## COVID-19 VACCINE SCHEDULES Children Ages 6 months – 11 years

(If your child has a weak immune system, see Immunocompromised Children)

Age	Vaccine	Primary Series Booster	
6 months - 4 years	Pfizer	Dose 1  3-8  weeks  Dose 2  At least 8 weeks  Dose 3	Booster not currently recommended
5-11 years	Pfizer	Dose 1  3-8 weeks Dose 2  At least 5 months	► Booster¹  Pfizer only
6 months - 11 years	Moderna	Dose 1 4-8 weeks Dose 2	Booster not currently recommended

- <sup>1</sup> Children 5-11 get the original (monovalent) vaccine for their booster dose. Updated (bivalent) booster doses are only authorized for people age12 and older.
  - COVID-19 vaccine dosage is based on your child's age on the day of vaccination, not on their size or weight. Children ages 11 and under get a lower dose of vaccine than teens and adults.
  - COVID-19 vaccines and other routine childhood vaccines can be given at the same visit.
  - **Timing of 2<sup>nd</sup> dose:** 8 weeks may be best for some people because a longer time between the 1st and 2nd doses may increase how much protection the vaccines offer and reduce the rare risk of heart problems (myocarditis and pericarditis). A 3-week (Pfizer) or 4-week (Moderna) interval is recommended for those people more likely to get very sick from COVID-19 or anyone who needs the fullest possible protection sooner. Talk with your doctor if you are not sure about the best timing for your situation.
  - If your child already had COVID-19, they should still get vaccinated. Wait until they have recovered (if they had symptoms) and finished isolation to get any vaccine, including a COVID-19 vaccine. If they recently had COVID-19, you may consider delaying a COVID-19 vaccine dose (primary series or booster) by 3 months from when their symptoms started or when they first had a positive test (if they didn't have any symptoms).
  - For more information, see the CDC webpage, <u>Stay Up to Date with Your COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters.</u>



## COVID-19 VACCINE SCHEDULES Immunocompromised Children Ages 6 months – 11 years

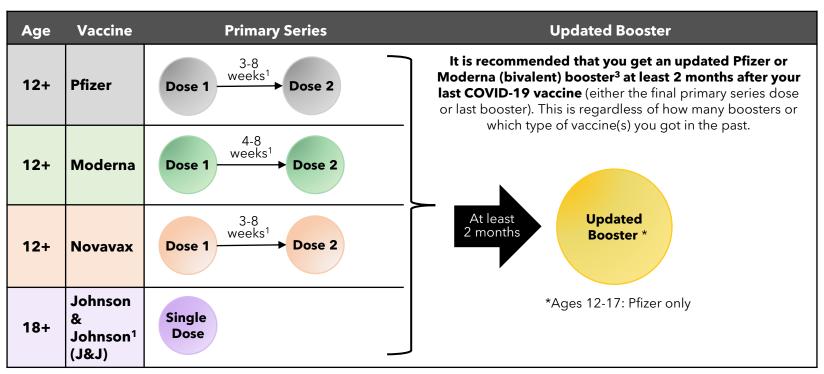
Age	Vaccine	Primary Series	Booster
6 months - 4 years	Pfizer	Dose 1 Dose 2 At least 8 weeks Dose 3	Booster not currently recommended
5-11 years	Pfizer	Dose 1 At least 4 weeks  Dose 2 Dose 3	At least 3 months  Booster¹  Pfizer only
6 months - 11 years	Moderna	Dose 1 4 weeks Dose 2 At least 4 weeks Dose 3	Booster not currently recommended

- 1 Children 5-11 get the original (monovalent) vaccine for their booster dose. Updated (bivalent) booster doses are only authorized for people age 12 and older.
  - COVID vaccine dosage is based on age on the day of vaccination, not on size or weight. Children ages 11 and under get a lower dose of vaccine than teens and adults. For more information, see the CDC webpage, <a href="Stay Up to Date with Your COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters">Stay Up to Date with Your COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters</a>.
  - COVID-19 vaccines and other routine childhood vaccines can be given at the same visit.
  - If your child already had COVID-19, they should still get vaccinated. Wait until they have recovered (if they had symptoms) and finished isolation to get any vaccine, including a COVID-19 vaccine dose. If they recently had COVID-19, you may consider delaying a COVID-19 vaccine dose (primary series or booster) by 3 months from when their symptoms started or when they first had a positive test (if they didn't have any symptoms).
  - For more information, see the CDC webpage, COVID-19 Vaccines for People who are Moderately or Severely Immunocompromised.



#### COVID-19 VACCINE SCHEDULES People Ages 12+

(If you have a weak immune system, see Immunocompromised People 12+)

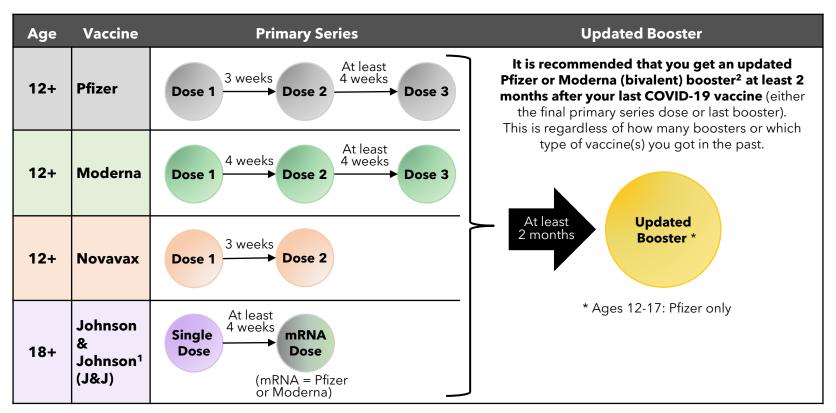


- <sup>1</sup> J&J vaccine should only be used in <u>some situations</u>.
- <sup>2</sup> Timing of 2<sup>nd</sup> dose: People under 64 years, and especially males ages 12-39, may consider getting the 2nd primary dose of vaccine 8 weeks after the 1st dose. A longer time between the 1st and 2nd doses may increase how much protection the vaccines offer and reduce the rare risk of heart problems (myocarditis and pericarditis). 3 weeks (Pfizer/Novavax) or 4 weeks (Moderna) is recommended for those age 65+ and anyone more likely to get very sick from COVID-19, or who needs the fullest possible protection sooner. Talk with your doctor if you are not sure about the best timing for your situation. See <a href="Stay Up to Date with Your COVID-19">Stay Up to Date with Your COVID-19</a> Vaccines Including Boosters.
- <sup>3</sup> The updated (bivalent) booster replaces the original (monovalent) booster. The original (monovalent) vaccine is no longer authorized for use as a booster dose in people age 12 and up.

**If you have COVID-19,** wait until you have recovered (if you had symptoms) and finished isolation to get any COVID-19 vaccine doses. If you recently had COVID-19, you may consider delaying a vaccine dose (primary series or booster) by 3 months from when your symptoms started or your positive test (if you didn't have any symptoms).



### COVID-19 VACCINE SCHEDULES Immunocompromised People Ages 12+



- <sup>1</sup> J&J vaccine should only be used in <u>some situations</u>.
- <sup>2</sup> The updated (bivalent) booster replaces the original (monovalent) booster. The original (monovalent) vaccine is no longer authorized for use as a booster dose in people age 12 and up.
  - If you have COVID-19, wait until you have recovered (if you had symptoms) and finished isolation to get a vaccine dose.
  - If you have a <u>moderately or severely weakened immune system</u> (e.g., a blood-related cancer, organ transplant, certain autoimmune condition, or certain treatment for cancer), it is recommended that you get additional COVID-19 vaccine doses.
  - You may also be eligible for a monoclonal antibody medicine called <u>Evusheld</u>. It is given by injection every six months to help prevent you from getting COVID-19. It is for people ages 12+ who weigh at least 88 lbs. Evusheld can be given at least 2 after any COVID-19 vaccine. Talk with your doctor about Evusheld and the best timing of vaccine doses based on your risks and treatment plan.



# COVID-19 VACCINE SCHEDULES People vaccinated outside of the US, as part of a clinical trial or received a mix-and-match series

- If you were vaccinated outside of the US: visit the CDC webpage <u>Stay Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters</u> and scroll down to the *Vaccination Outside the United States* section for the latest information including boosters. Detailed information is available in <u>Appendix B</u> of the <u>CDC Interim Clinical Considerations for Use of COVID-19 Vaccines</u>.
- If you received a mix-and-match series: visit the CDC webpage <a href="Stay Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters">Stay Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines Including Boosters</a> and scroll down to the Mixing COVID-19 Vaccine Products section for the latest information including boosters.
- If you were vaccinated as part of a clinical trial: detailed information is available in Appendix C of the CDC Interim Clinical Considerations for Use of COVID-19 Vaccines.

