CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5052

Chapter 262, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

HEALTH EQUITY ZONES

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2021 CERTIFICATE Yeas 29 Nays 20 I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of DENNY HECK Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SECOND** President of the Senate SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5052 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates Passed by the House April 7, 2021 hereon set forth. Yeas 57 Nays 40 BRAD HENDRICKSON LAURIE JINKINS Secretary Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved May 12, 2021 2:43 PM FILED May 12, 2021

Governor of the State of Washington

JAY INSLEE

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5052

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Keiser, Randall, Cleveland, Conway, Das, Frockt, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Lovelett, Nguyen, Nobles, Robinson, Saldaña, Salomon, and Wilson, C.)

READ FIRST TIME 02/19/21.

general population.

11

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the creation of health equity zones; adding a
- 2 new section to chapter 43.70 RCW; and creating a new section.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT. (1) The legislature 4 finds that people of color, Indian, people experiencing poverty, and 5 6 immigrant populations experience significant health disparities 7 compared to the general population, including more limited access to 8 health care and poorer health outcomes. The legislature finds that 9 these circumstances result in higher rates of morbidity and mortality 10 for persons of color and immigrant populations than observed in the
- 12 (2) Therefore, the legislature intends to create health equity 13 zones to address significant health disparities identified by health 14 outcome data. The state intends to work with community leaders within the health equity zones to share information and coordinate efforts 15 16 with the goal of addressing the most urgent needs. Health equity zone 17 partners shall develop, expand, and maintain positive relationships 18 communities of color, Indian communities, 19 experiencing poverty, and immigrant communities within the zone to 20 develop effective and sustainable programs to address health 21 inequity.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this 3 specific purpose, the department, in coordination with the governor's 4 interagency council on health disparities, local 5 6 jurisdictions, and accountable communities of health, must share and 7 review population health data, which may be related to chronic and infectious diseases, maternal birth complications, preterm births and 8 other newborn health complications, and any other relevant health 9 data, including hospital community health needs assessments, to 10 identify, or allow communities to self-identify, potential health 11 12 equity zones in the state and develop projects to meet the unique needs of each zone. The department must provide technical support to 13 communities in the use of data to facilitate self-identification of 14 health equity zones. 15
- 16 (2) Communities' uses of data must align with projects and 17 outcomes to be measured in self-identified zones.
 - (3) The department must use the first 12 months following the effective date of this section to develop a plan and process to allow communities to implement health equity zone programs statewide. The department has authority to determine the number of health equity zones and projects based on available resources.
 - (4) Communities that self-identify zones or the department must notify relevant community organizations in the zones of the health equity zone designation and allow those organizations to identify projects to address the zone's most urgent needs related to health disparities. Community organizations may include, but are not limited to:
- 29 (a) Community health clinics;
 - (b) Local health providers;
 - (c) Federally qualified health centers;
 - (d) Health systems;

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

2728

30

31

32

34

37

- 33 (e) Local government;
 - (f) Public school districts;
- 35 (g) Recognized American Indian organizations and Indian health organizations;
 - (h) Local health jurisdictions; and
- 38 (i) Any other nonprofit organization working to address health 39 disparities in the zone.

- (5) Local organizations working within zones may form coalitions to identify the needs of the zone, design projects to address those needs, and develop an action plan to implement the projects. Local organizations may partner with state or national organizations outside the specific zone designation. Projects may include, but are not limited to:
- 7 (a) Addressing health care provider access and health service 8 delivery;
- 9 (b) Improving information sharing and community trust in providers and services;
 - (c) Conducting outreach and education efforts; and
- 12 (d) Recommending systems and policy changes that will improve 13 population health.
 - (6) The department must provide:

- 15 (a) Support to the coalitions in identifying and applying for 16 resources to support projects within the zones;
 - (b) Technical assistance related to project management and developing health outcome and other measures to evaluate project success; and
 - (c) Subject to availability, funding to implement projects.
 - (7) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, by December 1, 2023, and every two years thereafter, the department must submit a report to the legislature detailing the projects implemented in each zone and the outcome measures, including year-over-year health data, to demonstrate project success.
 - (8) For the purposes of this section "health equity zone" or "zone" means a contiguous geographic area that demonstrates measurable and documented health disparities and poor health outcomes, which may include but are not limited to high rates of maternal complications, newborn health complications, and chronic and infectious disease, is populated by communities of color, Indian communities, communities experiencing poverty, or immigrant communities, and is small enough for targeted interventions to have a significant impact on health outcomes and health disparities. Documented health disparities must be documented or identified by the department or the centers for disease control and prevention.

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2021. Passed by the House April 7, 2021. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2021.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 2021.

--- END ---