

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER / SUPPLIER / CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 305038	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. BUILDING _____ B. WING _____	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 05/21/2020
NAME OF PROVIDER OF SUPPLIER HACKETT HILL HEALTHCARE CENTER		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP 191 HACKETT HILL ROAD MANCHESTER, NH 03102	
For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.			
(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (EACH DEFICIENCY MUST BE PRECEDED BY FULL REGULATORY OR LSC IDENTIFYING INFORMATION)		
F 0880 Level of harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm Residents Affected - Some	<p>Provide and implement an infection prevention and control program.</p> <p>**NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY**</p> <p>Based on observation, interview, & record review, the facility failed to implement Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines for use of isolation gowns. Findings include: Observation on 5/20/20 at approximately 12:15 p.m. in the laundry room revealed disposable gowns in one of the dryers. Interview on 5/20/20 at approximately 12:15 p.m. with Staff A revealed that disposable gowns are washed and reused by staff. Gowns are placed in the dryer on the resident setting. The gowns were used for four or five times prior to disposal. Review of the CDC guidance for Strategies for Optimizing the Supply of Isolation Gowns, dated 3/17/20, revealed the following guidance: Shift gown use towards cloth isolation gowns. Reusable (i.e., washable) gowns are typically made of polyester or polyester-cotton fabrics. Gowns made of these fabrics can be safely laundered according to routine procedures and reused. Care should be taken to ensure that HCP do not touch outer surfaces of the gown during care. Laundry operations and personnel may need to be augmented to facilitate additional washing loads and cycles. Systems are established to routinely inspect, maintain (e.g., mend a small hole in a gown, replace missing fastening ties), and replace reusable gowns when needed (e.g., when they are thin or ripped). Extended use of isolation gowns. Consideration can be made to extend the use of isolation gowns (disposable or cloth) such that the same gown is worn by the same HCP when interacting with more than one patient known to be infected with the same infectious disease when these patients housed in the same location (i.e., COVID-19 patients residing in an isolation cohort). This can be considered only if there are no additional co-infectious [DIAGNOSES REDACTED]. If the gown becomes visibly soiled, it must be removed and discarded as per usual practices. Disposable gowns are not typically amenable to being doffed and re-used because the ties and fasteners typically break during doffing. Cloth isolation gowns could potentially be untied and retied and could be considered for re-use without laundering in between. There were no recommendations to wash disposable gowns and reuse them. Review on 5/25/20 the manufacturers' item description of the isolation gowns revealed that the gowns are disposable.</p>		

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER
REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE

TITLE

(X6) DATE

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.