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By: Delegates Barron, Acevero, Anderson, D. Barnes, Carr, Crutchfield, D.M. Davis, W. Fisher, Harrison, Haynes, J. Lewis, Lierman, Moon, Smith, Turner, Washington, and Wilkins Wilkins, and Conaway

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2020 Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 11, 2020

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Procedure – Partial Expungement <u>and Expungement of Misdemeanor</u> 3 <u>Conviction</u>

4 FOR the purpose of authorizing a person to file a petition for a partial expungement of $\mathbf{5}$ certain criminal records under certain circumstances; authorizing a court to 6 authorize a certain person to maintain certain records and limit inspection of certain 7 records under certain circumstances: requiring a court to order that certain records 8 may not be included on a certain website or within certain records: repealing a 9 provision of law establishing that, if a person is not entitled to expungement of one charge or conviction in a certain unit, the person is not entitled to expungement of 10 any other charge or conviction in the unit; establishing procedures for the filing of a 11 petition for partial expungement; authorizing a person to file a petition for 12 expungement of certain records if the person is convicted of fourth degree burglary; 13 14making this Act subject to a certain contingency; requiring the State Court Administrator to report to certain committees of the General Assembly and the 15Department of Legislative Services on or before a certain date; requiring the State 16 17Court Administrator to issue a status report under certain circumstances with a certain frequency; defining a certain term; and generally relating to expungement of 18 criminal records. 19

20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 21 Article Criminal Procedure
- 22 Section 10–105

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	Annotated Code of Maryland
$\frac{1}{2}$	(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
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3	BY repealing
4	Article – Criminal Procedure
5	Section 10–107
6	Annotated Code of Maryland
7	(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
•	(2010 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)
8	BY adding to
9	<u>Article – Criminal Procedure</u>
10	Section 10–105.1
11	Annotated Code of Maryland
12	(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
14	<u>(2010 Replacement Volume and 2010 Supplement)</u>
13	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
14	Article – Criminal Procedure
15	Section $10-110(a)(1)(ix)$
16	Annotated Code of Maryland
17	(2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
11	<u>(2010 Replacement volume and 2010 Supplement)</u>
18	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
19	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
10	That the Laws of Maryland Tead as follows.
20	Article – Criminal Procedure
21	10–105.
-1	10 100.
22	(a) A person who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a
23	violation of the Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be imposed,
24	or who has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile offense, may
$\overline{25}$	file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police record, court record, or other
$\frac{-6}{26}$	record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of the State if:
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27	(1) the person is acquitted;
28	(2) the charge is otherwise dismissed;
29	(3) a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is charged
30	with a violation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 or § 3–211
31	of the Criminal Law Article;
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32	(4) a nolle prosequi or nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or
33	alcohol treatment is entered;

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$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	(5) the criminal charg on the docket;	the co e "stet	ourt indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by marking " or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment
4	(6)	the ca	ase is compromised under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article;
5 6	(7) article;	the c l	narge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of this
7	(8)	the p	erson:
8 9	of violence; and	(i)	is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a crime
10		(ii)	is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(9) under any State or		erson was convicted of a crime or found not criminally responsible law that prohibits:
13		(i)	urination or defecation in a public place;
14		(ii)	panhandling or soliciting money;
15		(iii)	drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	public conveyance;	(iv)	obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a
18		(v)	sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or doorways;
19		(vi)	loitering;
20		(vii)	vagrancy;
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	exhibiting proof of		riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or ent; or
$23 \\ 24 \\ 25$	weapon, or other Article, any of the	(ix) dange acts sj	except for carrying or possessing an explosive, acid, concealed rous article as provided in § 7–705(b)(6) of the Transportation pecified in § 7–705 of the Transportation Article;
$\frac{26}{27}$	(10) local law that proh	the p iibits n	erson was found not criminally responsible under any State or nisdemeanor:
28		(i)	trespass;
29		(ii)	disturbing the peace; or

1 (iiii) telephone misuse; $\mathbf{2}$ (11)the person was convicted of a crime and the act on which the conviction 3 was based is no longer a crime: or the person was convicted of possession of marijuana under § 5-601 of 4 (12)the Criminal Law Article. $\mathbf{5}$ 6 (a-1) A person's attorney or personal representative may file a petition, on behalf of 7 the person, for expungement under this section if the person died before disposition of the charge by nolle prosequi or dismissal. 8 9 Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a person (b) (1)10 shall file a petition in the court in which the proceeding began. 11 (2)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, if the proceeding began in one court and was transferred to another court, the person shall file 12the petition in the court to which the proceeding was transferred. 13 If the proceeding began in one court and was transferred to the 14(iii) 15juvenile court under § 4–202 or § 4–202.2 of this article, the person shall file the petition in 16 the court of original jurisdiction from which the order of transfer was entered. 17If the proceeding in a court of original jurisdiction was appealed (3)(i) to a court exercising appellate jurisdiction, the person shall file the petition in the appellate 18 19 court. 20The appellate court may remand the matter to the court of (ii) 21original jurisdiction. 22Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for (1)(e) 23expungement based on an acquittal, a nolle prosequi, or a dismissal may not be filed within 3 years after the disposition, unless the petitioner files with the petition a written general 24waiver and release of all the petitioner's tort claims arising from the charge. 2526(2) A petition for expungement based on a probation before judgment or a 27stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment may not be filed earlier than the later of: 2829(i) the date the petitioner was discharged from probation or the 30 requirements of obtaining drug or alcohol abuse treatment were completed; or 31 (ii) 3 years after the probation was granted or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment was entered on the docket. 32

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1	(3) A petition for expungement based on a nolle prosequi with the
2	requirement of drug or alcohol treatment may not be filed until the completion of the
3	required treatment.
4	(4) A petition for expungement based on a full and unconditional pardon
5	by the Governor may not be filed later than 10 years after the pardon was signed by the
6	Governor.
7	(5) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for
8	expungement based on a stet or a compromise under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article
9	may not be filed within 3 years after the stet or compromise.
10	(6) A petition for expungement based on the conviction of a crime under
11	subsection (a)(9) of this section may not be filed within 3 years after the conviction or
12	satisfactory completion of the sentence, including probation, that was imposed for the
13	conviction, whichever is later.

14 (7) A petition for expungement based on a finding of not criminally responsible under subsection (a)(9) or (10) of this section may not be filed within 3 years 15after the finding of not criminally responsible was made by the court. 16

- 17A petition for expungement based on the conviction of a crime under (8) 18 subsection (a)(12) of this section may not be filed within 4 years after the conviction or satisfactory completion of the sentence, including probation, that was imposed for the 19 20conviction, whichever is later.
- 21(9) A court may grant a petition for expungement at any time on a showing 22of good cause.

23(d)(1) WHEN TWO OR MORE CHARGES ARISE FROM THE SAME INCIDENT. 24TRANSACTION, OR SET OF FACTS, AND ONE OR MORE OF THE CHARGES ARE NOT 25ELICIBLE FOR EXPUNCEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION, A PERSON MAY FILE A 26PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNCEMENT FOR THE CHARGES ELIGIBLE FOR 27EXPUNCEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION.

28(2) IF THE PARTIAL EXPUNCEMENT OF A POLICE RECORD, COURT 29RECORD. OR OTHER RECORD MAINTAINED BY THE STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE IS IMPRACTICABLE DUE TO THE NARRATIVE OF THE 30 STATEMENT OF CHARGES THAT INCLUDES BOTH THE CHARGES THAT ARE ELIGIBLE 31 FOR EXPUNCEMENT AND THE CHARGES THAT ARE NOT ELICIBLE FOR 32 EXPUNCEMENT. THE COURT: 33

34 (]) SHALL ORDER THAT THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF THE COURT 35 REGARDING THE CHARGES ELIGIBLE FOR PARTIAL EXPUNCEMENT MAY NOT BE 36 INCLUDED:

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$\frac{1}{2}$	1. ON THE PUBLIC WEBSITE MAINTAINED BY THE MARYLAND JUDICIARY; AND
$\frac{3}{4}$	2. Within records submitted to the Central Repository; and
$5\\6$	(II) MAY AUTHORIZE THE STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE TO:
$7 \\ 8$	1. MAINTAIN THE WRITTEN RECORD WITHOUT CHANGE;
9 10 11	2. LIMIT INSPECTION OF THE WRITTEN RECORD TO A CRIMINAL JUSTICE UNIT, AS DEFINED IN § 10–201 OF THIS TITLE, FOR LEGITIMATE CRIMINAL JUSTICE PURPOSES.
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(E) (1) The court shall have a copy of a petition for expungement served on the State's Attorney.
$\begin{array}{c} 14\\ 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(2) Unless the State's Attorney files an objection to the petition for expungement within 30 days after the petition is served, the court shall pass an order requiring the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.
17 18	[(e)] (F) (1) If the State's Attorney files a timely objection to the petition, the court shall hold a hearing.
19 20 21	(2) If the court at the hearing finds that the person is entitled to expungement, the court shall order the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.
$\frac{22}{23}$	(3) If the court finds that the person is not entitled to expungement, the court shall deny the petition.
24	(4) The person is not entitled to expungement if:
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27 \\ 28$	(i) the petition is based on the entry of probation before judgment, except a probation before judgment for a crime where the act on which the conviction is based is no longer a crime, and the person within 3 years of the entry of the probation before judgment has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or a crime where
29 30	the act on which the conviction is based is no longer a crime; or (ii) the person is a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding.
$\frac{31}{32}$	[(f)] (G) Unless an order is stayed pending an appeal, within 60 days after entry of the order, every custodian of the police records and court records that are subject to the

1	order of expungement shall advise in writing the court and the person who is seeking expungement of compliance with the order.
2	expungement of compliance with the order.
3	f(g)] (II) (1) The State's Attorney is a party to the proceeding.
4	(2) A party aggrieved by the decision of the court is entitled to appellate
5	review as provided in the Courts Article.
6	[10-107.
7	(a) (1) In this subtitle, if two or more charges, other than one for a minor traffic
8	violation, arise from the same incident, transaction, or set of facts, they are considered to
9	be a unit.
10	(2) A charge for a minor traffic violation that arises from the same incident.
11	transaction, or set of facts as a charge in the unit is not a part of the unit.
12	(b) (1) If a person is not entitled to expungement of one charge or conviction in
12 13	(b) (1) If a person is not entitled to expungement of one charge or conviction in a unit, the person is not entitled to expungement of any other charge or conviction in the
14	unit.
15	(2) The disposition of a charge for a minor traffic violation that arises from
16	the same incident, transaction, or set of facts as a charge in the unit does not affect any
17	right to expungement of a charge or conviction in the unit.]
18	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
19	October 1, 2020.
20	<u>10–105.1.</u>
01	(A) IN THE OPERATOR "DADGEAL EXPLINICEMENT" MEANS THE DEMONAL OP
$\frac{21}{22}$	(A) <u>IN THIS SECTION, "PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT" MEANS THE REMOVAL OF</u> AN INDIVIDUAL CRIMINAL CHARGE FROM THE MARYLAND JUDICIARY CASE
$\frac{22}{23}$	SEARCH WEBSITE.
20	SEARCH WEDSITE.
24	(B) WHEN TWO OR MORE CHARGES ARISE FROM THE SAME INCIDENT,
25	TRANSACTION, OR SET OF FACTS, AND ONE OR MORE OF THE CHARGES ARE NOT
26	ELIGIBLE FOR EXPUNGEMENT UNDER § 10-105 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A PERSON MAY
27	FILE A PETITION UNDER THIS SECTION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT OF THE OTHER
28	CHARGE OR CHARGES IN THE UNIT THAT OTHERWISE WOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR
29	EXPUNGEMENT.
30	(C) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS
$\frac{50}{31}$	SUBSECTION, A PERSON SHALL FILE A PETITION IN THE COURT IN WHICH THE
32	PROCEEDING BEGAN.

1	(2) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (11) OF THIS
2	PARAGRAPH, IF THE PROCEEDING BEGAN IN ONE COURT AND WAS TRANSFERRED
3	TO ANOTHER COURT, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE COURT TO
4	WHICH THE PROCEEDING WAS TRANSFERRED.
5	(II) IF THE PROCEEDING BEGAN IN ONE COURT AND WAS
6	TRANSFERRED TO THE JUVENILE COURT UNDER § 4–202 OR § 4–202.2 OF THIS
7	ARTICLE, THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE COURT OF ORIGINAL
8	JURISDICTION FROM WHICH THE ORDER OF TRANSFER WAS ENTERED.
9	(3) (1) IF THE PROCEEDING IN A COURT OF ORIGINAL
10	JURISDICTION WAS APPEALED TO A COURT EXERCISING APPELLATE JURISDICTION,
11	THE PERSON SHALL FILE THE PETITION IN THE APPELLATE COURT.
12	(II) THE APPELLATE COURT MAY REMAND THE MATTER TO THE
12	COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.
10	
14	(D) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A
15	PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON AN ACQUITTAL, A NOLLE
16	PROSEQUI, OR A DISMISSAL MAY BE FILED IMMEDIATELY.
17	(2) <u>A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A PROBATION</u>
$\frac{18}{19}$	BEFORE JUDGMENT OR A STET WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL
19	ABUSE TREATMENT MAY NOT BE FILED EARLIER THAN THE LATER OF:
20	(I) THE DATE THE PETITIONER WAS DISCHARGED FROM
21	PROBATION OR THE REQUIREMENTS OF OBTAINING DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE
22	TREATMENT WERE COMPLETED; OR
23	(II) <u>3 YEARS AFTER THE PROBATION WAS GRANTED OR STET</u>
$\frac{24}{25}$	WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL ABUSE TREATMENT WAS ENTERED ON THE DOCKET.
20	ON THE DOCKET.
26	(3) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A NOLLE
27	PROSEQUI WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL TREATMENT MAY NOT
28	BE FILED UNTIL THE COMPLETION OF THE REQUIRED TREATMENT.
29	(4) <u>A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A FULL AND</u>
30	UNCONDITIONAL PARDON BY THE GOVERNOR MAY NOT BE FILED LATER THAN 10
31	YEARS AFTER THE PARDON WAS SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR.
32	(5) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A
$\frac{52}{33}$	PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A STET OR A COMPROMISE UNDER

1	§ 3–207 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER
2	THE STET OR COMPROMISE.
3	(6) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON THE
4	CONVICTION OF A CRIME UNDER § 10–105(A)(9) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE
5	FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE CONVICTION OR SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF
6	THE SENTENCE, INCLUDING PROBATION, THAT WAS IMPOSED FOR THE CONVICTION,
7	WHICHEVER IS LATER.
8	(7) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON A FINDING OF
9	NOT CRIMINALLY RESPONSIBLE UNDER § 10–105(A)(9) OR (10) OF THIS SUBTITLE
10	MAY NOT BE FILED WITHIN 3 YEARS AFTER THE FINDING OF NOT CRIMINALLY
11	RESPONSIBLE WAS MADE BY THE COURT.
11	
12	(8) A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT BASED ON THE
13	CONVICTION OF A CRIME UNDER § 10-105(A)(12) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE
14	FILED WITHIN 4 YEARS AFTER THE CONVICTION OR SATISFACTORY COMPLETION OF
15	THE SENTENCE, INCLUDING PROBATION, THAT WAS IMPOSED FOR THE CONVICTION,
16	WHICHEVER IS LATER.
17	(9) A COURT MAY GRANT A PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT AT
18	ANY TIME ON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.
19	(E) (1) THE COURT SHALL HAVE A COPY OF A PETITION FOR PARTIAL
20	EXPUNGEMENT SERVED ON THE STATE'S ATTORNEY.
20	
21	(2) UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES AN OBJECTION TO THE
22	PETITION FOR PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE PETITION IS
23	SERVED, THE COURT SHALL PASS AN ORDER REQUIRING THE PARTIAL
24	EXPUNGEMENT OF THE CHARGE OR CHARGES.
25	(F) (1) IF THE STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES A TIMELY OBJECTION TO THE
26	PETITION, THE COURT SHALL HOLD A HEARING.
07	
27	(2) IF THE COURT AT THE HEARING FINDS THAT THE PERSON IS
28 20	ENTITLED TO PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE PARTIAL EXPUNCEMENT OF THE CHARGE OF CHARGES
29	EXPUNGEMENT OF THE CHARGE OR CHARGES.
30	(3) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED TO
31	PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT, THE COURT SHALL DENY THE PETITION.
32	(4) THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED TO PARTIAL EXPUNGEMENT IF:

1	(I) THE PETITION IS BASED ON THE ENTRY OF PROBATION
2	BEFORE JUDGMENT, EXCEPT A PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT FOR A CRIME
3	WHERE THE ACT ON WHICH THE CONVICTION IS BASED IS NO LONGER A CRIME, AND
4	THE PERSON WITHIN 3 YEARS OF THE ENTRY OF THE PROBATION BEFORE
5	JUDGMENT HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME OTHER THAN A MINOR TRAFFIC
6	VIOLATION OR A CRIME WHERE THE ACT ON WHICH THE CONVICTION IS BASED IS NO
7	LONGER A CRIME; OR
0	
8	(II) <u>THE PERSON IS A DEFENDANT IN A PENDING CRIMINAL</u>
9	PROCEEDING.
10	(G) (1) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY IS A PARTY TO THE PROCEEDING.
11	(2) A PARTY AGGRIEVED BY THE DECISION OF THE COURT IS
12	ENTITLED TO APPELLATE REVIEW AS PROVIDED IN THE COURTS ARTICLE.
13	<u>10–110.</u>
14	(a) A person may file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police
15	record, court record, or other record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of
16	the State if the person is convicted of:
17	(1) <u>a misdemeanor that is a violation of:</u>
18	$(i_{\rm rec})$ & C 105 & C 109 & C 905 (FOUDTH DECREE DURCHARY) &
10 19	(ix) § 6–105, § 6–108, § 6–205 (FOURTH DEGREE BURGLARY), § 6–206, § 6–303, § 6–306, § 6–307, § 6–402, or § 6–503 of the Criminal Law Article;
10	
20	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:
21	(a) Section 1 of this Act is contingent on a determination by the State Court
22	Administrator that the technical capabilities of the Judicial Information System and Case
23	Search 2.0 are sufficient to comply with the requirements of Section 1 of this Act and
24	funding for the required technical improvements is available in the State budget.
25	(b) The State Court Administrator shall notify the Department of Legislative
26	Services and, in accordance with § $2-1257$ of the State Government Article, the Senate
$\frac{1}{27}$	Judicial Proceedings Committee and the House Judiciary Committee within 5 days after
28	the State Court Administrator makes a determination that the contingencies under
29	subsection (a) of this section have been satisfied.
0.0	
30 21	(c) If notification under subsection (b) of this section is not made by October 1,
$\frac{31}{32}$	<u>2022, the State Court Administrator shall issue a status report on October 1 and every 6</u> months thereafter until the contingencies under subsection (a) of this section have been
32 33	satisfied.
50	

<u>SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, subject to Section 2 of this</u>
<u>Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 2020.</u>

Approved:

Governor.

Speaker of the House of Delegates.

President of the Senate.