

State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

October 2022 Special Session

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

1	To amend section 1 of article IV and section 17 (2) of article IV; and to create section
2	$17\ (5)$ of article IV, section $17\ (6)$ of article IV and section $17\ (7)$ of article IV of
3	the constitution; relating to: reserving to the people the power of referendum
4	to reject acts of the legislature and the power of initiative to propose and
5	approve at an election laws and constitutional amendments (first
6	consideration).

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This constitutional amendment, proposed to the 2021 legislature on first consideration, creates a petition process by which the people may propose and approve laws and constitutional amendments at an election and creates a referendum process by which the people may reject an act of the legislature.

Referendum

The amendment provides that the people may file a petition with the agency that administers state elections for a referendum to reject any act of the legislature, a section of any act, or an item of appropriation in any act.

A petition for referendum must be signed by qualified electors equaling at least 4 percent of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election.

After validating a petition's signatures, the agency that administers state elections is required to order a referendum at the next general election occurring at

least 120 days after the petition was filed with the agency. No act or part of an act rejected in a referendum may be reenacted during the legislative session in which it was rejected.

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INITIATIVE

The amendment further provides that the people may propose, by petition filed with the agency that administers state elections, laws and constitutional amendments for a vote at an election. The petition must satisfy all of the following conditions:

1. If a petition for an initiative law, be signed by qualified electors equaling at least 6 percent of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election.

2. If a petition for an initiative constitutional amendment, be signed by qualified electors equaling at least 8 percent of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election.

3. Include the full text of the proposed law or constitutional amendment prepared in proper form. Upon request by any qualified elector, the agency that administers state elections is required to have the proposed law or constitutional amendment drafted in proper form and made available to the public. The proposed law or amendment must embrace no more than one subject, and that subject must be expressed in the title.

4. Be filed with the agency that administers state elections not less than 120 days before the election at which the proposed law or constitutional amendment is to be voted upon.

Similar to the process for a referendum, after verifying an initiative petition's signatures, the agency that administers state elections is required to order the submission of the initiative law or constitutional amendment to the qualified electors of the state for their approval or rejection at the next succeeding general election occurring at least 120 days after the petition was filed with the agency.

If approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election, an initiative law or constitutional amendment goes into effect on the 30th day after the date the agency that administers state elections certifies the election results, unless a different effective date is specified in the initiative. The legislature may not repeal or amend an initiative law for the two years immediately succeeding its publication and may not repeal or amend an initiative law except by a vote of two-thirds of all members elected to each house. If an initiative law or constitutional amendment is rejected at the election, substantially the same initiative law or amendment, as determined by the agency that administers state elections, may not be considered again by voters under the initiative process for at least five years.

SECOND CONSIDERATION AND RATIFICATION

A proposed constitutional amendment requires adoption by two successive legislatures, and ratification by the people, before it can become effective.

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That:

2021 – 2022 Legislature Oct. 2022 Spec. Sess.

1	SECTION 1. Section 1 of article IV of the constitution is amended to read:
2	[Article IV] Section 1. The legislative power, except for the initiative and
3	referendum powers reserved to the people, shall be vested in a senate and assembly.
4	SECTION 2. Section 17 (2) of article IV of the constitution is amended to read:
5	[Article IV] Section 17 (2) No Except as provided under sub. (6) (c), no law shall
6	be enacted except by bill. No law shall be in force until published.
7	SECTION 3. Section 17 (5) of article IV of the constitution is created to read:
8	[Article IV] Section 17 (5) (a) The people reserve to themselves the power to
9	reject at a referendum any act of the legislature or part of an act as provided in this
10	subsection. The people may petition for a referendum on the passage of an act, one
11	or more sections of an act, or one or more items of appropriation in an act. The
12	petition for a referendum shall satisfy all of the following conditions:
13	1. Be signed by qualified electors equaling at least 4 percent of the vote cast for
14	the office of governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election.
15	2. Be filed with the agency administering state elections.
16	(b) All signatures for a petition submitted under par. (a) must be made on paper.
17	After verifying the sufficiency of the signatures for a petition, the agency
18	administering state elections shall order the submission of the act or each act section
19	or each item of appropriation in the petition to the qualified electors of the state for
20	their rejection at the next succeeding general election occurring subsequent to 120
21	days after the filing of the petition.
22	(c) No act of the legislature or part of an act rejected in a referendum may be
23	reenacted during the legislative session in which it was rejected.
24	SECTION 4. Section 17 (6) of article IV of the constitution is created to read:

[Article IV] Section 17 (6) (a) The people reserve to themselves the power of initiative to propose laws and amendments to this constitution and to approve or reject them at an election independently of the legislature as provided in this subsection. The people may propose an initiative law or constitutional amendment by petition for a vote of the people on the passage of the law or ratification of the amendment. The petition shall satisfy all of the following conditions:

1. If a petition for an initiative law, be signed by qualified electors equaling at
least 6 percent of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last preceding
gubernatorial election.

If a petition for an initiative constitutional amendment, be signed by
 qualified electors equaling at least 8 percent of the vote cast for the office of governor
 at the last preceding gubernatorial election.

13 3. Include the full text of the proposed law or constitutional amendment 14 prepared in proper form, as provided by law. Upon request by any qualified elector, 15 the agency administering state elections shall have the proposed law or 16 constitutional amendment drafted in proper form, as provided by law, and made 17 available to the public. The proposed law or amendment shall embrace no more than 18 one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

4. Be filed with the agency administering state elections not less than 120 days
before the election at which the proposed law or constitutional amendment is to be
voted upon.

(b) All signatures for a petition submitted under par. (a) must be made on paper.
After verifying the sufficiency of the signatures for a petition, the agency
administering state elections shall order the submission of the initiative law or
constitutional amendment to the qualified electors of the state for their approval or

rejection at the next succeeding general election occurring subsequent to 120 days
 after the filing of the petition.

(c) If approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election, an 3 4 initiative law or constitutional amendment shall go into effect on the 30th day after 5the date the agency administering state elections certifies the election results as 6 provided by law, unless a different effective date is specified in the initiative law or 7 amendment. The legislature may not repeal or amend an initiative law or any part 8 of an initiative law for the two years immediately succeeding its publication and may 9 not repeal or amend an initiative law or any part of an initiative law except by a vote 10 of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.

(d) If rejected by a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election,
substantially the same initiative law or constitutional amendment, as determined
by the agency administering state elections, may not be submitted again to the
qualified electors under par. (b) until a general election occurring at least five years
after the general election at which the initiative law or constitutional amendment
was rejected.

SECTION 5. Section 17 (7) of article IV of the constitution is created to read: [Article IV] Section 17 (7) No person may pay to or receive from another person money or another thing of value based on the number of signatures obtained on an initiative or referendum petition under this section. This subsection does not prohibit payment for signature gathering that is not based, either directly or indirectly, on the number of signatures obtained.

23 **SECTION 6.** Numbering of new provisions. If another constitutional 24 amendment ratified by the people creates the number of any provision created in this 25 joint resolution, the chief of the legislative reference bureau shall determine the sequencing and the numbering of the provisions whose numbers conflict and shall
 adjust any cross-references to those provisions.

3 **Be it further resolved, That** this proposed amendment be referred to the 4 legislature to be chosen at the next general election and that it be published for three 5 months previous to the time of holding such election.

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(END)