than 2,000 lb (907.2 kg) of Atlantic herring from Area 3 from that trip. A vessel may transit through Area 3 with more than 2,000 lb (907.2 kg) of Atlantic herring on board, provided all herring was caught outside of Area 3 and all fishing gear is stowed and not available for immediate use as defined by § 648.2.

Effective 00:01 hr local time, June 6, 2020, through 24:00 hr local time, December 31, 2020, federally permitted dealers may not purchase, possess, receive, sell, barter, trade or transfer more than 2,000 lb (907.2 kg) of Atlantic herring per trip or calendar day from Area 3 from a vessel issued and holding a valid Federal herring permit, unless it is from a trip landed by a vessel that entered port before 00:01 hr local time, June 6, 2020.

Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

NMFS finds good cause pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B) to waive prior notice and the opportunity for public comment because it would be contrary to the public interest and impracticable. NMFS also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delayed effectiveness in accordance with 5 U.S.C 553(d)(3). NMFS is required by Federal regulation to implement a 2,000-lb (907.2-kg) Atlantic herring possession limit for Management Area 3 through the calendar year when 92 percent of the area quota is projected to be harvested. The 2020 Atlantic herring fishing year began on January 1, 2020. Data indicating the Atlantic herring fleet will have landed at least 92 percent of the 2020 sub-ACL allocated to Management Area 3 only recently became available. High-volume catch and landings in this fishery increase total catch relative to the sub-ACL quickly, especially in this fishing year where annual catch limits are unusually low. If implementation of this closure is delayed to solicit prior public comment, the sub-ACL for Management Area 3 for this fishing year will likely be exceeded; thereby, undermining the conservation objectives of the FMP. If sub-ACLs are exceeded, the excess must also be deducted from a future sub-ACL and would reduce future fishing opportunities.

In addition, the public had prior notice and full opportunity to comment on this process when these provisions were put in place. The public expects these actions to occur in a timely way consistent with the fishery management plan's objectives.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: June 4, 2020.

Hélène M.N. Scalliet,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2020–12468 Filed 6–4–20; 4:15 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 180625576-8999-02]

RIN 0648-BJ81

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; 2019–2020 Biennial Specifications and Management Measures; Inseason Adjustments

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule; inseason adjustments to biennial groundfish management measures.

SUMMARY: This final rule announces routine inseason adjustments to management measures in commercial groundfish fisheries. This action is intended to allow commercial fishing vessels to access more abundant groundfish stocks, while protecting overfished and depleted stocks.

 $\textbf{DATES:} \ Effective \ June \ 9, \ 2020.$

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gretchen Hanshew, phone: 206–526–6147 or email: gretchen.hanshew@noaa.gov.

Electronic Access

This rule is accessible via the internet at the Office of the Federal Register website at https://www.federalregister.gov. Background information and documents are available at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at http://www.pcouncil.org/.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (PCGFMP) and its implementing regulations at 50 CFR part 660, subparts C through G, regulate fishing for over 90 species of groundfish off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. The Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) develops groundfish harvest specifications and management

measures for two-year periods (i.e., a biennium). NMFS published the final rule to implement harvest specifications and management measures for the 2019–2020 biennium for most species managed under the PCGFMP on December 12, 2018 (83 FR 63970). In general, the management measures set at the start of the biennial harvest specifications cycle help the various sectors of the fishery attain, but not exceed, the catch limits for each stock. The Council, in coordination with Pacific Coast Treaty Indian Tribes and the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, recommends adjustments to the management measures during the fishing year to achieve this goal. At its April 4-10, 2020 meeting, the Council recommended increased trip limits for limited entry fixed gear (LEFG) and open access (OA) fisheries for sablefish, lingcod, canary rockfish, yellowtail rockfish, nearshore rockfish, shelf rockfish, slope rockfish and flatfish.

Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries are managed using harvest specifications or limits (e.g., overfishing limits [OFL], acceptable biological catch [ABC], annual catch limits [ACL] and harvest guidelines [HG]) recommended biennially by the Council and based on the best scientific information available at that time (50 CFR 660.60(b)). During development of the harvest specifications, the Council also recommends mitigation measures (e.g., trip limits, area closures, and bag limits) that are meant to mitigate catch so as not to exceed the harvest specifications. The harvest specifications and mitigation measures developed for the 2019–2020 biennium used data through the 2017 fishing year. Each of the adjustments to mitigation measures discussed below are based on updated fisheries information that was unavailable when the analysis for the current harvest specifications was completed. As new fisheries data becomes available, adjustments to mitigation measures are projected to help harvesters achieve but not exceed the harvest limits. Measures implemented in this rule took into account fisheries data through the end of March, 2020.

The increased trip limits were requested by industry stakeholders and the Groundfish Advisory Subpanel (GAP) to relieve some restrictions for non-trawl commercial fisheries off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California, and to allow increased potential for utilization of available stocks where markets exist. The trip limit increases in this action are intended to expand access to certain fish stocks for the commercial non-trawl

fleets during overall market declines and state restrictions that may limit fishing effort, and will help meet the current and rising demand of smaller domestic markets that are providing fresh fish to coastal communities and grocers. These increases to trip limits are intended to provide some relief to coastal fishing communities that have sustained severe disruptions in markets and decreases in tourist income due to state fishery closures.

Limited Entry Fixed Gear and Open Access Trip Limits

Due to changes in markets and state restrictions, projections of catch through the end of the year were expected to remain low, given lower than expected effort and landings. For example, sablefish landings north of 36° N lat. were expected to reach only 40 to 70 percent of its non-trawl allocation under the existing trip limits through the end of the year, down from a projected 68 to 93 percent attainment through the end of the year, when 2020 trip limits were previously set at the end of 2019 (85 FR 250, January 3, 2020).

The Council recommended, and NMFS is implementing, trips limits that provide economic benefits for fishery participants coastwide, but, primarily provide increased opportunity in California and Oregon, because Washington does not have a nearshore fishery. Trip limit changes north of 40°10′ N lat. for LEFG and OA Pacific groundfish fisheries for periods 3-6 (i.e., May-December) are described in Tables 1 and 3. Trip limit changes south of 40°10′ N lat. for LEFG and OA Pacific groundfish fisheries for periods 3-6 (i.e., May-December) are described in Tables 2 and 4.

TABLE 1—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR LEFG PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES NORTH OF 40°10' N LAT. BY SPECIES/ STOCK COMPLEX

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Minor Slope Rockfish & Darkblotched rockfish	North of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "6,000 lb (2,722 kg)/2 month". New: "8,000 lb (3,629 kg)/2 months".
Sablefish	North of 40°10' N lat	Old: "1,300 lb (590 kg) week, not to exceed 3,900 lb (1,769 kg)/2 months". New: "1,500 lb (680 kg) week, not to exceed 4,500 lb
		(2,041 kg)/2 months".
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish.	North of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "5,000 lb (2,268 kg)/month". New: "10,000 lb (4,536 kg)/month".
Minor Shelf Rockfish, Shortbelly, & Widow Rockfish	North of 40°10' N lat	Old: "200 lb (91 kg)/month". New: "800 lb (363 kg)/month".
Yellowtail rockfish	North of 40°10′ N lat	
Canary rockfish	North of 40°10′ N lat	, , ,
Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington Black rockfish & Oregon Black/blue/deacon rockfish.	42° N lat. to 40°10′ N lat	Old: "7,000 lb (3,175 kg)/2 months, no more than 1,500 lb (680 kg) of which may be species other than black rockfish".
		New: "7,000 lb (3,175 kg)/2 months, no more than 2,000 lb (907 kg) of which may be species other than black rockfish".
Lingcod	North of 42° N lat	Old: "2,600 lb (1,179 kg)/2 months". New: "4,000 lb (1,814 kg)/2 months".
	42° N lat. to 40°10′ N lat	Old: "1,400 lb (635 kg)/2 months". New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months".

TABLE 2—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR LEFG PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES SOUTH OF 40°10'N LAT. BY SPECIES/ STOCK COMPLEX AND AREA

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Minor Slope Rockfish & Darkblotched rockfish	South of 40°10′ N lat	Old:"40,000 lb (18,144 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 4,000 lb (1,814 kg) may be blackgill rockfish". New: "40,000 lb (18,144 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 5,500 lb (2,495 kg) may be blackgill rockfish".
Sablefish	40°10′ N lat. to 36° N lat	Old: "1,300 lb (590 kg) week, not to exceed 3,900 lb (1,769 kg)/2 months". New: "1,500 lb (680 kg) week, not to exceed 4,500 lb (2,041 kg)/2 months".
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish.	South of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "5,000 lb (2,268 kg)/month". New: "10,000 lb (4,536 kg)/month".
Minor Shelf Rockfish, Shortbelly rockfish, Widow Rockfish (including Chilipepper between 40°10 N lat.—34°27 N lat.	40°10′ N lat. to 34°27′ N lat	Old: "Minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly, widow rockfish, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb (1,134 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 500 lb (227 kg) may be any species other than chilipepper.". New: "8,000 lbs (3,629 kg)/2 months, of which no more
		than 500 lb (227 kg) may be vermilion".
	South of 34°27' N lat	Old: "4,000 lb (1,814 kg)/2 months".
		New: "5,000 lbs (2,268 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 4,000 lb (1,814 kg) may be vermilion rockfish".

TABLE 2—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR LEFG PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES SOUTH OF 40°10'N LAT. BY SPECIES/ STOCK COMPLEX AND AREA—Continued

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Chilipepper	South of 34°27' N lat	Old: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA". New: "4,000 lb (1,814 kg)/2 months, this opportunity
		only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA".
Canary rockfish	40°10' N lat. to 34°27' N lat	Old: "300 lb (136 kg)/2 months".
		New: "3,500 lb (1,588 kg)/2 months".
	South of 34°27' N lat	Old: "300 lb (136 kg)/2 months".
		New: "3,500 lb (1,588 kg)/2 months".
Minor Nearshore Rockfish, California Black rockfish, &	South of 40°10' N lat.;	Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/2 months".
Oregon Black/Blue/Deacon rockfish.	Shallow nearshore.	New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months".
	South of 40°10' N lat.;	Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/2 months".
	Deeper nearshore.	New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months".
Lingcod	South of 40°10' N lat	Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/2 months".
•		New: "1,500 lb (680 kg)/2 months".

TABLE 3—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR OA PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES NORTH OF 40°10′ N LAT. BY SPECIES/STOCK COMPLEX AND AREA

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Minor Slope Rockfish & Darkblotched rockfish	North 40°10' N lat	Old: "500 lb (227 kg)/month".
Sablefish	North of 40°10′ N lat	New: "1,000 lb (454 kg)/month". Old: "300 lb (136 kg) day; or one landing per week up to 1,200 lb (544 kg), not to exceed 2,400 lb (1089 kg)/2 months".
		New: "300 lb day (136 kg); or one landing per week up to 1,500 lb (680 kg), not to exceed 3,000 lb (1,361 kg)/2 months".
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish.	North of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "3,000 lb (1,361 kg)/month, no more than 300 lb (136 kg) of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs".
Minor Shelf Rockfish, Shortbelly, & Widow Rockfish	North of 40°10′ N lat	New: "5,000 lb (2,268 kg)/month". Old: "200 lb (91 kg)/month". New: "800 lb (363 kg)/month",
Yellowtail rockfish	North of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "500 lb (227 kg)/month". New: "1,500 lb (680 kg)/month".
Canary rockfish	North of 40°10' N lat	Old: "300 lb (136 kg)/2 months". New: "1,000 lb (454 kg)/2 months".
Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington Black rockfish & Oregon Black/blue/deacon rockfish.	42° N lat. to 40°10′ N lat	Old: "7,000 lb (3,175 kg)/2 months, no more than 1,500 lb (680 kg) of which may be species other than black rockfish".
		New: "7,000 lb (3,175 kg)/2 months, no more than 2,000 lb (907 kg) of which may be species other than black rockfish".
Lingcod	North of 42° N lat	Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/month". New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/month".
	42° N lat. to 40°10′ N lat	Old: "600 lb (272 kg)/month". New: "1,000 lb (454 kg)/month".

TABLE 4—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR OA PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES SOUTH OF 40°10' N LAT. BY SPECIES/STOCK COMPLEX AND AREA

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Minor Slope Rockfish & Darkblotched rockfish	South of 40°10′ N lat	Old: "10,000 lb (4,536 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 800 lb (363 kg) may be blackgill rockfish". New: "10,000 lb (4,536 kg)/2 months, of which no more than 1,500 lb (680 kg) may be blackgill rockfish".
Sablefish	40°10′ N lat. to 36° N lat	Old: "300 lb (136 kg) day; or one landing per week up to 1,200 lb (544 kg), not to exceed 2,400 lb (1,089 kg)/2 months".
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish.	South of 40°10′ N lat	New: "300 lb (136 kg) day; or one landing per week up to 1,500 lb (680 kg), not to exceed 3,000 lb (1,361 kg)/2 months. Old: "3,000 lb (1,361 kg)/month, no more than 300 lb (136 kg) of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs". New: "5,000 lb (2,268 kg)/month".

TABLE 4—TRIP LIMIT INCREASES FOR OA PACIFIC GROUNDFISH FISHERIES SOUTH OF 40°10' N LAT. BY SPECIES/STOCK COMPLEX AND AREA—Continued

Species/stock complex	Area	Trip limits
Minor Shelf Rockfish, Shortbelly, Widow rockfish and Chilipepper.	40°10′ N lat. to 34°27′ N lat	New: "4,000 lb (1,814 kg)/2 months, of which no more
	South of 34°27′ N lat	than 400 lb (181 kg) may be vermilion". Old: "1,500 lb (680 kg)/2 months". New: "3,000 lb (1,361 kg)/2 months, of which no more
Canary rockfish	South of 40°10′ N lat	than 1,500 lb (680 kg) may be vermilion rockfish". Old: "300 lb (136 kg)/2 months".
Minor Nearshore Rockfish, California Black rockfish, & Oregon Black/Blue/Deacon rockfish.	South of 40°10′ N lat.; Shallow nearshore.	New: "1,500 lb (680 kg)/2 months". Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/2 months". New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months".
Отедоп ыаск/ыше/реасоп тоскизп.	South of 40°10′ N lat.; Deeper nearshore.	Old: "1,200 lb (544 kg)/2 months". New: "2,000 lb (907 kg)/2 months".
Lingcod	South of 40°10' N lat	Old: "500 lb (227 kg)/month". New: "700 lb (318 kg)/month".

The changes are expected to increase landings for most species. For example, for lingcod, the current coastwide estimate for LEFG and OA mortality is 212.5 mt. With these trip limit increases, total coastwide LEFG and OA landings of lingcod could increase to between 258 and 289 mt, and ex-vessel revenue could increase by a high of \$537,000. The actual increase in

landings will vary depending upon new entrants to the OA fishery, full attainment of trip limits, and access to healthy, stable markets. Harvest of these species' non-trawl allocations are projected to increase between 0.07 percent and 66.7 percent from expected 2020 catch under current regulations and loss of markets, depending on the stock. Harvest is not expected to

approach or exceed 2020 catch limits through the end of the year (Table 5). Therefore, the changes in trip limits do not change projected impacts compared to the impacts evaluated in the 2019—2020 harvest specifications because the harvest specifications assume that the entire ACL is harvested.

TABLE 5—PROJECTED CATCHES THROUGH THE END OF 2020 COMPARED TO STOCK-SPECIFIC 2020 ACLS, WHERE APPLICABLE

Stock	2020 ACL (mt)	Projected impacts before this inseason action (percent of ACL) ¹	Projected impacts with this inseason action (percent of ACL) ²
Canary rockfish	1,368	91.7	96
Lingcod North of 40°10′ N lat	4,541	60.4	61.8
Lingcod South of 40°10′ N lat	869	83.3	85.4
Darkblotched rockfish	815	95.9	96.0
Minor Slope Rockfish North of 40°10' N lat	1,732	84.2	84.2
Nearshore Rockfish South of 40°10′ N lat	1,163	61.1	70.0
Sablefish North of 36° N lat	5,723	77–86	85–94
Yellowtail rockfish North of 40°10' N lat	5,986	92.4	92.4
Yelloweye Rockfish ³	49	53	56
Cowcod ³	10	70	90

¹ Assumes full harvest of allocations in individual fishing quota (IFQ) fisheries, exempted fisheries, and tribal fisheries. Assumes no changes to trip limits or RCA boundaries from what was scheduled to be in place for 2020, as of December 2019.

² Assumes full harvest of allocations in IFQ fisheries, exempted fisheries, and tribal fisheries. Assumes trip limit and RCA boundary adjustments recommended by the Council are implemented.

³These values were considered a range of projections due to uncertainty. This table presents the highest projection from the range of impacts considered by the Council.

The projected increase in landings is expected to occur with only minor increases in bycatch of non-target species, including yelloweye rockfish and cowcod. Modifications to the trip limits are projected to increase mortality of yelloweye rockfish, which is the last remaining rebuilding groundfish species, between 0.6–1.8 mt. Projected mortality of yelloweye rockfish due to the increased trip limits remains within the ACL, with less than 60 percent of the ACL projected to be harvested. While there is uncertainty in

projections, projected impacts to the yelloweye rockfish mortality in the LEFG and OA fisheries could double from what is projected to occur and total impacts, when combined with all other sources, would still be below the ACL. Therefore, the changes in trip limits do not change projected impacts compared to the impacts evaluated in the 2019—2020 harvest specifications because the harvest specifications assume that the entire ACL is harvested.

Classification

This final rule makes routine inseason adjustments to groundfish fishery management measures, based on the best scientific information available, consistent with the PCGFMP and its implementing regulations.

This action is taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.60(c) and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

The aggregate data upon which these actions are based are available for public inspection by contacting Gretchen

Hanshew in NMFS West Coast Region (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT, above), or view at the NMFS West Coast Groundfish website: http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/fisheries/groundfish/index.html.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b), NMFS finds good cause to waive prior public notice and an opportunity for public comment on this action, as notice and comment would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest. The adjustments to management measures in this document ease restrictive trip limits on groundfish fisheries in Washington, Oregon and California. No aspect of this action is controversial, and changes to trip limits were anticipated in the final rule for the 2019-2020 harvest specifications and management measures which published on December 12, 2018 (83 FR 63970).

At its April 2020 meeting, the Council recommended increases to the commercial trip limits be implemented as soon as possible so that the few harvesters that have viable markets can harvest available quotas that would otherwise be unharvested during a lull in fishing effort. Each of the adjustments to commercial management measures in this rule will create more harvest opportunity and allow fishermen to better attain species that are currently under attained without causing any additional impacts to the fishery that were not previously considered. Each of these recommended adjustments also rely on new catch data that were not available and thus not considered during the 2019-2020 biennial harvest specifications process. New catch information through March 2020 shows that harvest of these target species (sablefish, lingcod, canary rockfish, yellowtail rockfish, nearshore rockfish, shelf rockfish, slope rockfish and flatfish) has been much lower than anticipated due to diminished effort due to current market conditions expressed by industry and the Council. Without the actions taken in this final rule, fishermen that have access to markets

might find it challenging to meet demand, while overall harvest will be much diminished from that projected during the 2019–2020 biennial harvest specifications process. Markets will likely take time to recover from current conditions. As they do, further action can be considered based on updated fishery data to keep harvest of these groundfish species below their respective management points (*i.e.*, HG, ACL, and non-trawl allocation), while providing fishing opportunity to meet market demands, through the end of the year.

These coastwide trip limit adjustments are anticipated to help offset economic losses to coastal communities from state fishery closures and stagnant markets. Coastal communities, across all three states, would normally be expecting approximately \$68.3 million in economic contributions from recreational fishing between March-May 2020. Recreational fisheries closures or delayed seasons in all three states will severely limit the expected economic contributions that those fisheries provide to coastal communities. In commercial fisheries, effort is down due to market issues, and the changes in this final rule could provide up to an additional \$2 million in ex-vessel revenue to harvesters, not including benefits to communities and associated businesses, from what was estimated without this action. Delaying implementation to allow for public comment would likely reduce the economic benefits to the commercial fishing industry and the businesses that rely on that industry because it is unlikely the new regulations would be published and could be implemented before the end of the calendar year. Therefore, providing a comment period for this action could significantly limit the economic benefits to the fishery, and would hamper the achievement of optimum yield from the affected fisheries.

Therefore, the NMFS finds reason to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1) so that this final rule may become effective upon publication in the Federal **Register**. The adjustments to management measures in this document affect commercial fisheries by increasing opportunity and relieving participants of the more restrictive trip limits. These adjustments were requested by the Council's advisory bodies, as well as members of industry during the Council's April 2020 meetings, and recommended unanimously by the Council. No aspect of this action is controversial, and changes of this nature were anticipated in the biennial harvest specifications and management measures established through a notice and comment rulemaking for 2019-2020 (83 FR 63970; December 12, 2018).

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 660

Fisheries, Fishing, and Indian fisheries.

Dated: June 4, 2020.

Hélène M.N. Scalliet,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 50 CFR part 660 is amended as follows:

PART 660—FISHERIES OFF WEST COAST STATES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 660 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*, 16 U.S.C. 773 *et seq.*, and 16 U.S.C. 7001 *et seq.*

■ 2. Table 2 (North) to part 660, subpart E, is revised to read as follows:

Table 2 (North) to Part 660, Subpart 3— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Fear North of 40°10′ N Lat.

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

Table 2 (North) to Part 660, Subpart E -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear North of 40°10' N. lat. Other limits and requirements apply -- Read §§660.10 through 660.399 before using this table 06/01/2020 JAN-FEB MAR-APR JUL-AUG SEP-OCT NOV-DEC Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)1/: 1 North of 46 16' N. lat. shoreline - 100 fm line1 46°16' N. lat. - 42°00' N. lat. 30 fm line^{1/} - 100 fm line^{1/} 30 fm line^{1/} - 100 fm line^{1/} 3 42°00' N. lat. - 40°10' N. lat. See §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFHCAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. Minor Slope Rockfish^{2/} & Darkblotched 6,000 lb/2 month 8,000 lb/2 month rockfish 5 Pacific ocean perch 1,800 lb/ 2 months 1,300 lb week, not to exceed 6 Sablefish 1,500 lb/ week, not to exceed 4,500 lbs/ 2 months 3,900 lbs/2months 10.000 lb/ 2 months 7 Longspine thornyhead Shortspine thornyhead 2.000 lb/ 2 months 2.500 lb/ 2 months D 9 5,000 lb/ month 10.000 lb/ month Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more 10 flounder, Other Flatfish3/ than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line, are not subject to the RCAs. Ш 11 Whiting 10 000 lb/ trip Minor Shelf Rockfish21, Shortbelly, & N 200 lb/ month 800 lb/ month Widow rockfish 13 Yellowtail rockfish 1,000 lb/ month 3 000 lb/ month 14 Canary rockfish 300 lb/ 2 months 3.000 lb/ 2 months Z 15 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 0 16 Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington Black rockfish & Oregon Black/blue/deacon rockfish 7 5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish or 17 North of 42°00' N. lat. blue/deacon rockfish4 **5** 8 500 lb/ 2 7.000 lb/2 months, no months, no more than more than 7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 2,000 lb of which may be 1.500 lb of 1.500 lb of 18 42°00' N. lat. - 40°10' N. lat. which may be which may be species other than black rockfish species other species other than black than black rockfish rockfish 19 Lingcod^{5/} 20 North of 42°00' N. lat 2,600 lb/2 months 4,000 lb/ 2 months 21 42°00' N. lat. - 40°10' N. lat 1.400 lb/2 months 2.000 lb/ 2 months 22 Pacific cod 1,000 lb/ 2 months 150,000 lb/ 2 23 Spiny dogfish 200,000 lb/ 2 months 100,000 lb/ 2 months months 24 Longnose skate Unlimited 25 Other Fish^{6/}& Cabezon in California Unlimited 26 Oregon Cabezon/Kelp Greenling Unlimited 27 Big skate Unlimited 1/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by particular gear types, bounded by lines specifically defined by latitude and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours (with the exception of the 20-fm depth contour boundary south of 42°N. lat.), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose other than transiting. 2/ Bocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod are included in the trip limits for Minor Shelf Rockfish and splitnose rockfish is included in the trip limits for Minor Slope Rockfish. 3/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole 4/ For black rockfish north of Cape Alava (48°09.50' N. lat.), and between Destruction Is. (47°40' N. lat.) and Leadbetter Pnt. (46°38.17' N. lat.), 738 there is an additional limit of 100 lb or 30 percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip. 5/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 22 inches (56 cm) total length North of 42 N. lat. and 24 inches (61 cm) total length South of 42 N. lat. 6/ "Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include kelp greenling off California and leopard shark. To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

 \blacksquare 3. Table 2 (South) to part 660, subpart E, is revised to read as follows:

Table 2 (South) to Part 660, Subpart E— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear South of 40°10′ N Lat.

Object Inits and requirements apply - Read \$\$860.10 through 680.396 before using this table		le 2 (South) to Part 660, Subpart E - ith of 40°10' N. lat.	- Non-Trawl R	ockfish Conse	ervation Areas	and Trip Limi	its for Limited	Entry Fixed	Gear
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)**: 40°10° N. lat 34°27° N. lat. 40° Im line** - 150° Im line** 40° Im line** 40° Im line** 25° Im line** 40°		Other limits and requirements apply Rea	d §§660.10 throu	gh 660.399 befor	e using this table		Surrenness and Surren		06/01/202
1			JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
See § \$60.00 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See § \$60.70-660.74 and \$ \$60.75 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFFCAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits to seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. 3 Minor Slope rockfish** & Darkblotched rockfish** 4 Spiltnose rockfish** 4 Spiltnose rockfish** 5 Sablerish 4 O'10** N. lat36'00** N. lat. 1,300 ib week, not to exceed 3,300 ib/2 months. 3 South of 36'00** N. lat. 1,300 ib week, not to exceed 3,300 ib/2 months. 4 Spiltnose rockfish** 4 O'10** N. lat34'27* N. lat. 5 South of 32'7 N. lat. 5 South of 36'00** N. lat. 2,000 ib/2 months 3,000 ib/2 months 1,000 ib/2 months 3,000 ib/2 months 4 Whiting 5 Minor Shelf Rockfish**, Shortbelly rockfish, Widow rockfish, full-peper lockfish, shortbelly weights per line, are not subject to the RCAs. 4 Whiting 5 Minor Shelf Rockfish**, Shortbelly rockfish, Widow rockfish, full-peper lockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish is chippeper 2,500 ib/2 months, of which no more than 5,000 ib may be verificated under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish is chippeper 2,500 ib/2 months, of which no more than 5,000 ib may be verificated under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish in this peper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish in this peper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish in this peper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish in this peper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish including chippeper 2, 200 ib/2 months, clist peper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish incordish	Roc	-	assentation	e de la companyante del companyante de la compan	and the second	- Paragraphia	Palatanian	000000	
See §§\$60.09 and 650.230 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Faralion Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFICAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. 3 Minor Slope rockfish* 8 Darkblotched rockfish but on the plackgill rockfish 40,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 5,500 lb may be blackgill rockfish 40,000 lb/ 2 months. 5 Sablefish 40°10'N lat36°0'N lat 3,900 lbs/2months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lbs/2months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months 2,000 lb/ 2 months 3,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 50 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be 40° 10° N lat34° 27° N lat 500 lb/ 2 months, of whic	1	40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat.			40 fm line ¹⁷ -	125 fm line ^{1/}			
\$\$60.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (Including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Faralion Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFICAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters of Oregon and California. Minor Stope rockfish*	2	South of 34 [°] 27' N. lat.		75 fm line ¹	[/] - 150 fm line ^{1/} (a	also applies arou	ınd islands)		
Minor Slope rockfish				rdinates (includ					d
### Whiting ### W		State trip limits and seasons may be n	nore restrictive than	n Federal trip limits	or seasons, particu	larly in waters off	Oregon and Califorr	nia.	
1,300 lb week, not to exceed 1,500 lb week, not to exceed 3,900 lbs/2months 1,500 lb week, not to exceed 3,900 lbs/2months 2,000 lb/ week 2,000 lb/ 2months 2,000 lb/ 2months 2,500 lb/ 2mont	3		more than 1,	375 lb may be	40,000 lb/ 2 m	,		500 lb may be	
1,300 lb week, not to exceed 4,500 lbs/2 months 1,300 lb week, not to exceed 4,500 lbs/2 months 2,000 lb/ week 1,000	4	Splitnose rockfish	_		40,000 lb/	2 months			
South of 36 00 N. lat 36 00	5	Sablefish							
Such spine thornyhead 10,000 lb/ 2 months 2,500 lb/ 2 months 2,5	6	40 [°] 10' N. lat 36 [°] 00' N. lat.			1,500 lb/	week, not to exe	ceed 4,500 lbs/ 2	months	
Shortspine thormyhead 40 10 N. lat 34 27 N. lat South of 34 27 N. lat	7	South of 36°00' N. lat.			2,000 lb	o/ week] [
10 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat South of 34					10,000 lb/	2 months			」 ▶
South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27'	-			2 000 lb/ 2 month	. 1		2 E00 lb/ 2 month	•	
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish ³ South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line, are not subject to the RCAs. Whitting	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		·	2,000 10/ 2 11101101			2,300 ID/ 2 111011111	5	
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish. South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line, are not subject to the RCAs. Whiting 10,000 lb/ trip Winor Shelf Rockfish2", Shortbelly rockfish, Widow rockfish (including Chillipepper between 40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.) Minor shelf rockfish, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be wermilion rockfish South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above Canary rockfish Canary rockfish Velloweye rockfish CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED	' '	South of 34 27 N. lat.			3,000 lb/ 2	2 1110111115			I
flounder, Other Flatfish ³ / than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line, are not subject to the RCAs. 14 Whiting 10,000 lb/ trip 15 Minor Shelf Rockfish ² , Shortbelly rockfish, Widow rockfish (including Chilipepper between 40 10 - 34 27' N. lat.) 16 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. 17 South of 34 27' N. lat. 18 Chilipepper 19 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. 20 Chilipepper 20 South of 34 27' N. lat. 21 Canary rockfish 22 4 Velloweye rockfish 23 South of 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months	12	Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder,	5,000 lb/ month 10,000 lb/ month					」'''	
Minor Shelf Rockfish ^{2/} , Shortbelly rockfish, Widow rockfish (including Chilipepper between 40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.) Minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly, widow rockfish, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb/2 months, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb/2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be vermilion rockfish South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 20 South of 34°27' N. lat. South of 34°27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 4,000 lb/2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 4,000 lb/2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 21 Canary rockfish South of 34°27' N. lat. South of 34°27' N. lat. South of 34°27' N. lat. CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED	13		than 12 hooks	per line, using ho	ooks no larger tha	n "Number 2" ho	ooks, which meas	sure 0.44 in (11	8
Minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly, widow rockfish, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lbs may be vermilion rockfish South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper 17 South of 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper 18 Chilipepper 19 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 20 South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 20 South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 300 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 21 Canary rockfish 22 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. CLOSED 3,500 lb/ 2 months CLOSED 25 Cowcod CLOSED	14	Whiting			10,000	lb/ trip			
Minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly, widow rockfish, & chilipepper: 2,500 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 500 lb may be any species other than chilipepper. South of 34 27' N. lat. 4,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 4,000 lb may be vermillion rockfish Chilipepper 40 10' N. lat 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above South of 34 27' N. lat. South of 34 27' N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA Canary rockfish 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA Canary rockfish South of 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months CLOSED Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED CLOSED	15	Minor Shelf Rockfish ^{2/} , Shortbelly rockf	ish, Widow rock	fish (including	Chilipepper bety	ween 40 [°] 10' - 34	ı°27' N. lat.)		၂ ဟ
South of 34 27' N. lat. Months CLOSED Vermilion rockfish	16	40 [°] 10' N. lat 34 [°] 27' N. lat.	widow rockfish 2,500 lb/ 2 mon more than 500	ths, of which no blb may be any	8,000 lb/ 2 m) lbs may be	u t
19 40°10′ N. lat 34°27′ N. lat. Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 20 South of 34°27′ N. lat. 2,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 21 Canary rockfish 22 4 Yelloweye rockfish Chilipepper included under minor shelf rockfish, shortbelly and widow rockfish limits See above 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 4,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED	17	South of 34 [°] 27' N. lat.		CLOSED	5,000 lb/ 2 m			00 lb may be	
20 South of 34 27' N. lat. 2,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 21 Canary rockfish 22 4 Yelloweye rockfish 23 South of 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 24 Yelloweye rockfish 25 Cowcod 26 Cowcod 27 N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 300 lb/ 2 months 300 lb/ 2 months 300 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED	18	Chilipepper							-
20 South of 34 27' N. lat. opportunity only available seaward of the non-trawl RCA 21 Canary rockfish 22 40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months South of 34°27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 300 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months CLOSED 24 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED Cowcod CLOSED	19	40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat.	Chilipepper inc	luded under mind	or shelf rockfish, s	shortbelly and wi	dow rockfish limit	s See above	!
22 40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months 3,500 lb/ 2 months 23 South of 34°27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months CLOSED 3,500 lb/ 2 months 24 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 25 Cowcod CLOSED	20	South of 34 27' N. lat.	opportunity	only available	4,000 lb/ 2 mont			seaward of the	•
23 South of 34 27' N. lat. 300 lb/ 2 months CLOSED 3,500 lb/ 2 months 24 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 25 Cowcod CLOSED	21	Canary rockfish							1
23 South of 34 27' N. lat. months CLOSED 3,500 lb/ 2 months 24 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 25 Cowcod CLOSED	22	40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat.		2 months		3,500 lb/	2 months		
25 Cowcod CLOSED	23	South of 34°27' N. lat.		CLOSED		3,500 lb/	2 months		
100/1000000	24	Yelloweye rockfish			CLO	SED			1
26 Bronzespotted rockfish CLOSED	25	Cowcod			CLO	SED			1
	26	Bronzespotted rockfish			CLO:	SED			L

27	le 2 (South) continued Bocaccio								00/01	1/2020
21	Bocaccio									
28	40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat.		1,500 lb/ 2 months						≥	
29	South of 34°27' N. lat.	1,500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,5	500 lb/ 2 mo	nths			ABLE
30	Minor Nearshore Rockfish, California Black rockfish, & Oregon Black/Blue/Deacon rockfish							_		
31	Shallow nearshore ^{4/}	arshore ^{4/} 1,200 lb/ 2								N'
32	Deeper nearshore ^{5/}	1,200 lb/ 2 months	1,200 lb/ 2 CLOSED 2,000 lb/ 2 months						South)	
33	California Scorpionfish	1,500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,	500 lb/ 2 ma	nths			Ĭ
34	Lingcod ^{6/}	1,200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,	500 lb/ 2 mo	nths			<u> </u>
35	Pacific Cod			1,000 lb/	2 months					_
36	Spiny dogfish	200,000 lb/	2 months	150,000 lb/ 2 months		100,00	0 lb/ 2 mor	ths		conta
37	Longnose skate			Unli	mited					≓
38	Other Fish ^{7/} & Cabezon in California			Unli	mited					Ω
39	Big Skate			Unli	mited					
/ T	he Rockfish Conservation Area is an area clo									
72-7-12-12-12-12	and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.									
	depth contour boundary south of 42° N. lat.)									
	than the depth contour. Vessels that are su	bject to RCA res	trictions may no	t fish in the RCA	, or operate	e in the RCA	for any pu	rpose		
, ,	other than transiting. Pacific ocean perch is included in the trip limit	- f Mi Class	Deal-fak Disa	lesilles alefala la se	<u></u>			itle in the		
/ -	Slope Rockfish cumulative limit. Yellowtail i								VIIIIO	
	have a species specific trip limit.	ocklish are inclu		IIILS IOI IVIIIIOI SIII	SII INOCKIISI	i. biolizesp	Olled TOCKI	1311		
/"(Other Flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and inc	lude butter sole.	curlfin sole. flath	nead sole. Pacific	sanddab.	rex sole, ro	ck sole. an	d sand so	ole.	*************
	Shallow Nearshore" are defined at § 660.11 u				T T					
000000	Deeper Nearshore" are defined at § 660.11 ur			-				-		PERSONAL PROPERTY.
	he commercial mimimum size limit for lingco			th South of 42° N	l. lat.			-		·
	Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and includ								LL	
, (Julier Francia de delinied at 3 000. FT and includ	ie veih dieei iii id		a icopai u silaik.						

■ 4. Table 3 (North) to part 660, subpart F, is revised to read as follows:

Table 3 (North) to Part 660, Subpart F— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears North of 40°10′ N Lat. Table 3 (North) to Part 660, Subpart F -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears North of 40 °10' N. lat.

ther limits and requirements apply Read	l §§660.10 throu	gh 660.399 befo	ore using this to	able		0		
	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC		
ockfish Conservation Area (RCA) ^{1/} :								
1 North of 46° 16' N. lat.			shoreline -	100 fm line ^{1/}				
2 46 [°] 16' N. lat 42 [°] 00' N. lat.			30 fm line ^{1/}	- 100 fm line ^{1/}				
3 42 [°] 00' N. lat 40 [°] 10' N. lat.			30 fm line ^{1/}	- 100 fm line ^{1/}				
See §§660.60, 660.330 and 660.333 for add 660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conserva	ation area descr		rdinates (inclu					
State trip limits and seasons may be n	more restrictive than	n Federal trip limits	or seasons, parti	cularly in waters of	ff Oregon and Calif	omia.		
Minor Slope Rockfish ^{2/} & Darkblotched rockfish	500 poun	ds/month		1,000	lb/ month			
5 Pacific ocean perch			100 lb	/ month				
6 Sablefish	300 lb day; or one landing per week up to 1,200 lb, not to exceed 2,400 lb/2 months		300 lb day; or o		veek up to 1,500 /2 months	lb, not to exceed		
7 Shortpine thornyheads				month				
8 Longspine thornyheads			50 lb/	month				
Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, petrale sole, English sole, starry flounder, Other Flatfish ^{3/}	3,000 lb/ month 300 lb of which other than Pac	may be species		5,000 I	b/ month			
10	than 12 hooks	South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "Other Flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line are not subject to the RCAs.						
1 Whiting		300 lb/ month						
2 Minor Shelf Rockfish ^{2/} , Shortbelly rockfish, & Widow rockfish	200 lb/	month	800 lb/ month					
Yellowtail rockfish	500 lb/	month	1,500 lb/ month 1,000 lb/ 2 months					
4 Canary rockfish	300 lb/ 2	? months						
			CLC	DSED				
•	L			rockfish				
75 Yelloweye rockfish	Black rockfish,	, & Oregon Blac	:k/Blue/Deacon	TOOKIIOII	5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish or blue/deacon rockfish ^{4/}			
Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mc	onths, no more th	an 1,200 lb of w	hich may be spe	cies other than b	olack rockfish or		
Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat.	ı	_	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc	hich may be spe on rockfish ^{4/} nonths, no more		which may be		
5 Yelloweye rockfish 6 Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington 7 North of 42°00' N. lat. 8 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. 9 Lingcod ⁵ /	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc	hich may be spe on rockfish ^{4/} nonths, no more species other th	than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis	which may be		
5 Yelloweye rockfish 6 Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington 7 North of 42°00' N. lat. 8 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. 9 Lingcod ⁵ / 0 North of 42°00' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc	hich may be spe on rockfish ^{4/} months, no more species other the 2,000 lb	than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis	which may be		
9 Lingcod ^{5/} North of 42°00' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc	nonths, no more species other the 2,000 lt 1,000 lt	than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis	which may be		
75 Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. Lingcod ⁵⁷ North of 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc 7,000 lb/ 2 r	hich may be spe on rockfish ^{4/} months, no more species other the 2,000 lb	than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis	which may be		
5 Yelloweye rockfish 6 Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington 7 North of 42°00' N. lat. 8 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. 9 Lingcod ⁵ / 10 North of 42°00' N. lat. 11 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. 12 Pacific cod	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish 1,200 lb/ 600 lb/	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	1,000 lb/ 2 r 1,000 lb/ 2 r 1,000 lb/ 2 months	months, no more species other the 1,000 lt 1,000 lt 2 months	than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis	which may be h		
Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. Lingcod ^{6/}	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish 1,200 lb/ 600 lb/	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	1,000 lb/ 2 r 7,000 lb/ 2 r 1,000 lb/ 150,000 lb/ 2 months	nonths, no more species other the 1,000 lt 1,000 lt 2 months	e than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis ps/ month lb/ month	which may be h		
Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. Lingcod ^{6/}	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish 1,200 lb/ 600 lb/	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	1,000 lb/ 2 r 7,000 lb/ 2 r 1,000 lb/ 150,000 lb/ 2 months	months, no more species other the 1,000 lt 1,000 lt 2 months	e than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis ps/ month lb/ month	which may be h		
15 Yelloweye rockfish Minor Nearshore Rockfish, Washington North of 42°00' N. lat. 42°00' N. lat 40°10' N. lat. Lingcod ⁵¹ North of 42°00' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mo 8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish 1,200 lb/ 600 lb/	7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,500 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	an 1,200 lb of w blue/deacc 7,000 lb/ 2 r 1,000 lb/ 150,000 lb/ 2 months Unli	nonths, no more species other the 1,000 lt 1,000 lt 2 months	e than 2,000 lb of han black rockfis ps/ month lb/ month	which may be h		

Tab	le 3 (North). Continued		06/01/2020
28	SALMON TROLL (subject to RCAs when	n retaining all species of groundfish, except for yellowtail rockfish and lingcod, as described belo	DW) T
29	North	Salmon trollers may retain and land up to 1 lb of yellowfail rockfish for every 2 lbs of salmon landed, wit cumulative limit of 200 lb/month, both within and outside of the RCA. This limit is within the 200 lb per m combined limit for minor shelf rockfish, widow rockfish and yellowfail rockfish, and not in addition to that I Salmon trollers may retain and land up to 1 lingcod per 5 Chinook per trip, plus 1 lingcod per trip, up to a limit of 10 lingcod, on a trip where any fishing occurs within the RCA. This limit only applies during times lingcod retention is allowed, and is not "CLOSED." This limit is within the per month limit for lingcod desc in the table above, and not in addition to that limit. All groundfish species are subject to the open acce limits, seasons, size limits and RCA restrictions listed in the table above, unless otherwise stated her	h a nonth limit. a trip when cribed sss e.
30	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUNDFISH TRA	AWL (not subject to RCAs)	<u></u>
31	North	Effective April 1 - October 31: Groundfish: 500 lb/day, multiplied by the number of days of the trip, no exceed 1,500 lb/trip. The following sublimits also apply and are counted toward the overall 500 lb/day a 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits: lingcod 300 lb/month (minimum 24 inch size limit); sablefish 2,000 lb/mo canary, thomyheads and yelloweye rockfish are PROHIBITED. All other groundfish species taken are mai under the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits. Landings of these species count toward the day and per trip groundfish limits and do not have species-specific limits. The amount of groundfish lander not exceed the amount of pink shrimp landed.	and onth; naged he per
/ T	he Rockfish Conservation Area is an area o	closed to fishing by particular gear types, bounded by lines specifically defined by latitude	
	and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 66	0.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours (with the exception of the 20-fm	
	4), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower	
	\$	subject to RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose	
	other than transiting.		
2/ E	locaccio, chilipepper and cowcod rocktishe limits for Minor Slope Rockfish.	s are included in the trip limits for Minor Shelf Rockfish. Splitnose rockfish is included in the trip	
		clude butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole	
/ F		9.50' N. lat.), and between Destruction Is. (47°40' N. lat.) and Leadbetter Pnt. (46°38.17' N. lat.),	
		percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip.	
/ T	he minimum size limit for lingcod is 22 inch	ies (56 cm) total length North of 42° N. lat. and 24 inches (61 cm) total length South of 42° N. lat	•
		de kelp greenling off California and leopard shark.	
·o	convert pounds to kilograms, divide by	2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.	

■ 5. Table 3 (South) to part 660, subpart F, is revised to read as follows:

Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10′ N Lat.

Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10' N. lat. 06/01/2020 Other limits and requirements apply -- Read §§660.10 through 660.399 before using this table JAN-FEB MAR-APR MAY-JUN JUL-AUG SEP-OCT NOV-DEC Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)11: 40 fm line^{1/} - 125 fm line^{1/} 40°10' N. lat. - 34°27' N. lat. 1 75 fm line^{1/} - 150 fm line^{1/} (also applies around islands) South of 34 27' N. lat 2 See §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFHCAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. 10,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no Minor Slope Rockfish^{2/} & 10,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 1,500 lb may be more than 475 lb may be Darkblotched rockfish blackgill rockfish blackgill rockfish 4 Splitnose rockfish 200 lb/ month 5 Sablefish 300 lb/ day, or one landing per 300 lb/ day, or one landing per week up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 6 40°10' N. lat. - 36°00' N. lat. week up to 1,200 lb, not to 3,000 lb/ 2 months exceed 2,400 lb/ 2 months 7 South of 36°00' N. lat 300 lb day; or one landing per week up to 1,600 lb not to exceed 4,800 lb/2 months Shortpine thornyheads and longspine 8 thornyheads CLOSED 9 40°10' N. lat. - 34°27' N. lat D 50 lb/ day, no more than 1,000 lb/ 2 months 10 South of 34°27' N. lat Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, \Box 3,000 lb/ month, no more than petrale sole, English sole, starry 300 lb of which may be species 5.000 lb/ month 11 flounder, Other Flatfish3/ other than Pacific sanddabs Ш South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more 12 than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 ယ mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line are not subject to the RCAs. 13 Whiting 300 lb/ month Minor Shelf Rockfish^{2/}, Shortbelly, S Widow rockfish and Chilipepper 0 400 lb/ 2 4.000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 400 lbs may be \Box 15 40°10' N. lat. - 34°27' N. lat months vermilion rockfish CLOSED 1 500 lb/ 2 3,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 1,500 lbs may be 16 South of 34°27' N. lat months vermilion rockfish **5** 300 lb/ 2 17 Canary rockfish CLOSED 1,500 lb/ 2 months months 18 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 19 Cowcod CLOSED 20 Bronzespotted rockfish CLOSED 500 lb/ 2 CLOSED 500 lb/ 2 months 21 Bocaccio months Minor Nearshore Rockfish, California Black rockfish, & Oregon Black/Blue/Deacon rockfish 1 200 lb/ 2 23 Shallow nearshore CLOSED 2.000 lb/ 2 months months 1,200 lb/ 2 CLOSED 2.000 lb/ 2 months 24 Deeper nearshore months 1,500 lb/ 2 25 California scorpionfish CLOSED 1.500 lb/ 2 months months CLOSED 700 lb/ month 26 Lingcod^{6/} 500 lb/month 27 Pacific cod 1.000 lb/ 2 months 150,000 lb/ 2 28 Spiny dogfish 200,000 lb/ 2 months 100.000 lb/ 2 months months 29 Longnose skate Unlimited Unlimited 30 Big skate 31 Other Fish^{7/} & Cabezon in California Unlimited

Tab	ole 3 (South). Continued							06/0)1/202
			JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
32	RIDGEBACK PRAWN AN	D. SOUTH OF 3	8 57.50' N. LAT	CA HALIBUT	AND SEA CUCI	JMBER NON-G	ROUNDFISH T	RAWL] -
33	NON-GROUNDFISH TRA								۱ ۱
34	40° 10' N. lat.	- 38°00' N. lat.	100 fm line ^{1/} - 200 fm line ^{1/}		100 fm line ^{1/}	- 150 fm line ^{1/}		100 fm line ^{1/} - 200 fm line ^{1/}	ָ
35	38° 00' N. lat.	- 34° 27′ N. lat.	,		100 fm line ^{1/}	- 150 fm line ^{1/}			[
36	South	of 34° 27' N. lat.	lat. 100 fm line 17 - 150 fm line 17 along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm line 17 around islands						
37	DINK OUDIND NON ODG		the 300 lb ground species landed. landed. Spiny di coastwide and multiplied by th 38°57.50' N. lat. that at least one C Which may be California sco	fish per trip limit. except that the a except that the a ogfish are limited I thornyheads sout e number of days are allowed to (1) California hallibut species other thar ppionfish (California	The amount of groumount of spiny dog yo the 300 lb/trip or in of Pt. Conception of the trip. Vessels and up to 100 lb/d landed and (2) lan Pacific sanddabs, a scorpionfish is al	undfish landed may gfish landed may e verall groundfish lin n and the overall gr s participating in the ay of groundfish we d up to 3,000 lb/m , sand sole, starry	ove also apply and a y not exceed the arrown the control of the country of the co	mount of the target of target species mits for sablefish imit may not be fishery south of uirement, provided more than 300 lb of curlfin sole, or	6
38	PINK SHRIMP NON-GRO	OUNDFISH TRA	WL GEAR (not	subject to RCAs)				=
39	South	Effective April 1 - October 31: Groundfish: 500 lb/day, multiplied by the number of days of the trip, not to exceed 1,500 lb/trip. The following sublimits also apply and are counted toward the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits: lingcod 300 lb/ month (minimum 24 inch size limit); sablefish 2,000 lb/ month; canary mokfish thoroupleads and yelloweve rockfish are PROHIBITED. All other groundfish species taken are							
1/ T	he Rockfish Conservation A	rea is an area cl	osed to fishing b	y particular gear	types, bounded	by lines specific	ally defined by lat	itude	
	and longitude coordinates								
	depth contour boundary so						****		
	than the depth contour. Ve	ssels that are su	bject to RCA res	strictions may no	ot fish in the RCA	, or operate in th	ne RCA for any pu	ırpose	-
2/ F	other than transiting. POP is included in the trip lir	nits for minor slo	ne rockfish Bla	ckaill rockfish ha	eve a species sp	ecific trip sub-lim	nit within the mind	or slope rockfish	-
	cumulative limits. Yellowta								
	limit.	-	•				<u>.</u>		
3/ "(Other flatfish" are defined at	§ 660.11 and inc	lude butter sole,	curlfin sole, flatl	nead sole, Pacific	c sanddab, rex s	ole, rock sole, ar	nd sand sole.	
4/ ":	Shallow Nearshore" are defi	ned at § 660.11 ເ	ınder "Groundfis	h" (7)(i)(B)(1).				The same of the sa	
5/ "I	Deeper Nearshore" are defir	ned at § 660.11 u	nder "Groundfish	י" (7)(i)(B)(2).				No. of the last of	
6/ T	he commercial mimimum s	ize limit for lingco	od is 24 inches (61 cm) total leng	gth South of 42° I	N. lat.			
7/ "(Other fish" are defined at § 6	60.11 and includ	es kelp greenling	g off California a	nd leopard shark				
Τо	convert pounds to kilogra	ms, divide by 2	.20462, the num	ber of pounds	in one kilogram	ո.			

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