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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-6105/P2 ALL:all

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to repeal 20.192 (1) (c), 108.02 (26m) and 108.04 (3); to renumber 238.308 (3); to renumber and amend 49.688 (1) (c); to amend 20.866 (2) (z) (intro.), 39.30 (2) (a), 39.38 (2), 39.41 (2) (b), 39.41 (3) (b), 39.435 (2), 49.175 (1) (zh), 66.0809 (5) (bm), 71.07 (9e) (aj) 1., 71.07 (9e) (aj) 2., 71.82 (1) (c), 74.12 (1) (a), 74.12 (2) (b), 74.47 (1), 74.49 (2) (a) 2., 108.04 (11) (bm), 108.062 (3), 108.062 (15), 140.145 (10) (a), 140.145 (10) (b), 196.504 (2) (a), 238.124 (1), 256.15 (2) (a) and 292.63 (3) (ac) 3.; and to create 16.23, 16.24, 20.145 (5) (c), 20.155 (3) (a), 20.192 (1) (c), 20.410 (1) (am), 20.435 (1) (bw), 20.437 (3) (f), 20.445 (1) (ag), 20.490 (3) (b), 20.505 (1) (fv), 39.55, 46.968, 48.026, 49.259, 49.688 (1) (c) 2., 67.04 (5) (b) 5., 67.045 (1) (i), 67.045 (2) (c), 71.82 (1) (d), 74.11 (11) (c), 74.12 (1) (c), 74.12 (10) (c), 74.47 (2) (c), 74.49 (2) (a) 3., 102.03 (1) (h), 102.565 (6), 108.062 (3r), 108.062 (20), 108.07 (8), 150.93 (6), 234.535, 238.308 (3) (b), 256.15 (2) (d), 323.02 (8m), 323.02 (15m), 323.12 (4) (f), 323.12 (4) (g), 323.267, 601.83 (7),

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626.12 (4) and 938.026 of the statutes; **relating to:** addressing the spread and containment of the COVID-19 coronavirus and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

1.

COMMERCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Authority to originate forgivable loans

Under current law, the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation may not originate a loan that is forgivable upon the loan recipient's achievement of one or more conditions or goals. This bill allows WEDC to originate a forgivable loan during a period of public health emergency declared by the governor, including any extensions, and during the 180 days following the public health emergency.

Eligibility for business development tax credit

Under current law, WEDC may certify a business to receive tax benefits under the business development tax credit program for a period of up to ten years. Also under current law, a business is eligible for the credit if, in each year for which the business claims the credit, the business increases its net employment in Wisconsin above its net employment at the time of certification. This bill provides that, for a year that includes any part of the period covered by the COVID-19 public health emergency, a business will be treated as satisfying the eligibility requirement if its net employment in Wisconsin during that year is not less than its net employment at the time of certification.

Imposition of interest for WEDC tax credit programs

Under current law, a person who owes tax due to the adjustment or disallowance of the person's claim for a tax credit is charged interest at the rate of 12 percent from the due date of the claim for claims not involving fraud or negligence. Under this bill, if a person owes tax as a result of a revocation of a tax credit by WEDC, and if the revocation occurs during a state of emergency declared by the governor or within the 90-day period after the state of emergency ends, the interest is charged at the rate of 12 percent from the date of revocation.

Emergency assistance to small businesses

This bill appropriates \$125,000,000 to WEDC to provide assistance to small businesses adversely economically affected in connection with a public health emergency declared between March 12, 2020, and July 1, 2021, or the day after publication of the 2021–23 biennial budget act, whichever is later.

TOURISM

Increase in funding for tourism marketing

This bill increases the Department of Tourism's tourism marketing appropriation by \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2020-21.

2.

CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM

Institutional costs related to a public health emergency

This bill provides to the Department of Corrections \$8,726,500 in general purpose revenue biennially for institutional costs related to responding to a public health emergency.

3.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Waiver of certain interest, penalties, and payments.

Under this bill, each state agency and authority and each local governmental unit may waive any interest, penalty, or payment that accrues or becomes due during an emergency period with respect to a debt any person owes to the agency, authority, or local unit of government.

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EMPLOYMENT

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Unemployment insurance; waiting period

Currently, a claimant must wait one week after becoming eligible to receive unemployment insurance (UI) benefits before the claimant may receive benefits for a week of unemployment. The waiting period does not affect the maximum number of weeks of a claimant's benefit eligibility.

This bill deletes the one-week waiting period, retroactive to benefit years beginning March 15, 2020, thus permitting a claimant to receive UI benefits beginning with his or her first week of eligibility.

Unemployment insurance; benefit charging

This bill requires, for weeks beginning between March 15, 2020, and June 27, 2021, that the first week of regular benefits and all work-share benefits be charged to the general fund, unless those benefits are paid by the federal government. A work-share program is an arrangement whereby the working hours of all of the full-time employees in the program are, pursuant to a work-share plan, reduced in an equitable manner in lieu of a total layoff of some of the employees and a continuation of full-time employment by the other employees. The bill also requires, for weeks beginning between March 15, 2020, and July 26, 2020, the payment of an additional \$600 for the first week of regular benefits, unless such an amount is paid by the federal government for those weeks under the federal CARES Act.

Unemployment insurance; work-share programs

Current law allows an employer to create a work-share program within a work unit of the employer. Under a work-share program, the working hours of all of the full-time employees in the program are reduced in an equitable manner in lieu of a layoff of some of the employees and a continuation of full-time employment by the other employees. A claimant for UI benefits who is included in a work-share program

may receive UI benefits during his or her continued employment with the work-share employer in an amount equal to the claimant's benefit for total unemployment multiplied by the same percentage reduction in normal working hours that the claimant incurs under the program.

This bill suspends all of the following for work-share plans during a public health emergency declared for the entire state by the governor or during any period during which the federal government is paying for work-share benefits:

- 1. The requirement that the reduction in working hours under a work-share program must be at least 10 percent but not more than 50 percent of the normal hours per week of the employees included under the plan. The bill instead, during the declared emergency, increases the permissible reduction in working hours under a work-share program to be not more than 60 percent of the normal hours per week of the employees included under the plan or the highest permissible reduction allowed under federal law, whichever is greater.
- 2. The requirements that at least 10 percent of the employees in a work unit be included in a work-share plan and that the employer provide for initial coverage under the plan of at least 20 positions that are filled on the effective date of the work-share program. The bill instead, during the declared emergency, requires only that the work-share plan cover at least two positions that are filled on the effective date of the work-share program.

The bill also specifies that a work-share program shall be governed by the law that was in effect when the plan was approved, until the program ends as provided under current law.

WORKER'S COMPENSATION

Presumption that injury caused to certain employees during a public health emergency during a certain period is caused by employment

This bill provides that, for the purposes of worker's compensation, an injury caused to a critical worker, as determined by the secretary of health services, during any public health emergency declared during the period beginning on March 12, 2020, and ending on June 30, 2021, or on the date the 2021–23 biennial budget bill is enacted, whichever is later, is presumed to be caused by the individual's employment. The bill also provides that such claims for injury may not be used to set rates or rating plans for worker's compensation insurance.

OTHER EMPLOYMENT

Hazard pay during public health emergency

This bill requires the Department of Administration to award grants to employers and organizations to provide hazard pay to critical workers in vital public and private sectors and critical infrastructure during a declared public health emergency.

5.

ENVIRONMENT

PECFA program sunset

Under current law, the Department of Natural Resources administers a program, commonly known as PECFA (the Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund

Award), to reimburse owners of certain petroleum product storage tanks for a portion of the costs of cleaning up discharges from those tanks. Under current law, a person is not eligible for reimbursement unless the person submits a PECFA claim to DNR before July 1, 2020.

This bill changes the PECFA claim submission deadline to July 1, 2021.

6.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Notarial acts performed by notaries public

This bill allows a notary public, during a declared public health emergency, to perform notarizations involving estate planning documents for individuals not physically present before the notary public. The bill also advances the effective date of 2019 Wisconsin Act 125, which, in part, adopts the revised uniform law on notarial acts, if the bill takes effect before May 1, 2020.

Current law generally requires a person to physically appear before a notary public in order for the notary public to perform a notarial act, such as witnessing or attesting a signature on a document, administering an oath, or taking a declaration under oath that a statement is true. However, beginning on May 1, 2020, current law, as enacted in 2019 Wisconsin Act 125, allows a notary public, using technology, to notarize documents for persons not physically present with the notary public (remotely located individuals) if certain requirements are satisfied. This authority under Act 125 for a notary public to perform a notarial act for a remotely located individual does not extend to a transaction involving estate planning documents such as wills and trusts.

This bill allows a notary public, during a declared public health emergency, to perform for a remotely located individual a notarial act involving estate planning documents such as wills and trusts. The bill also provides an effective date for all provisions of Act 125 to the earlier of May 1, 2020, or the effective date of this bill.

Funding related to notaries public administration

This bill increases the limit on a program revenue appropriation of the Department of Financial Institutions for fiscal year 2020–21 to allow additional funding for administration of DFI's duties related to notaries public.

7.

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Reimbursement of health care providers for COVID-19 services

This bill requires the Department of Health Services to establish and implement a program to reimburse a health care provider for testing or treating any individual for COVID-19 during an outbreak of COVID-19 and vaccinating, if a vaccine is available, an individual against COVID-19 when the health care provider has incurred the cost because the individual does not have insurance or health coverage or the testing, treatment, or vaccination is not paid for by a publicly administered health program such as Medicare or the Medical Assistance program or another party or by reimbursement from a federal public health and social services emergency fund.

Medical Assistance program funding

This bill increases by \$94,425,000 in fiscal year 2019-20 the expenditure authority for the Medical Assistance program in the program's general purpose revenue appropriation to provide increased reimbursements to providers under the Medical Assistance program due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The bill provides an allocation for the moneys among fee-for-service institutional long-term care, fee-for-service personal care, managed long-term care, and home and community-based waiver services providers and hospitals. An increase in the state's share of expenditures under the Medical Assistance program draws a corresponding increase in the moneys the federal government provides to Wisconsin for the Medical Assistance program.

Child welfare, juvenile justice code, and child support changes

This bill allows, during the period covered by any public health emergency declared by the governor, all of the following:

- 1. For a child to be placed in a licensed public or private shelter care facility as a transitional placement in emergency situations for no more than 40 days instead of 20 days.
- 2. For a foster home to receive more than four children if the Department of Children and Families determines it is necessary.
- 3. For a group home to receive no more than ten children, instead of eight, if DCF determines it is necessary.
 - 4. For DCF to extend foster home licenses beyond two years.
- 5. For DCF to waive certain requirements for the continuation of a license for a child placing agency, child care center, group home, or shelter care facility.
 - 6. For a public licensing agency to license a foster home in another county.
- 7. For DCF to perform certain child welfare duties on behalf of a county, if requested by the county.
- 8. For DCF to waive the requirement under current law that requires a proposed adoptive parent to obtain at least six hours of training that is provided in person during a public health emergency.

Public health emergency programs and funding changes

The bill appropriates \$28,209,500 in general purpose revenue in fiscal year 2019–20 for all of the following:

- 1. Establishing three child care—related grant programs: a) a critical workforce child care grant program, to help pay child care costs of critical workforce members during a public health emergency; b) a grant program for child care hazard pay, to assist child care centers and child care providers in paying hazard pay to employees who work during a public health emergency; and c) a grant program for closure of child care centers or child care providers, which helps cover lost revenue for child care centers and child care providers that must close during a public health emergency.
- 2. Establishing a congregate care facility grant program to assist with the costs of addressing workforce shortages to keep facilities operational during a public health emergency.

3. Establishing programs for youth who are runaways, homeless, or in independent living arrangements.

The bill also reduces, in fiscal year 2019–20, an appropriation for state out-of-home care and adoption services by \$3,000,000 and an appropriation for services for sex trafficking victims by \$209,500.

Eligibility for services from a community action agency

Under current law, DCF must distribute grants to community action agencies to provide services, including employment, housing, financial, and emergency assistance services, to certain low-income individuals. Under this program, a community action agency may provide these services to individuals who are residents of the community where the community action agency is located and whose income is at or below 125 percent of the poverty line. This bill temporarily increases the income threshold for eligibility for services from a community action agency to 200 percent of the poverty line during the period covered by the public health emergency declared by the governor on March 12, 2020.

Coverage of vaccinations under SeniorCare

This bill requires DHS to include coverage of vaccinations through the SeniorCare program. Under current law, DHS administers the SeniorCare program, which provides assistance to the elderly in the purchase of prescription drugs. The program is operated under a waiver of federal Medicaid laws, but DHS is required to implement the program regardless of whether the waiver is received from the federal Department of Health and Human Services. This bill incorporates coverage of vaccinations through the SeniorCare program by modifying the definition of prescription drugs covered under the program to expressly include those vaccinations recommended for administration to adults by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices and approved by DHS.

Suspension of hospital bed moratorium during public health emergency

This bill suspends the hospital bed moratorium during a state of emergency related to public health and for 60 days following the expiration of the state of emergency. Under current law, DHS is prohibited from approving more than 22,516 hospital beds for occupancy in Wisconsin, effectively creating a moratorium on construction of additional hospital beds. The bill makes these limitations inapplicable during a public health emergency.

Emergency medical services providers with out-of-state credential during public health emergency

This bill exempts ambulance service providers, emergency medical services practitioners, and emergency medical responders that hold the applicable credential in another state from the requirement to hold a Wisconsin credential. Under current law, an ambulance service provider licensed in another state may make no more than 10 patient transports per year that originate and terminate within Wisconsin without holding a Wisconsin license. Current law also exempts an emergency medical services practitioner who is credentialed in another state and who is involved in 10 or fewer patient transports per year that originate and terminate

within Wisconsin and exempts an emergency medical responder who is certified in another state who provides emergency medical care to 10 or fewer patients per year within Wisconsin from the requirement to hold a Wisconsin credential. Under the bill, during a public health emergency, a provider, practitioner, or responder holding a credential from another state is not limited in amount of services provided without a Wisconsin credential.

Grants for meal delivery

The bill provides general purpose revenue for DOA to award grants to schools to provide or deliver meals, to publicly administered meal delivery programs, and to public-private partnerships between publicly administered meal delivery programs and privately operated, locally owned restaurants. Under the bill, meal delivery programs are those programs that provide or deliver meals to individuals based on financial need or to individuals in long-term care or congregate care settings.

Expanding WisCaregiver Careers Program

This bill provides general purpose revenue to expand the WisCaregiver Careers Program, which is designed to attract and retain nursing home caregivers.

Grants to local food banks

This bill provides general purpose revenue moneys for DHS to provide grants to local food banks.

8.

HIGHER EDUCATION

Relief from certain grant and scholarship restrictions

This bill requires the Higher Educational Aids Board, in considering restrictions related to certain grants and scholarships awarded by HEAB to college students, to exclude from consideration any semester that the student does not complete due to a public health emergency.

Under current law, HEAB administers various programs under which it awards grants and scholarships to college students, including all of the following: Wisconsin grants; talent incentive grants; academic excellence scholarships; minority undergraduate grants; Indian student assistance grants; and grants for students who are deaf or hard of hearing or visually impaired. Certain restrictions are imposed, by statute or rule, on these grants and scholarships, including the number of semesters or years for which the grant or scholarship may be awarded to the student, and a demonstration by the student of satisfactory progress or academic performance to continue receiving the grant or scholarship.

Under this bill, with respect to these grants and scholarships, if HEAB's executive secretary can do so in a manner that limits complexity and the burden on the student, the executive secretary must exclude any semester that the student does not complete due to a public health emergency for purposes of determining 1) any limit on the number of semesters or years for which the student may be awarded the grant or scholarship; and 2) any requirement related to the student's satisfactory progress, enrollment status, or academic performance.

HOUSING

Foreclosure prevention and down payment assistance fund

This bill creates a fund under the jurisdiction of the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority to be used to provide financial support to homeowners who have mortgages with WHEDA to prevent foreclosures of such mortgages and to fund or purchase down payment assistance loans. Under the bill, WHEDA may allow any such down payment assistance loan to be subordinated to a mortgage loan in the event that a WHEDA first-lien mortgage loan is refinanced with another lender. The bill appropriates \$8,000,000 to the fund.

Deadline for applying for heating assistance

Under current law, a household may apply for heating assistance under DOA's low-income energy assistance program after September 30 and before May 16 of any year. Under this bill, applications may be submitted at any time in calendar year 2020.

10.

INSURANCE

Grants for health insurance literacy and enrollment

This bill provides funding to the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance to provide grants to the organization known as Covering Wisconsin to assist individuals with health insurance literacy and enrollment.

Reinsurance payments for COVID-19 costs

This bill allows the commissioner of insurance to make reinsurance payments to health insurance carriers for costs the carriers incur related to COVID-19. Under current law, the Wisconsin Healthcare Stability Plan, or WISHP, pays health insurance carriers that request payment a reinsurance payment when an enrollee of the carrier has costs that exceed a certain threshold, known as the attachment point. This bill allows the commissioner to make a reinsurance payment regardless whether or not the costs related to COVID-19 for an enrolled individual exceed the attachment point. To receive a reinsurance payment under the bill's provisions, the carrier must seek reinsurance from all other sources, including any federal funds or programs, before requesting reinsurance under this subsection and may not accept reinsurance payment from WISHP if the costs for which reinsurance is requested have been paid by another source.

11.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

County debt issuance

This bill authorizes a county to issue debt to replace revenue lost due to a disaster or public health emergency declared by the governor or by the county board itself. The county board must adopt a resolution stating that the debt is issued for such a purpose, must specify the amount of revenue lost or expected to be lost, and must send a certified copy of the resolution to DOA. DOA must determine, based on the resolution and any other available information, the appropriate amount of debt

that the county may issue. The county may not issue debt in an amount that exceeds the amount specified by DOA. The debt may not be issued for a term that exceeds ten years. The bill also requires DOA to promulgate any rules it believes are necessary to administer such debt.

Termination of municipal utility service to a rental unit

Under current law, if a municipal utility uses certain arrearage collection procedures that may involve levying a special charge and establishment of a lien against the property to which service was provided, an owner of a rental unit may request that the municipal utility terminate electric service to the rental dwelling unit if the tenant's utility charges are past due and certain notices have been provided. Upon such a request, the municipal utility must terminate service to the rental unit unless all past-due charges are paid.

Under this bill, the municipal utility may not terminate service to such a rental unit during a state of emergency for the portion of the state in which the dwelling unit is located if the governor issues an order prohibiting the termination of service.

12.

SAFETY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Professional licensing emergency project positions

This bill creates 21 project positions, for a period ending on June 30, 2021, in the Department of Safety and Professional Services. The duties of the positions are to investigate complaints regarding persons who hold certain credentials or who practice certain activities without a required credential, process the review of professional discipline history and criminal background checks for applicants for certain credentials, and assist in processing anticipated increases in credentialing requests. The bill requires that 21 limited-term incumbent employees who currently perform the duties of the proposed project positions at DSPS be transferred to the new project positions.

13.

STATE GOVERNMENT

Orders affecting disconnections and refusals by utility cooperatives and propane retailers

This bill authorizes the governor, during a state of emergency, to issue the following types of orders: 1) orders that affect the authority of utility cooperative associations to disconnect or refuse to reconnect service; and 2) orders that affect the authority of propane retailers to refuse to fill a customer's container or maintain a minimum level of product for a customer. An order issued under the bill, however, may not affect the authority of a utility cooperative association to disconnect or refuse to reconnect service for safety reasons or a propane retailer's authority to refuse to fill or maintain a minimum level of product in a customer's container for safety reasons. The bill requires the governor to keep records of the expenses to utility cooperative associations and propane retailers associated with an order issued under the bill. Under the bill, these records are evidence of a claim against the state, and a claim against the state related to an order under the bill must be submitted to the Claims Board.

Broadband expansion grant program

This bill appropriates \$20,000,000 in general purpose revenue, in addition to the appropriations under current law, for the broadband expansion grant program administered by the Public Service Commission.

Authorized state building program interruptions

Under this bill, the Building Commission may authorize up to \$100,000,000 in general fund supported borrowing in fiscal year 2019–20 for expenditures to cover increased capital costs incurred due to interruptions of work under the authorized state building program as a result of the public health emergency declared by the governor on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72.

Priority of use of federal funds

This bill requires that, to the greatest extent possible, the secretary of administration must ensure that federal funds made available to address the COVID-19 public health emergency in Wisconsin are used for the purposes of this bill prior to the use of general purpose revenue appropriated for those purposes under the bill.

Suspension of certain approval requirements for the expenditure of federal funds

Current law requires the approval of the Joint Committee on Finance prior to the expenditure of certain federal funds. This bill suspends any such requirement for the expenditure of federal funds made available during the COVID-19 public health emergency for the purpose of addressing that public health emergency.

14.

TAXATION

INCOME TAXATION

Earned income tax credit increase

Under this bill, for taxable year 2020, an individual who is eligible to claim the federal earned income tax credit may claim as a credit against Wisconsin taxes due 11 percent of the amount that the claimant may claim under the federal credit if the claimant has one qualifying child with the same principal place of abode and 14 percent if the claimant has two such qualifying children. Currently, an individual may claim 4 percent of the federal credit for Wisconsin purposes if the claimant has one qualifying child with the same principal place of abode and 11 percent if the claimant has two such qualifying children. If the claimant has three or more such qualifying children, the current law percentage of 34 percent does not change. The credit is refundable, which means that, if the amount of credit due the claimant exceeds his or her tax liability, the difference is refunded to the claimant by check. The bill funds this increase by increasing the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families earned income tax credit supplement by \$17,000,000 in fiscal year 2020-21.

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PROPERTY TAXATION

Local ordinances authorizing property tax installment payments

Under this bill, a local government may enact an ordinance at any time during calendar year 2020 to authorize the payment of real property taxes and special assessments in three or more installments for those taxes and special assessments due in 2020. Under current law, such an ordinance must be enacted no later than August 15 of the prior year. The bill also removes, for calendar year 2020, the requirement that an ordinance authorizing the installment payments provide that at least 50 percent of the total amount due be paid on or before April 30.

Waiver of interest and penalties for delinquent property taxes

Under this bill, local governments may waive interest and penalties after March 31, 2020, on any delinquent real property taxes, personal property taxes, special charges, special assessments, and special taxes that are due in 2020.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 16.23 of the statutes is created to read:

16.23 Meal delivery grants. (1) In this section, "meal delivery program" means a program that provides or delivers meals to individuals based on financial need or to individuals in long-term care or congregate care settings.

(2) The department may award grants to schools to provide or deliver meals, to publicly administered meal delivery programs, and to public-private partnerships between publicly administered meal delivery programs and privately operated, locally owned restaurants. The department may establish eligibility criteria and guidelines for the grants under this subsection which, notwithstanding ss. 227.01 (3m) and (13), 227.10, and 227.112, need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227, are not guidance documents, and are not subject to the requirements of s. 227.112.

Section 2. 16.24 of the statutes is created to read:

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16.24	Hazard pay	grants	during	a public	health	emergency.	(1)
DEFINITIONS.	In this section	ι:					

- (a) "Critical workforce member" means an employee, contractor, or other individual working in a vital public or private sector or in critical infrastructure, as determined by the secretary under sub. (2) (b).
- (b) "Public health emergency" means a public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10.
- (2) HAZARD PAY GRANTS FOR WORK DURING A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) From the appropriation under s. 20.505 (1) (mb), the department shall award grants to employers and organizations to provide hazard pay to critical workforce members who work during a public health emergency. The department may establish eligibility criteria and guidelines, including proration of pay, for administering the grants under this section, which, notwithstanding ss. 227.01 (3m) and (13), 227.10, and 227.112, need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227, are not guidance documents, and are not subject to the requirements of s. 227.112.
- (b) The secretary shall determine which are vital public and private sectors, critical infrastructure, and critical workforce members during a public health emergency.
- **SECTION 3.** 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert the following amounts for the purposes indicated:

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					2019-20	2020-21
1	20.145	Insurance, office of the com	nissione	er of		
2	(5) V	Visconsin Healthcare Stability F	PLAN			
3	(c)	Reinsurance plan; COVID-19				
4		costs	GPR	A	-0-	30,000,000
5	20.155	Public service commission.				
6	(3) A	AFFILIATED GRANT PROGRAMS				
7	(a)	Broadband expansion grants;				
8		general purpose revenue	GPR	В	-0-	20,000,000
9	20.192	Wisconsin Economic Developr	nent			
10		Corporation				
11	(1) F	ROMOTION OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMI	ENT			
12	(c)	Emergency assistance to small				
13		businesses	GPR	\mathbf{C}	125,000,000	-0-
14	20.410	Corrections, department of				
15	(1) A	ADULT CORRECTIONAL SERVICES				
16	(am)	Institutional costs related to a				
17		public health emergency	GPR	В	8,726,500	-0-

1	20.435 Hea	lth services, department	t of			
2	(1) Public	HEALTH SERVICES PLANNING,	REGULATI	ON,		
3	AND DE	LIVERY				
4	(bw) Reim	oursement for COVID-19				
5	servi	es	GPR	В	5,000,000	5,000,000
6	20.437 Chi	dren and families, depa	rtment o	of		
7	(3) Gener	AL ADMINISTRATION				
8	(f) Publi	c health emergency funds	GPR	В	28,209,500	-0-
9	20.490 Wis	consin Housing and Eco	nomic			
10	Dev	elopment Authority				
11	(3) Номес	WNERSHIP MORTGAGE ASSISTA	NCE			
12	(b) Forec	losure prevention and				
13	down	payment assistance fund	GPR	\mathbf{C}	8,000,000	-0-
14	20.505 Adn	ninistration, department	of			
15	(1) SUPERV	ISION AND MANAGEMENT				
16	(fv) Meal	delivery grants	GPR	A	10,000,000	-0-
L7	SECTION	v 4. 20.145 (5) (c) of the sta	itutes is c	reated	l to read:	
18	20.145	5) (c) Reinsurance plan; CO	OVID-19 d	costs.	Γhe amounts in	the schedule
19	for reinsurar	ce payments under s. 601.8	83 (7).			
20	SECTION	5. 20.155 (3) (a) of the sta	atutes is o	created	d to read:	
21	20.155	(3) (a) Broadband expe	ansion g	rants;	general purpo	ose revenue.
22	Biennially, t	ne amounts in the schedule	e for broa	dband	expansion gra	nts under s.
23	196.504.					

SECTION 6

1	Section 6. 20.192 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
2	20.192 (1) (c) Emergency assistance to small businesses. As a continuing
3	appropriation, the amounts in the schedule for grants and loans to small businesses
4	adversely affected by a public health emergency, and for associated administrative
5	costs and technical assistance, under 2019 Wisconsin Act (this act), section 73
6	(10).
7	Section 7. 20.192 (1) (c) of the statutes, as created by 2019 Wisconsin Act
8	(this act), is repealed.
9	Section 8. 20.410 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
10	20.410 (1) (am) Institutional costs related to a public health emergency.
11	Biennially, the amounts in the schedule for institutional costs related to responding
12	to a public health emergency under s. 323.10.
13	Section 9. 20.435 (1) (bw) of the statutes is created to read:
14	20.435 (1) (bw) Reimbursement for COVID-19 services. Biennially, the
15	amounts in the schedule to pay reimbursements to health care providers for testing,
16	treatment, and vaccination under s. 46.968.
17	Section 10. 20.437 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
18	20.437 (3) (f) Public health emergency funds. Biennially, the amounts in the
19	schedule for the purpose of the grant programs under s. 49.259, and programs for
20	youth who are runaways, homeless, or in independent living arrangements.
21	Section 11. 20.445 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
22	20.445 (1) (ag) Unemployment insurance; benefit claims during public health
23	emergency. A sum sufficient for the payment of benefits under s. 108.07 (8).

Section 12. 20.490 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

20.490 (3) (b) Foreclosure prevention and down payment assistance fund. As
a continuing appropriation, the amounts in the schedule for a foreclosure prevention
and down payment assistance fund in accordance with s. 234.535.
Section 13. 20.505 (1) (fv) of the statutes is created to read:
20.505 (1) (fv) Meal delivery grants. The amounts in the schedule to award
grants for providing and delivering meals under s. 16.23. Notwithstanding ss.
20.001 (3) (a) and 20.002 (1), the department may transfer moneys appropriated
under this paragraph between fiscal years.
Section 14. 20.866 (2) (z) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2019 Wisconsin
Act 9, is amended to read:
20.866 (2) (z) Building commission; other public purposes. (intro.) From the
capital improvement fund, a sum sufficient to the building commission for relocation
assistance and capital improvements for other public purposes authorized by law but
not otherwise specified in this chapter. The state may contract public debt in an
amount not to exceed \$2,677,933,400 for this purpose. The state may contract
additional public debt in an amount up to \$277,485,800 \$377,485,800 for this
purpose. Of those amounts:
Section 15. 39.30 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
39.30 (2) (a) No Subject to s. 39.55 (2), no student shall be eligible for grants
in more than the equivalent of 10 semesters of undergraduate education.
Section 16. 39.38 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
39.38 (2) Grants under this section shall be based on financial need, as
determined by the board. The maximum grant shall not exceed \$2,200 per year, of
which not more than $1,100$ may be from the appropriation under s. 20.235 (1) (k).
State aid from this appropriation may be matched by a contribution from a federally

recognized American Indian tribe or band that is deposited in the general fund and credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.235 (1) (gm). Grants shall be awarded to students for full-time or part-time attendance at any accredited institution of higher education in this state. The board may not make a grant under this section to a student whose name appears on the statewide support lien docket under s. 49.854 (2) (b), unless the student provides to the board a payment agreement that has been approved by the county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) and that is consistent with rules promulgated under s. 49.858 (2) (a). Grants Subject to s. 39.55 (2), grants shall be renewable for up to 5 years if a recipient remains in good academic standing at the institution that he or she is attending.

Section 17. 39.41 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

39.41 (2) (b) For Subject to s. 39.55 (2), for each year that a scholar who receives a scholarship under par. (a) is enrolled full time, maintains at least a 3.000 grade point average, or the equivalent as determined by the institution or district school, and makes satisfactory progress toward an associate degree, a bachelor's degree, or a vocational diploma, the student shall be exempt from all tuition and fees, including segregated fees, in the subsequent year or, if the scholar does not enroll in a participating institution of higher education in the subsequent year, in the 2nd year following the year in which the scholar received the scholarship, except that the maximum scholarship for a scholar who receives an original scholarship for the 1996–97 academic year or for any academic year thereafter may not exceed \$2,250 per academic year. No Subject to s. 39.55 (2), no scholar is eligible for an exemption for more than 4 years in the University of Wisconsin System or more than 3 years at a district school.

Section 18. 39.41 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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39.41 (3) (b) For Subject to s. 39.55 (2), for each year that a scholar who receives a scholarship under par. (a) is enrolled full time, maintains at least a 3.000 grade point average, or the equivalent as determined by the private institution, and makes satisfactory progress toward a bachelor's degree, the student is eligible for a higher education scholarship as determined under par. (a) in the subsequent year or, if the scholar does not enroll in a participating institution of higher education in the subsequent year, in the 2nd year following the year in which the scholar received the scholarship. No Subject to s. 39.55 (2), no scholar is eligible for a higher education scholarship for more than 4 years at a private institution of higher education.

Section 19. 39.435 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

39.435 (2) The board shall award talent incentive grants to uniquely needy students enrolled at least half-time as first-time freshmen at public and private nonprofit institutions of higher education located in this state and to sophomores, juniors, and seniors who received such grants as freshmen. No grant under this subsection may exceed \$1,800 for any academic year. The Subject to s. 39.55 (2), the board may award a grant under this subsection to the same student for up to 10 semesters or their equivalent, but may not award such a grant to the same student more than 6 years after the initial grant is awarded to that student. A student need not maintain continuous enrollment at an institution of higher education to remain eligible for a grant under this subsection. The board shall promulgate rules establishing eligibility criteria for grants under this subsection.

Section 20. 39.55 of the statutes is created to read:

39.55 Relief from certain grant and scholarship restrictions due to a qualifying emergency. (1) In this section:

(a) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.

1	(b) "Qualifying emergency" means a public health emergency declared under
2	s. 323.10.
3	(c) "Semester" includes any equivalent academic term or session.
4	(2) (a) Subject to par. (b), for any grant or scholarship awarded under s. 39.30,
5	39.38, 39.41, 39.435, or 39.44, the executive secretary shall exclude any semester
6	that the student awarded the grant or scholarship does not complete due to a
7	qualifying emergency for purposes of determining any of the following:
8	1. Any limit on the number of semesters or years for which the student may be
9	awarded the grant or scholarship, as established under this subchapter or rule
10	promulgated by the board.
11	2. Any requirement related to the student's satisfactory progress, enrollment
12	status, or academic performance, as established under this subchapter or rule
13	promulgated by the board.
14	(b) The executive secretary shall take the measures specified in par. (a) if the
15	executive secretary is able to do so in a manner that limits complexity and the burden
16	on the student.
17	Section 21. 46.968 of the statutes is created to read:
18	46.968 Reimbursements for COVID-19 services. (1) Definitions. In this
19	section:
20	(a) "COVID-19" means an infection caused by the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus.
21	(b) "Health care provider" has the meaning given in s. 146.81 (1).
22	(2) Reimbursements. The department shall establish and implement a
23	program, including the process and criteria, to reimburse a health care provider for
24	testing or treating any individual for COVID-19 during an outbreak of COVID-19

or for vaccinating, if a vaccine is available, an individual against ${\hbox{\footnotesize COVID-19}}$ when

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- the health care provider has incurred the cost because the individual does not have insurance or health coverage or the testing, treatment, or vaccination is not paid for by a publicly administered health program such as Medicare or the Medical Assistance program or another party. The department may not pay a reimbursement to a health care provider under the program established under this subsection unless all of the following have been satisfied:
- (a) A determination has been made whether the individual for whom the health care provider seeks reimbursement for testing, treatment, or vaccination is eligible for the Medical Assistance program under subch. IV of ch. 49.
- (b) All other sources of reimbursement for the testing, treatment, or vaccination, including any reimbursement of the health care provider from a public health and social services emergency fund administered by the federal government, have been exhausted.
 - **Section 22.** 48.026 of the statutes is created to read:
- **48.026 Public health emergency.** During a public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10, including any extension, all of the following apply:
- (1) Notwithstanding ss. 48.217 (2), 48.357 (2) (c), and 48.437 (2), in emergency situations, a child may be placed in a licensed public or private shelter care facility as a transitional placement for not more than 40 days.
- (2) The department may waive the preadoption training requirement under s. 48.84 (2g) (a).
- (3) Notwithstanding s. 48.62 (1) or rules promulgated by the department under that section, a licensed foster care may receive more than 4 children if the department determines it is necessary.

1	(4) Notwithstanding ss. 48.02 (7), 48.625 (1), and 938.02 (7), the maximum
2	number of children that a person with a license to operate a group home may receive
3	is 10 if the department determines it is necessary.
4	(5) Notwithstanding s. 48.66 (5), the department may waive the requirement
5	under that section to submit an application for continuance of a license 30 days before
6	its expiration date and to submit payment of the applicable fees referred to in ss.
7	48.68 (1), 48.685 (8), and 48.686 (2) (ag).
8	(6) Notwithstanding s. 48.75 (1d), a foster home license issued under that
9	subsection that expires during a public health emergency may be extended beyond
10	2 years from the date of issuance.
11	(7) Notwithstanding s. 48.75 (1g) (a), a public licensing agency may license a
12	foster home in another county.
13	(8) Notwithstanding ss. 48.06 (2) (a) and 48.981 (3) (cr), upon request and on
14	behalf of the county department in a county with a population of less than 750,000,
15	the department may provide intake services required by s. 48.067 and any duty of
16	the county under s. 48.981.
17	SECTION 23. 49.175 (1) (zh) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	49.175 (1) (zh) Earned income tax credit supplement. For the transfer of
19	moneys from the appropriation account under s. 20.437 (2) (md) to the appropriation
20	account under s. 20.835 (2) (kf) for the earned income tax credit, \$69,700,000 in each
21	fiscal year <u>2019-20</u> and <u>\$86,700,000</u> in fiscal year <u>2020-21</u> .
22	Section 24. 49.259 of the statutes is created to read:
23	49.259 Public health emergency grant programs. (1) Definition. In this
24	section, "public health emergency" means a state of emergency related to public

health declared by the governor under s. 323.10.

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- (2) Grant programs. (a) Critical workforce child care grant program. 1. In this paragraph:
- a. "Critical workforce member" means an employee, contractor, or other staff person working in a vital sector, including health care; child welfare; long-term care; residential care; pharmacy; child care; government operations; critical infrastructure, such as sanitation, transportation, utilities, telecommunications, grocery, and food services; supply chain operations; and other sectors as determined by the department.
- b. "First responder" means an employee of or volunteer for an agency that provides fire fighting, law enforcement, medical, or other emergency services.
- 2. The department shall make grants available to entities that employ, contract with, or have as volunteers critical workforce members to help pay for or reimburse eligible child care costs. Eligible child care costs are those child care costs that are due to the public health issue that is the basis of a public health emergency and that are incurred during that public health emergency. Eligible child care costs include the cost to establish a temporary facility to provide care and supervision for children of critical workforce members or the cost to pay for a slot in an existing facility that provides care and supervision of children. The department shall prioritize grants that assist health care workers and first responders and may award grants that assist other critical workforce members at its discretion.
- 3. The department shall make grants available to child care providers certified under s. 48.651 and child care centers licensed under s. 48.65, provisionally licensed under s. 48.69, or established or contracted for under s. 120.13 (14) to pay for providing care and supervision for children of critical workforce members during a public health emergency. The department shall prioritize grants that assist health

- care workers and first responders and may award grants that assist other critical workforce members at its discretion.
- (b) Grant program for child care hazard pay. The department shall make monthly grants available to child care providers certified under s. 48.651 and child care centers licensed under s. 48.65, provisionally licensed under s. 48.69, or established or contracted for under s. 120.13 (14) to pay for providing hazard pay to employees who work during a public health emergency. Whether or not a child care center or child care provider provides child care services to individuals who are eligible for subsidies under s. 49.155 does not affect eligibility for grants under this paragraph.
- (c) Grant program for closure of child care centers or providers. During a public health emergency, the department shall make monthly grants available to child care providers certified under s. 48.651 and child care centers licensed under s. 48.65, provisionally licensed under s. 48.69, or established or contracted for under s. 120.13 (14) that cease operating because of a public health issue that is the basis of the public health emergency. Grants under this paragraph may be made only to cover costs of lost revenue from child care services that would otherwise have been provided to individuals who are not eligible for child care subsidies under s. 49.155 and only if those individuals are not charged for child care services while the child care provider or child care center is closed during the public health emergency.
- (d) Congregate care facility grant program. The department shall make grants available to congregate care facilities, as defined under s. 48.685 (1) (ao), for the costs of addressing workforce shortages and other needs to keep facilities operational during a public health emergency.

(3) PR	OGRAM CRITE	RIA AND GUIDE	LINES. The	department	may	establish
eligibility crit	teria and gui	delines for adı	ministering tl	he programs	under	sub. (2),
which, notwit	hstanding ss	227.01 (3m) a	and (13), 227.	10, and 227.1	12, ne	ed not be
promulgated	as rules unde	ch. 227, are n	ot guidance do	ocuments, and	l are n	ot subject
to the require	ements of s. 22	27.112.				

SECTION 25. 49.688 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 49.688 (1) (c) (intro.) and amended to read:

49.688 (1) (c) (intro.) "Prescription drug" means -a any of the following:

1. A prescription drug, as defined in s. 450.01 (20), that is included in the drugs specified under s. 49.46 (2) (b) 6. h. and that is manufactured by a drug manufacturer that enters into a rebate agreement in force under sub. (6).

SECTION 26. 49.688 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

49.688 (1) (c) 2. A vaccination recommended for administration to adults by the federal centers for disease control and prevention's advisory committee on immunization practices and approved for administration to adults by the department.

SECTION 27. 66.0809 (5) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0809 (5) (bm) No earlier than 14 days after receiving a notice under par. (b) of a tenant's past-due charges for electric service, the owner of a rental dwelling unit may request that the municipal public utility terminate electric service to the rental dwelling unit. Except as provided under rules of the public service commission relating to disconnection of service and subject to the procedural requirements under those rules, unless all past-due charges are paid or a state of emergency under s. 323.10 is in effect for the portion of the state in which the rental dwelling unit is located and the governor issues an order prohibiting the disconnection of service

under this paragraph, the municipal utility shall terminate electric service to the
rental dwelling unit upon receipt of a request under this paragraph. This paragraph
does not apply if a municipal public utility does not use the procedures under sub.
(3) to collect the past-due charges.

Section 28. 67.04 (5) (b) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

67.04 **(5)** (b) 5. To replace revenue lost due to a disaster or public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10 or by the county board under s. 323.11.

Section 29. 67.045 (1) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

67.045 (1) (i) The county board adopts a resolution stating that the debt is issued to replace revenue lost due to a disaster or public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10 or by the county board under s. 323.11. The resolution shall specify the amount of revenue lost, or expected to be lost, due to effects related to the disaster or public health emergency, and a certified copy of the resolution shall be sent to the department of administration. The county may not issue the debt in an amount that exceeds the amount specified by the department of administration under sub. (2) (c), and the debt may not be for a term that exceeds 10 years.

Section 30. 67.045 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

67.045 (2) (c) 1. Following receipt of a certified resolution under sub. (1) (i), the department of administration shall determine, based on the resolution and all other available information, the appropriate amount of bonding that a county may issue pursuant to sub. (1) (i). The department shall notify the county of its determination as soon as practicable.

1	2. The department of administration shall promulgate any administrative
2	rules it believes are necessary to administer this paragraph.
3	Section 31. 71.07 (9e) (aj) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	71.07 (9e) (aj) 1. If the person has one qualifying child who has the same
5	principal place of abode as the person, 4 percent, except that for taxable years
6	beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, the percentage shall
7	be 11 percent.
8	SECTION 32. 71.07 (9e) (aj) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	71.07 (9e) (aj) 2. If the person has 2 qualifying children who have the same
10	principal place of abode as the person, 11 percent, except that for taxable years
11	beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, the percentage shall
12	be 14 percent.
13	Section 33. 71.82 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	71.82 (1) (c) Any Except as provided in par. (d) and sub. (2) (c), any assessment
15	made as a result of the adjustment or disallowance of a claim for credit under s. 71.07,
16	71.28 or 71.47 or subch. VIII or IX , except as provided in sub. (2) (c), shall bear
17	interest at 12 percent per year from the due date of the claim.
18	Section 34. 71.82 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
19	71.82 (1) (d) Any assessment made as a result of a revocation of a tax credit by
20	the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation shall bear interest at 12 percent
21	per year from the date of revocation. This paragraph applies only if the revocation
22	occurs during the period that begins on the date a state of emergency is declared
23	under s. 323.10 and ends on the date that is 90 days after the state of emergency,
24	including any extension under s. 323.10, terminates.

SECTION 35. 74.11 (11) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

74.11 (11) (c) A governing body of a taxation district may waive any interest
or penalty that would otherwise be charged after March 31, 2020, on any delinquent
real property taxes, personal property taxes, special charges, special assessments,
and special taxes that are due in calendar year 2020.
SECTION 36. 74.12 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
74.12 (1) (a) The governing body of any taxation district, except a taxation
district under s. 74.87, may, by ordinance, authorize the payment of taxes on real
property and improvements on leased land or special assessments or both those
taxes and assessments in 3 or more installments. An Except as provided under par.
(c), an ordinance enacted under this paragraph, or any repeal of, or amendment to,
such an ordinance applies to the collections of a calendar year only if it is enacted on
or before August 15 of the preceding calendar year.
SECTION 37. 74.12 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
74.12 (1) (c) An ordinance under par. (a) may be enacted at any time during
calendar year 2020 for the payment of taxes on real property and improvements on
leased land or special assessments, or both, for taxes and special assessments that
are due in calendar year 2020.
SECTION 38. 74.12 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
74.12 (2) (b) The first installment shall be paid on or before January 31 and,
except during calendar year 2020, at least 50 percent of the obligation to which the
installment option pertains shall be paid on or before April 30.
Section 39. 74.12 (10) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
74.12 (10) (c) A governing body of a taxation district may waive any interest

or penalty that would otherwise be charged after March 31, 2020, on any delinquent

1	real property taxes, personal property taxes, special charges, special assessments,
2	and special taxes that are due in calendar year 2020.
3	SECTION 40. 74.47 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	74.47 (1) Interest. The interest rate on delinquent general property taxes,
5	special charges, special assessments, and special taxes included in the tax roll for
6	collection is one percent per month or fraction of a month, except that a governing
7	body of a taxation district may waive any interest that would otherwise be charged
8	after March 31, 2020, on delinquent general property taxes, special charges, special
9	assessments, and special taxes that are due in calendar year 2020.
10	Section 41. 74.47 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
11	74.47 (2) (c) Notwithstanding pars. (a) and (b), a governing body of a taxation
12	district may waive any penalty that would otherwise be imposed after March 31,
13	2020, on delinquent general property taxes, special charges, special assessments,
14	and special taxes that are due in calendar year 2020.
15	Section 42. 74.49 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	74.49 (2) (a) 2. Times a decimal which reflects the applicable percentage, if a
17	penalty under s. 74.47 (2) applies-; or
18	Section 43. 74.49 (2) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
19	74.49 (2) (a) 3. Times no decimal if no penalty or interest applies.
20	Section 44. 102.03 (1) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
21	102.03 (1) (h) 1. In this paragraph, "critical worker" means an employee whose
22	position is determined by the secretary of health services to be critical during a public
23	health emergency declared under s. 323.10.
24	2. Where an injury to a critical worker is found to be caused during any public
25	health emergency declared under s. 323.10, including any extension, during the

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(3m).

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1	period beginning on March 12, 2020, and ending on June 30, 2021, or on the date the
2	2021-23 biennial budget bill is enacted, whichever is later.
3	Section 45. 102.565 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
4	102.565 (6) This section does not apply to an employee whose claim of injury
5	is presumed to be caused by employment under s. $102.03\ (1)\ (h)$.
6	Section 46. 108.02 (26m) of the statutes is repealed.
7	SECTION 47. 108.04 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
8	Section 48. 108.04 (11) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	108.04 (11) (bm) The department shall apply any ineligibility under par. (be)
10	against benefits and weeks of eligibility for which the claimant would otherwise be
11	eligible after the week of concealment and within 6 years after the date of an initial
12	determination issued under s. 108.09 finding that a concealment occurred. The
13	claimant shall not receive waiting period credit under s. 108.04 (3) for the period of
14	ineligibility applied under par. (be). If no benefit rate applies to the week for which
15	the claim is made, the department shall use the claimant's benefit rate for the
16	claimant's next benefit year beginning after the week of concealment to determine
17	the amount of the benefit reduction.
18	Section 49. 108.062 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	108.062 (3) APPROVAL OF PLANS. The department shall approve a plan if the plan
20	includes all of the elements specified in sub. (2) or (20), whichever is applicable. The
21	approval is effective for the effective period of the plan unless modified under sub.

Section 50. 108.062 (3r) of the statutes is created to read:

108.062 (3r) APPLICABILITY OF LAWS. A work-share program shall be governed
by the law that was in effect when the plan or modification was last approved under
sub. (3) or (3m), until the program ends as provided in sub. (4).

Section 51. 108.062 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:

108.062 (15) Involuntary termination. If in any week there are fewer than 20 employees who are included in a work-share program of any employer, the program terminates on the 2nd Sunday following the end of that week. This subsection does not apply to a work-share program to which sub. (20) applies.

Section 52. 108.062 (20) of the statutes is created to read:

108.062 (20) Suspensions of Certain Provisions during Public Health Emergencies. Notwithstanding sub. (2), this subsection, and not sub. (2), applies during any period covered by a public health emergency declared for the entire state under s. 323.10, including any extension, and applies during any period during which the federal government pays the benefits under this section. During any such period, prior to implementing a work-share program, an employer shall submit a work-share plan for the approval of the department. In its submittal, the employer shall certify that its plan is in compliance with all requirements under this section. Each plan shall:

- (a) Specify the work unit in which the plan will be implemented, the affected positions, and the names of the employees filling those positions on the date of submittal.
- (b) Provide for initial coverage under the plan of at least 2 positions that are filled on the effective date of the work-share program.
- (c) Specify the period or periods when the plan will be in effect, which may not exceed a total of 6 months in any 5-year period within the same work unit.

(d)	Provide for	$apportion \\ ment$	of reduced	working	hours	equitably	among
employee	es in the worl	x-share progran	n.				

- (e) Exclude participation by employees who are employed on a seasonal, temporary, or intermittent basis.
- (f) Apply only to employees who have been engaged in employment with the employer for a period of at least 3 months on the effective date of the work-share program and who are regularly employed by the employer in that employment.
- (g) Specify the normal average hours per week worked by each employee in the work unit and the percentage reduction in the average hours of work per week worked by that employee, exclusive of overtime hours, which shall be applied in a uniform manner and which shall be at least 10 percent of the normal hours per week of that employee but not more than whichever of the following is greater:
 - 1. Sixty percent of the normal hours per week of that employee.
- 2. The maximum percent reduction of the normal hours per week of that employee that is permissible under federal law.
- (h) Describe the manner in which requirements for maximum federal financial participation in the plan will be implemented, including a plan for giving notice, where feasible, to participating employees of changes in work schedules.
- (i) Provide an estimate of the number of layoffs that would occur without implementation of the plan.
- (j) Specify the effect on any fringe benefits provided by the employer to the employees who are included in the work-share program other than fringe benefits required by law.
- (k) Include a statement affirming that the plan is in compliance with all employer obligations under applicable federal and state laws.

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1	(L) Indicate whether the plan includes employer-sponsored training to
2	enhance job skills and acknowledge that the employees may participate in training
3	funded under the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, $29~\mathrm{USC}~3101$
4	to 3361, or another federal law that enhances job skills without affecting availability
5	for work, subject to department approval.
6	Section 53. 108.07 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
7	108.07 (8) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and except
8	as provided in par. (b), all of the following shall be paid from the appropriation under
9	s. 20.445 (1) (ag):
10	1. The first week of benefits for a claimant's benefit year.
11	2. For the first week of a claimant's benefit year, an additional payment of \$600.
12	3. Benefits under s. 108.062.
13	(b) 1. a. Paragraph (a) 1. applies with respect to benefit years established in
14	weeks beginning with the week of March 15, 2020, and ending with the week of June
15	27, 2021, or the last week that the public health emergency declared on March 12,
16	2020, by executive order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10, is in effect,
17	whichever is later.
18	b. Notwithstanding subd. 1. a., par. (a) 1. does not apply with respect to any
19	week for which benefits are paid by the federal government under section 2105 of P.L.
20	116-136 or under any other federal enactment.
21	2. a. Paragraph (a) 2. applies with respect to benefit years established in weeks
22	beginning with the week of March 15, 2020, and ending with the week of July 26,

125, is amended to read:

1	b. Notwithstanding subd. 2. a., par. (a) 2. does not apply with respect to any
2	week for which amounts are paid by the federal government under section 2104 of
3	P.L. 116-136.
4	3. a. Paragraph (a) 3. applies with respect to benefits for weeks beginning with
5	the week of March 15, 2020, and ending with the week of June 27, 2021, or the last
6	week that the public health emergency declared on March 12, 2020, by executive
7	order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10, is in effect, whichever is later.
8	b. Notwithstanding subd. 3. a., par. (a) 3. does not apply with respect to any
9	week for which benefits are paid by the federal government under section 2108 of P.L.
10	116-136.
11	4. Paragraph (a) does not apply with respect to the portion of any benefits paid
12	by the federal government under section 2103 of P.L. 116-136.
13	5. In the case of a claim for regular benefits that is a combined-wage claim, as
14	defined in s. 108.04 (13) (g) 1. a., par. (a) 1., 2., and 3. applies only with respect to this
15	state's share of benefits.
16	6. Paragraph (a) 1., 2., and 3. does not apply to benefits chargeable as provided
17	in sub. (7).
18	Section 54. 140.145 (10) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2019 Wisconsin Act
19	125, is amended to read:
20	140.145 (10) (a) Any law governing the creation and execution of wills, codicils,
21	or testamentary trusts, except that this section applies to a transaction governed as
22	described in this paragraph during a public health emergency declared under s.
23	<u>323.10</u> .
24	Section 55. 140.145 (10) (b) of the statutes, as created by 2019 Wisconsin Act

140.145 (10) (b) Any law governing the creation and execution of living trusts
or trust amendments for personal use, not including a transaction, as defined in s.
137.11 (15), except that this section applies to a transaction governed as described
in this paragraph during a public health emergency declared under s. 323.10.

Section 56. 150.93 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

150.93 **(6)** This section does not apply during a state of emergency related to public health declared under s. 323.10 and for the 60 days after the date the state of emergency related to public health expires.

Section 57. 196.504 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.504 (2) (a) To make broadband expansion grants to eligible applicants for the purpose of constructing broadband infrastructure in underserved areas designated under par. (d). Grants awarded under this section shall be paid from the appropriations under s. 20.155 (3) (a), (r), and (rm).

Section 58. 234.535 of the statutes is created to read:

234.535 Foreclosure prevention and down payment assistance fund.

There is established under the jurisdiction of the authority a foreclosure prevention and down payment assistance fund. There shall be paid into the fund the amounts appropriated under s. 20.490 (3) (b) and any other moneys that may be made available to the authority for the purpose of the fund from any other source. The authority shall use the moneys in the fund solely to provide financial support to homeowners with first-lien mortgage loans on eligible property, as defined in s. 234.59 (1) (d), held by the authority to prevent foreclosures of the mortgage loans and to fund new down payment assistance loans or purchase existing down payment assistance program established by the authority. The authority may allow a down payment assistance

loan that is funded or purchased with moneys under this section to be subordinated to a first-lien mortgage loan in the event that the related first-lien mortgage loan held by the authority is refinanced with another lender.

Section 59. 238.124 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

238.124 (1) The corporation may not originate any loan that is forgivable in whole or in part upon the loan recipient's achievement of one or more conditions or goals. This subsection does not apply during any period covered by a public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10, including any extension under s. 323.10, and during the 180 days following that period.

Section 60. 238.308 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 238.308 (3) (a).

SECTION 61. 238.308 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

238.308 (3) (b) For a year including any part of the period covered by the public health emergency declared on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10, a person shall be considered to satisfy par. (a) if the net employment in this state in the person's business during that year is not less than the net employment in this state in the person's business during the year before the person was certified under sub. (2), as determined by the corporation under its policies and procedures.

Section 62. 256.15 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

256.15 (2) (a) Except when acting under s. 257.03 and except as provided in pars. (b) and, (c), and (d), no person may act as or advertise for the provision of services as an ambulance service provider unless the person holds an ambulance service provider license issued under this section. Except when acting under s. 257.03 and except as provided in pars. (b) and, (c), and (d), no individual may act as or advertise for the provision of services as an emergency medical services

practitioner unless he or she holds an emergency medical services practitioner
license or training permit issued under sub. (5). Except when acting under s. 257.03
and except as provided in pars. (b) and, (c), and (d), no individual may act as or
advertise for the provision of services as an emergency medical responder unless he
or she holds an emergency medical responder certificate issued under sub. (8).
Section 63. 256.15 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
256.15 (2) (d) During a state of emergency related to public health declared
under s. 323.10 and notwithstanding the limits in par. (b), all of the following apply:
1. An ambulance service provider licensed in another state is not required to
hold an ambulance service provider license under this section.
2. An emergency medical services practitioner licensed in or holding a training
permit in another state is not required to hold an emergency medical services
practitioner license or training permit under this section.
3. An emergency medical responder certified in another state is not required
to hold an emergency medical responder certificate under this section.
Section 64. 292.63 (3) (ac) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
292.63 (3) (ac) 3. An owner or operator or person owning a home oil tank system
is not eligible for an award under this section if the owner or operator or person does
not submit a claim for the costs before July 1, 2020 2021.
Section 65. 323.02 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:
323.02 (8m) "Essential services cooperative" means a cooperative association
organized under ch. 185 for the purpose of providing heat, light, power, natural gas,
or water at retail to its members only.

Section 66. 323.02 (15m) of the statutes is created to read:

323.02 (15m) "Propane retailer" means a person who sells propane at retail to the ultimate consumers and is licensed under s. 101.16 (3g).

SECTION 67. 323.12 (4) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

323.12 (4) (f) Issue orders suspending, restricting, or imposing conditions on the authority of an essential services cooperative that provides service to members located in the area to which the governor's executive order under s. 323.10 applies to disconnect or refuse to reconnect service during the state of emergency. No order issued under this paragraph may suspend, restrict, or impose conditions on the authority of an essential services cooperative to disconnect or refuse to reconnect service for reasons of safety or danger. An essential services cooperative subject to an order issued under this paragraph shall report the expenses associated with the order to the governor, and the governor shall keep such records. Those records shall be evidence of a claim against the state. The claim against the state shall be referred to the claims board under s. 16.007.

Section 68. 323.12 (4) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

323.12 (4) (g) Issue orders suspending, restricting, or imposing conditions on the authority of a propane retailer that sells propane in the area to which the governor's executive order under s. 323.10 applies to refuse during the state of emergency to fill the container of a customer or to maintain a minimum level of product for a customer, regardless of tank or contract type. No order issued under this paragraph may suspend, restrict, or impose conditions on the authority of a propane retailer to refuse to fill the container of a customer or to maintain a minimum level of product for a customer for reasons of safety or danger. A propane retailer subject to an order issued under this paragraph shall report the expenses associated with this order to the governor, and the governor shall keep such records.

1	Those records shall be evidence of a claim against the state. The claim against the
2	state shall be referred to the claims board under s. 16.007.
3	SECTION 69. 323.267 of the statutes is created to read:
4	323.267 Certain waivers during a public health emergency. (1) In this
5	section:
6	(a) "Agency" means any office, department, agency, institution of higher
7	education, association, society, or other body in state government created or
8	authorized to be created by the constitution or any law, including any authority
9	created in subch. II of ch. 114 or in ch. 231, 232, 233, 234, 237, 238, or 279, but not
10	including the legislature or the courts.
11	(b) "Debtor" means a person who owes a debt to an agency or a local
12	governmental unit.
13	(c) "Emergency period" means the period covered by a public health emergency
14	declared by the governor under s. 323.10, including any extension, plus 60 days.
15	(d) "Local governmental unit" means a political subdivision of this state, a
16	special purpose district in this state, an agency or corporation of a political
17	subdivision or special purpose district, or a combination or subunit of any of the
18	foregoing.
19	(2) Each agency and local governmental unit may waive any interest, penalty,
20	or payment of a debtor that accrues or becomes due during an emergency period with
21	respect to a debt the debtor owes the agency or local governmental unit.
22	Section 70. 601.83 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
23	601.83 (7) COVID-19 costs. (a) In this subsection, "COVID-19" means an
24	infection caused by the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus.

(b) Notwithstanding subs. (2) and (4) (a), from the appropriations under s.
20.145 (5) (c) and (m), the commissioner may provide reinsurance payments to any
eligible health carrier for costs related to COVID-19 incurred in benefit year 2020
for any enrolled individual, regardless whether the costs exceed the attachment
point set under sub. (2) for the enrollee individual.
(c) Subject to par. (d), the commissioner may make payments for requests for
costs related to COVID-19 that are submitted by an eligible health carrier in the
manner established under sub. (5).
(d) An eligible health carrier shall comply with all of the following to receive
a reinsurance payment under this subsection:
1. The carrier shall seek reinsurance from all other sources, including any
federal funds or programs, before requesting reinsurance under this subsection. The
carrier may not accept a reinsurance payment under this subsection if the costs for
which reinsurance are requested have been paid by another source.
2. The carrier shall exclude from annual reinsurance requests made under sub.
(5) costs for which the carrier requested reinsurance under par. (c).
(e) No later than September 30, 2020, the commissioner shall submit to the
legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and the governor a report that specifies the
requirements for an eligible health carrier to obtain a reinsurance payment under
this subsection.
Section 71. 626.12 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
626.12 (4) Claims for certain injuries based on presumption. Rates or rating
plans may not take into account any injury found under s. 102.03 (1) (h) 2.

Section 72. 938.026 of the statutes is created to read:

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938.026 Public health emergency. During a public health emergency declared by the governor under s. 323.10, including any extension, notwithstanding ss. 938.217 (2) and 938.357 (2) (c), in emergency situations, a child may be placed in a licensed public or private shelter care facility as a transitional placement for not more than 40 days.

SECTION 73. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) APPLICATIONS FOR HEATING ASSISTANCE. Households may apply for heating assistance under s. 16.27 (4) (a) at any time during calendar year 2020.
 - (2) Professional Licensing; emergency project positions.
- (a) The authorized FTE positions for the department of safety and professional services are increased by 8.4 project positions, for a period ending on June 30, 2021, to be funded from the appropriation under s. 20.165 (1) (g) for the purposes of investigating complaints against a credential holder received by the department of safety and professional services or any examining board, affiliated credentialing board, or board in the department; investigating whether a person has practiced without a credential required under chs. 440 to 480; and investigating the criminal records and records of professional discipline of applicants for a credential. Two incumbent employees holding an LTE consumer protection investigator position; 1.9 incumbent employees holding an LTE legal associate position; one incumbent employee holding an LTE office associate position; and 3.5 employees holding an LTE office operations associate position shall be transferred to the FTE project positions being created in this paragraph.
- (b) The authorized FTE positions for the department of safety and professional services are increased by 10.5 project positions, for a period ending on June 30, 2021, to be funded from the appropriation under s. 20.165 (1) (hg) for the purposes of

reviewing applications for credentials received by the department of safety and
professional services and credentialing boards and for assisting applicants for
credentials. One incumbent employee holding an LTE attorney position; 2
incumbent employees holding an LTE legal associate position; 4 incumbent
employees holding an LTE license and permit program associate position; and 3.5
incumbent employees holding an LTE office operations associate position shall be
transferred to the FTE project positions being created in this paragraph.

- (c) The authorized FTE positions for the department of safety and professional services are increased by 2.1 project positions, for a period ending on June 30, 2021, to be funded from the appropriation under s. 20.165 (2) (j) for the purpose of reviewing applications for credentials received by the department of safety and professional services and for assisting applicants for credentials. Two incumbent employees holding an LTE license and permit program associate position and 0.1 incumbent employees holding an LTE legal associate position shall be transferred to the FTE project positions being created in this paragraph.
- (3) Medical Assistance program funding. The department of health services shall allocate in the following manner the moneys under Section 74 (8) for reimbursement increases due to the COVID-19 pandemic:
 - (a) \$9,863,400 for fee-for-service institutional long-term care.
 - (b) \$3,944,000 for fee-for-service personal care.
 - (c) \$39,933,200 for managed long-term care.
 - (d) \$14,861,900 for home and community-based waiver services.
 - (e) \$25,822,500 as supplemental payments to hospitals.
- (4) LOCAL FOOD BANK GRANTS. The department of health services may award grants to local food banks and may establish eligibility criteria and guidelines for

- those grants that, notwithstanding ss. 227.01 (3m) and (13), 227.10, and 227.112, need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227, are not guidance documents, and are not subject to the requirements of s. 227.112.
- (5) Priority of use of federal funds. To the greatest extent possible, the secretary of administration shall ensure that funds made available by the United States government and accepted by the governor under s. 16.54 for the purpose of addressing the COVID-19 public health emergency in this state are used for the purposes of this act prior to the use of general purpose revenue appropriated for those purposes under this act.
- (6) Community action agencies. Notwithstanding s. 49.265 (1) (b), during the period covered by the public health emergency declared on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10, for the purposes of s. 49.265, "poor person" means a resident of a community served by a community action agency whose income is at or below 200 percent of the poverty line.
 - (7) CERTAIN APPROVALS OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.
- (a) *Definition*. In this subsection, "emergency period" means the period covered by the public health emergency declared on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10.
- (b) Suspension of JCF approval requirements. Notwithstanding ss. 16.54 (2) (a) 2., 84.03 (2), 115.295, 165.02, and any other law to the contrary, no approval of the joint committee on finance is required for the expenditure of funds made available during the emergency period by the United States government for the purpose of addressing the COVID-19 public health emergency in this state.
 - (8) Building Program interruptions.

(a) In this subsection, "public health emergency" means the public healt	;h
emergency declared on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72, including an	ıy
extension under s. 323.10.	

- (b) The building commission may authorize up to \$100,000,000 in general fund supported borrowing in fiscal year 2019–20 for expenditures to cover increased capital costs, as determined by the building commission, incurred due to interruptions of work under the authorized state building program as a result of the public health emergency. This paragraph constitutes enumeration in the authorized state building program for all purposes.
- (9) Effective Date of 2019 Wisconsin Act 125. The Legislative Reference Bureau shall, in enrolling, amend 2019 Wisconsin Act 125, section 82, so that 2019 Wisconsin Act 125 takes effect on the effective date of this subsection.
 - (10) Emergency assistance to small businesses.
 - (a) *Definitions*. In this subsection:
 - 1. "Corporation" means the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation.
- 2. "Public health emergency" means any public health emergency declared under s. 323.10, including any extension, during the period beginning on March 12, 2020, and ending on July 1, 2021, or on the day after publication of the 2021–23 biennial budget act, whichever is later.
 - (b) Grants and loans to small businesses.
- 1. From the appropriation under s. 20.192 (1) (c), the corporation shall award grants and loans to small businesses in this state adversely economically affected by a public health emergency. A small business shall use the grant or loan to support the business's payroll, cash flow, inventory, rent, and other business expenses in connection with the business's recovery from a public health emergency.

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2. The corporation may expend moneys from the appropriation under s. 20.192 (1) (c) for administrative costs and technical assistance associated with awarding grants and loans under subd. 1., including any necessary staffing increase.

SECTION 74. Fiscal changes.

- (1) WisCaregiver Careers Program. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of health services under s. 20.435 (6) (a), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$6,383,000 to expand the WisCaregiver Careers Program established by the department. Notwithstanding ss. 20.001 (3) (a) and 20.002 (1), the department may transfer moneys under this subsection to and expend those moneys in fiscal year 2020–21.
- (2) Notaries public. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of financial institutions under s. 20.144 (1) (g), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$806,000 to increase funding for administration of the department's duties related to notaries public.
- (3) Tourism marketing. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of tourism under s. 20.380 (1) (b), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$5,000,000 for the purposes for which the appropriation is made.
- (4) Grants to Covering Wisconsin. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the office of the commissioner of insurance under s. 20.145 (1) (g), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$1,082,600 to provide grants to the organization known as Covering Wisconsin to assist individuals with health insurance literacy and enrollment. Notwithstanding ss. 20.001 (3) (a) and 20.002 (1) and the lapse required under s. 20.145 (1) (g), the office may transfer moneys under this subsection to and expend those moneys in fiscal year 2020–21.

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- (5) Investigation of complaints. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (1) (g), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$123,000 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (a) of this act. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (1) (g), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$640,400 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (a) of this act.
- (6) CREDENTIAL APPLICATIONS. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (1) (hg), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$155,400 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (b) of this act. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (1) (hg), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$809,400 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (b) of this act.
- (7) CREDENTIAL APPLICATIONS; SKILLED TRADES. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (2) (j), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$29,800 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (c) of this act. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of safety and professional services under s. 20.165 (2) (j), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$155,200 to provide funding for the positions authorized in Section 73 (2) (c) of this act.

(8) Medical Assistance program funding. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3)
for the appropriation to the department of health services under s. $20.435\ (4)\ (b)$, the
dollar amount for fiscal year 2019-20 is increased by \$94,425,000 to provide
increased reimbursements to providers under the Medical Assistance program due
to the COVID-19 pandemic as allocated under Section 73 (3) of this act.

- (9) Local food bank grants. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of health services under s. 20.435 (1) (b), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is increased by \$10,000,000 to provide grants to local food banks, as determined by the department under Section 73 (4) of this act. Notwithstanding ss. 20.001 (3) (a) and 20.002 (1), the department may transfer moneys under this subsection to and expend those moneys in fiscal year 2020–21.
- (10) State out-of-home care and adoption services. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of children and families under s. 20.437 (1) (dd), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is decreased by \$3,000,000 to decrease funding for the purposes for which the appropriation is made.
- (11) Services for sex-trafficking victims. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of children and families under s. 20.437 (1) (e), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2019–20 is decreased by \$209,500 to decrease funding for the purposes for which the appropriation is made.
- (12) Federal block grant aids. In the schedule under s. 20.005 (3) for the appropriation to the department of children and families under s. 20.437 (2) (md), the dollar amount for fiscal year 2020–21 is increased by \$17,000,000 to increase funding for the transfer under s. 49.175 (1) (zh).

SECTION 75. Initial applicability.

SECTION 75

(END)
effect on July 1, 2021.
(3) Grants and loans to small businesses. The repeal of s. 20.192 (1) (c) takes
is earlier.
73 (9) of this act take effect on May 1, 2020, or on the day after publication, whichever
(2) Notaries public. The treatment of s. 140.145 (10) (a) and (b) and Section
108.07 (8) and Section 75 (2) of this act take effect retroactively to March 15, 2020.
The treatment of ss. 20.445 (1) (ag), 108.02 (26m), 108.04 (3) and (11) (bm), and
(1) Unemployment insurance; benefit charging; deletion of waiting period.
except as follows:
SECTION 76. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication,
health declared on March 12, 2020.
48.026, 49.259, and 938.026 first applies to a state of emergency related to public
(3) Department of Children and Families. The treatment of ss. 20.437 (3) (f),
years beginning on March 15, 2020.
ss. 108.02 (26m) and 108.04 (3) and (11) (bm) first applies retroactively to benefit
(2) Unemployment insurance; deletion of waiting period. The treatment of
on March 12, 2020, by executive order 72, including any extension under s. 323.10.
payment that accrues or becomes due during the public health emergency declared
The treatment of s. 323.267 first applies retroactively to any interest, penalty, or
(1) Certain waivers with respect to debt during a public health emergency.