in combination with other publicly available information, reveals the individual's identity. Furthermore, the definitions of "business associate", "covered entity", and "protected health information" in Section 160.103 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall apply.

D. This act shall not apply to activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, as defined by subdivision (f) of Section 1681a of Title 15 of the United States Code, by a furnisher of information, as set forth in Section 1681s-2 of Title 15 of the United States Code, who provides information for use in a consumer report, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 1681a of Title 15 of the United States Code, and by a user of a consumer report as set forth in Section 1681b of Title 15 of the United States Code. This subsection shall

only apply to the extent that such activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of such information by that agency, furnisher, or user is subject to regulation under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, Section 1681 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code and the information is not collected, maintained, disclosed, sold, communicated, or used except as authorized by the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

- E. This act shall not apply to personal information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (Public Law 106-102), and implementing regulations.
- F. This act shall not apply to personal information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 (18 U.S.C. Sec. 2721 et seq.);
- G. Notwithstanding a business's obligations to respond to and honor consumer rights requests pursuant to this title:
- 1. If a business does not take action on the request of a consumer, the business shall inform the consumer, without delay and at the latest within the time period permitted by this act, of the reasons for not taking action and any rights the consumer may have to appeal the decision to the business;
- 2. If requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of his or her repetitive character, a business may either charge a reasonable fee, taking into account the administrative costs of providing the information or

communication or taking the action requested, or refuse to act on
the request and notify the consumer of the reason for refusing the
request. The business shall bear the burden of demonstrating that
any verifiable consumer request is manifestly unfounded or
excessive.

- H. A business that discloses personal information to a service provider in compliance with this act shall select as service providers entities that are capable of adhering to the restrictions set forth in this act, and enforce compliance in adhering to these restrictions, through effective enforceable contractual obligations and regular evaluation of compliance. A service provider shall not be liable under this title for the obligations of a business for which it provides services as set forth in this act; provided that the service provider shall be liable for its own violations of this act.
 - I. This act shall not be construed to require a business to:
- 1. Comply with a verifiable consumer request to access, delete, or correct personal information pursuant to Sections 7, 8, or 9 of this act if all of the following are true:
 - a. (1) the business is not reasonably capable of linking or associating the request with the personal information, or

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1 (2) it would be unreasonably burdensome for the
2 business to link or associate the request with
3 the personal information,

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- b. the business does not use the information to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the personal information or link or associate the personal information with other personal information about the same specific consumer, and
- c. the business does not share the personal information to any third party, or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal information to any third party other than a service provider except as otherwise permitted in this subsection.
- 2. Maintain information in identifiable, linkable or associable form, or to collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or technology, in order to be capable of linking or associating a verifiable consumer request with personal information.
- J. Nothing herein shall apply to the publication of newsworthy information to the public, or to the collection or editing of information for that purpose.
- SECTION 13. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-13 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

If a series of steps or transactions were component parts of a single transaction intended from the beginning to be taken with the intention of avoiding the reach of this title, a court shall disregard the intermediate steps or transactions for purposes of effectuating the purposes of this title.

SECTION 14. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-14 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Any provision of a contract or agreement of any kind, including an arbitration agreement, that purports to waive or limit in any way rights under this title, including, but not limited to, any right to a remedy or means of enforcement, shall be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20m-15 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any company to design, modify, or manipulate a user interface with the purpose or substantial effect of obscuring, subverting, or impairing user autonomy, decision—making, or choice, as further defined by regulation.

SECTION 16. The provisions of this act are severable and if any part or provision shall be held void the decision of the court so holding shall not affect or impair any of the remaining parts or provisions of this act.

1	SECTION 17.	This ac	t shall k	become	effective	November	1,	2023.	
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