drug product application if FDA finds that the individual has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of any drug product under the FD&C Act. On January 28, 2019, Mrs. Edwards was convicted as defined in section 306(*I*)(1)(A) of the FD&C Act when judgment was entered against her in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Tennessee, Nashville Division, after her plea of guilty, to one count of conspiracy to commit mail fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. 371.

The factual basis for this conviction is as follows: As contained in count 1 of the indictment, filed on January 17, 2013, to which Mrs. Edwards pleaded guilty, from December 2006 through August 2009, Mrs. Edwards, along with others, through Cumberland Distribution, Inc. (Cumberland), a company Mrs. Edwards was an employee of, was engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs as defined by section 505(e) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 355(e)). Cumberland purchased millions of dollars of prescription drugs from unlicensed drug suppliers who were not authorized to distribute drugs under section 503 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 353). Mrs. Edwards knew that these unlicensed suppliers often procured drugs from street level drug diverters who had obtained the drugs from persons with legitimate prescriptions. On many occasions, Mrs. Edwards, along with others, had drugs shipped to shell companies, which Cumberland used as pass-throughs to create the appearance that Cumberland was purchasing drugs from licensed suppliers when in fact Cumberland was purchasing drugs from unlicensed suppliers. Afterwards, Mrs. Edwards, along with others, had these drugs shipped to Cumberland's Nashville warehouse where they were re-packaged and shipped to independent pharmacies around the country.

Mrs. Edwards also directed Cumberland employees to take steps to make it appear that the diverted drugs were purchased from authorized sellers, such as by: (1) Cleaning pharmaceutical bottles to remove evidence of glue, dirt or hair; (2) inspecting bottles for signs of diversion, such as scratches in the label, glue residue, broken seal, expired product, or illegible lot numbers; and (3) attaching patient information pamphlets to bottles that did not have them. The diverted drugs included drugs used to combat human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)/acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), antipsychotic medications, anti-depressants, blood pressure medications, and diabetes medications, among others. Through the

course of this scheme, Cumberland had gross proceeds of approximately \$58,984,912. Mrs. Edwards and two others obtained profits of approximately \$14,689,782.

As a result of this conviction, FDA sent Mrs. Edwards by certified mail on November 18, 2019, a notice proposing to permanently debar her from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. The proposal was based on a finding, under section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act, that Mrs. Edwards was convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act. The proposal also offered Mrs. Edwards an opportunity to request a hearing, providing her 30 days from the date of receipt of the letter in which to file the request, and advised her that failure to file a timely request for a hearing constituted an election not to use the opportunity for a hearing and a waiver of any contentions concerning this action. Mrs. Edwards received the proposal on December 2, 2019. Mrs. Edwards did not request a hearing within the timeframe prescribed by regulation and has, therefore, waived her opportunity for a hearing and any contentions concerning her debarment (21 CFR part 12).

## **II. Findings and Order**

Therefore, the Assistant Commissioner, Office of Human and Animal Food Operations, under section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act), under authority delegated to the Assistant Commissioner, finds that Brenda Elise Edwards has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct otherwise relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act.

As a result of the foregoing finding, Brenda Elise Edwards is permanently debarred from providing services in any capacity to a person with an approved or pending drug product application, applicable (see DATES) (see section 306(a)(2)(B) and (c)(2)(A)(ii) of the FD&C Act). Any person with an approved or pending drug product application who knowingly employs or retains as a consultant or contractor, or otherwise uses the services of Brenda Elise Edwards, in any capacity during her debarment, will be subject to civil money penalties (section 307(a)(6) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 335b(a)(6))). If Mrs. Edwards provides services in any capacity to a person with an approved or pending drug product application during her period of debarment, she will be subject to civil money penalties (section 307(a)(7) of the FD&C Act). In addition, FDA will not accept or review

any abbreviated new drug applications from Mrs. Edwards during her period of debarment, other than in connection with an audit under section 306(c)(1)(B) of the FD&C Act. Note that, for purposes of section 306 of the FD&C Act, a "drug product" is defined as a drug subject to regulation under section 505, 512, or 802 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 355, 360b, or 382) or under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262) (see section 201(dd) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 321(dd)).

Any application by Mrs. Edwards for special termination of debarment under section 306(d)(4) of the FD&C Act should be identified with Docket No. FDA-2019-N-4054 and sent to the Dockets Management Staff (see **ADDRESSES**). All such submissions are to be filed in four copies (21 CFR 10.20(a)). The public availability of information in these submissions is governed by 21 CFR 10.20.

Publicly available submissions may be seen in the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: March 13, 2020.

## Lowell J. Schiller,

Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 2020–05717 Filed 3–18–20; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2019-N-3608]

#### Stephen Kalinoski: Final Debarment Order

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

## ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) is issuing an order under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) permanently debarring Stephen Kalinoski from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. FDA bases this order on a finding that Mr. Kalinoski was convicted of a felony for conduct that relates to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act. Mr. Kalinoski was given notice of the proposed permanent debarment and an opportunity to request a hearing within the timeframe prescribed by regulation. Mr. Kalinoski failed to respond. Mr. Kalinoski's failure to request a hearing within the prescribed timeframe

constitutes a waiver of his right to a hearing concerning this action. **DATES:** This order is applicable March 19, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit applications for special termination of debarment to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jaime Espinosa, Division of Enforcement, Office of Strategic Planning and Operational Policy, Office of Regulatory Affairs, Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857, *debarments@ fda.hhs.gov*, or 240–402–8743. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** 

### I. Background

Section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 335a(a)(2)(B)) requires debarment of an individual if FDA finds that the individual has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of any drug product under the FD&C Act. On July 14, 2017, Mr. Kalinoski entered a plea of guilty to one count of conspiracy to commit wire fraud, a felony offense, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 371, and on December 19, 2017, judgment was entered against Mr. Kalinoski in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

The factual basis for this conviction is as follows: Mr. Kalinoski was the director of pharmacy and registered pharmacist in charge at Med Prep Consulting, Inc. (Med Prep), a medical drug repackager located and incorporated in New Jersey in 1994. Med Prep manufactured, repackaged, processed, packed, labeled, held, compounded, and distributed various drug products, including pain management medications, anesthesia and operating room drugs, and oncology and dialysis drugs. Mr. Kalinoski worked at Med Prep from approximately 2003 to its closing in the summer of 2013 and was in charge of repackaging and compounding operations and other drug-processing activities.

Between approximately January 2007 and April 2013, Mr. Kalinoski knowingly and intentionally conspired with other individuals to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud healthcare providers and to obtain money and property from them by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice, and attempting to do so, to transmit and cause to be transmitted, by means of wire communication in interstate commerce, writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds.

Specifically, during this time period, Mr. Kalinoski conspired with others to introduce and introduced, or caused the introduction of, adulterated and misbranded drugs into interstate commerce, all with the intent to defraud and mislead healthcare providers. The adulterated drugs Mr. Kalinoski introduced or caused to be introduced into interstate commerce were adulterated because they were prepared, packed, and held under insanitary conditions and because the drugs consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, and decomposed substance. The misbranded drugs Mr. Kalinoski introduced or caused to be introduced in interstate commerce were misbranded because the drugs were dangerous to health when used as labeled and because the labeling on the drugs regarding use by dates and the strength of the ingredients were false and misleading. Mr. Kalinoski assured healthcare providers that they were receiving drug products from Med Prep that were produced in full compliance with the law, were compounded and packaged in compliance with chapter 797 of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP 797) and would be safe for patients. Mr. Kalinoski also told healthcare providers that the beyond use dates that Mr. Kalinoski assigned to sterile drug products were supported by sterility testing that satisfied the requirements of USP 797. These representations were made in, among other places, quarterly reports that were sent by email to healthcare providers and on Med Prep's website. Mr. Kalinoski did not inform healthcare providers of failures to comply with USP 797 and basic sterility practices, and breaches of aseptic technique in Med Prep's cleanroom, which occurred repeatedly at Med Prep's facility.

By engaging in this conduct, Mr. Kalinoski violated Federal and State law applicable to drug preparation and created serious risks for patients who were being treated for cancer and other illnesses. Mr. Kalinoski misrepresented the quality of Med Prep's drug processing and repackaging operation to increase market share, and he engaged in substandard practices to save money and increase his profits. Relying on these misrepresentations and omissions, healthcare providers paid Med Prep approximately \$34,970,881 for its services between approximately 2007 and 2012.

Based on his conviction, FDA sent Mr. Kalinoski by certified mail on September 27, 2019, a notice proposing

to permanently debar him from providing services in any capacity to a person that has an approved or pending drug product application. The proposal was based on a finding, under section 306(a)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act, that Mr. Kalinoski was convicted, as set forth in section 306(l)(1) of the FD&C Act, of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act. The proposal also offered Mr. Kalinoski an opportunity to request a hearing, providing him 30 days from the date of receipt of the letter in which to file the request, and advised him that failure to file a timely request for a hearing constituted a waiver of the opportunity for a hearing and of any contentions concerning this action. Mr. Kalinoski received the proposal on October 3, 2019. Mr. Kalinoski did not request a hearing and has, therefore, waived his opportunity for a hearing and any contentions concerning his debarment (21 CFR part 12).

# **II. Findings and Order**

Therefore, the Assistant Commissioner, Office of Human and Animal Food Operations, under section 306(a)(2)(b) of the FD&C Act, under authority delegated to the Assistant Commissioner, finds that Stephen Kalinoski has been convicted of a felony under Federal law for conduct relating to the regulation of a drug product under the FD&C Act.

As a result of the foregoing finding, Stephen Kalinoski is permanently debarred from providing services in any capacity to a person with an approved or pending drug product application under sections 505, 512, or 802 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 355, 360b, or 382), or under section 351 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262), applicable (see DATES) (see sections 201(dd) and 306(c)(1)(B) and (c)(2)(A)(ii) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 321(dd) and 335a(c)(1)(B) and (c)(2)(A)(ii)). Any person with an approved or pending drug product application who knowingly employs or retains as a consultant or contractor, or otherwise uses in any capacity the services of Stephen Kalinoski during his debarment, will be subject to civil money penalties (section 307(a)(6) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 335b(a)(6))). If Mr. Kalinoski provides services in any capacity to a person with an approved or pending drug product application during his period of debarment, he will be subject to civil money penalties (section 307(a)(7) of the FD&C Act). In addition, FDA will not accept or review any abbreviated new drug applications from Mr. Kalinoski during his period of

debarment (section 306(c)(1)(B) of the FD&C Act).

Any application by Mr. Kalinoski for special termination of debarment under section 306(d)(4) of the FD&C Act should be identified with Docket No. FDA-2019-N-3608 and sent to the Dockets Management Staff (see **ADDRESSES**). All such submissions are to be filed in one copy. The public availability of information in these submissions is governed by 21 CFR 10.20.

Publicly available submissions may be seen in the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: March 13, 2020.

## Lowell J. Schiller,

Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 2020–05715 Filed 3–18–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164-01-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Health Resources and Services Administration

# Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Organ Transplantation

**AGENCY:** Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Advisory Committee on Organ Transplantation (ACOT) meeting will be held by webinar and conference call, rather than in-person as previously announced, due to unforeseen circumstances. The webinar link, conference call-in number, registration information, and meeting materials can be accessed through the registration link posted on the ACOT website at https:// www.organdonor.gov/about-dot/acot/ meetings.html.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert Walsh, Designated Federal Official, (DFO), at Division of Transplantation, HRSA, 5600 Fishers Lane, 8W60, Rockville, Maryland 20857; 301–443–6839; or *RWalsh@hrsa.gov*.

Correction: Meeting will be held by webinar and conference call rather than in-person as previously announced.

## Maria G. Button,

*Director, Executive Secretariat.* [FR Doc. 2020–05727 Filed 3–18–20; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4165–15–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# National Institutes of Health

## National Eye Institute; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the National Eye Institute Special Emphasis Panel, March 19, 2020, 9:30 a.m. to March 19, 2020, 4:00 p.m., Hilton Garden Inn Bethesda, 7301 Waverly Street, Bethesda, MD 20814 which was published in the **Federal Registar** on January 30, 2020, 85 FR 5458.

This meeting notice is being amended to change the format from a face-to-face meeting to a videoconference. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: March 13, 2020.

### Melanie J. Pantoja,

Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2020–05695 Filed 3–18–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

## Federal Emergency Management Agency

[Docket ID FEMA-2019-0020 OMB No. 1660-0125]

## Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; FEMA Preparedness Grants: Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP)

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. **ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance in accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The submission will describe the nature of the information collection, the categories of respondents, the estimated burden (i.e., the time, effort and resources used by respondents to respond) and cost, and the actual data collection instruments FEMA will use, this notice seeks comments concerning the HSGP. DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before April 20, 2020.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit written comments on the proposed information collection to the Office of Information and

Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget. Comments should be addressed to the Desk Officer for the Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, and sent via electronic mail to *dhsdeskofficer@ omb.eop.gov.* 

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection should be made to Director, Information Management Division, 500 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, email address FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov or Laila Ouhamou, Acting Branch Chief, Program Development and Support Branch, Grant Programs Directorate, FEMA, 202-786-9461. You may contact the FEMA Information Management Division for copies of the proposed collection of information at email address: FEMA-Information-Collections-Management@fema.dhs.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This proposed information collection previously published in the **Federal Register** on November 27, 2019, at 84 FR 65402 with a 60-day public comment period. One comment was submitted for the docket ID, but it was unrelated to this information collection. The purpose of this notice is to notify the public that FEMA will submit the information collection abstracted below to the Office of Management and Budget for review and clearance.

## **Collection of Information**

*Title:* FEMA Preparedness Grants: Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP).

*Type of Information Collection:* Revision of a currently approved information collection

OMB Number: 1660–0125 FEMA Forms: FEMA Form 089–1, HSGP Investment Justification (SHSP and UASI); FEMA Form 089–16, OPSG Operations Order Report; FEMA Form 089–20, OPSG Inventory of Operation Orders.

*Abstract:* The HSGP is an important tool among a comprehensive set of measures to help strengthen the Nation against risks associated with potential terrorist attacks. DHS/FEMA uses the information to evaluate applicants' familiarity with the national preparedness architecture and identify how elements of this architecture have been incorporated into regional/State/ local planning, operations, and investments.

The HSGP is a primary funding mechanism for building and sustaining national preparedness capabilities. The