Coronavirus Pandemic Whole-of-America Response

Thursday, June 4, 2020

"THE TRUMP ADMINISTRATION HAS DELIVERED 159 MILLION ECONOMIC IMPACT PAYMENTS WORTH MORE THAN \$267 BILLION TO AMERICANS IN RECORD TIME. THESE PAYMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF OUR COMMITMENT TO PROVIDING MUCH-NEEDED RELIEF TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DURING THIS UNPRECEDENTED TIME."

- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY SECRETARY STEVEN T. MNUCHIN

Topline Briefing Points and Messages

- On June 3, the U.S. Department of the Treasury and IRS announced that 159 million Economic Impact Payments, worth more than \$267 billion, have been distributed to Americans in two months. Payments have been sent to all eligible Americans for whom the IRS has the necessary information to make a payment. These totals do not include the more than \$2.5 billion that have been delivered to U.S. territories for payment to territory residents.
- On June 2, <u>President Trump extended</u> Title 32 orders until August 21. The President has approved 50 National Guard requests for federal support for the use of National Guard personnel in a Title 32 duty status.
 - The memorandum provides governors continued command of their National Guard forces, while being 100% federally funded under Title 32, enabling these states to use the additional resources to meet the missions necessary in the whole-of-America COVID-19 response.
- As of June 3, FEMA has made 9,262 deliveries of medical supplies to nursing homes to 53 states and territories. FEMA is coordinating two shipments totaling a 14-day supply of personal protective equipment to all 15,400 Medicaid and Medicare-certified nursing homes. The shipments are meant to supplement existing efforts to provide equipment to nursing homes.
- As of June 3, FEMA, HHS, and the private sector combined have coordinated the delivery of, or are currently shipping: 93.3 million N95 respirators, 148.9 million surgical masks, 13.9 million face shields, 37.6 million surgical gowns and over 1 billion gloves.
- To support the Administration's <u>Testing Blueprint</u>, FEMA is working to source and procure testing material – specifically, testing swabs and transport media.
 - **FEMA** has procured and delivered 13.2 million swabs and 8.7 million units of media.
 - The FEMA-sourced material will be provided to states, territories and tribes for a limited duration to help increase testing capacity in support of their individualized plans.
- As of June 3, CDC, state, and local public health labs and other laboratories have tested more than 18.9 million samples.
 - As of **June 2**, the FDA has issued 120 individual <u>emergency use authorizations</u> (EAU) for test kit manufacturers and laboratories, including 12 antibody tests and one antigen test.

By the Numbers

- All 50 states, five territories, the Seminole Tribe of Florida, and Washington, D.C. have been approved for major disaster declarations to assist with additional needs identified.
 - To date, there are 80 tribes working with FEMA, with one tribe that is a direct recipient with a major disaster declaration and an emergency declaration, 43 tribes that are direct recipients with emergency declarations and 37 tribes that are recipients under state declarations.
 - A tribal government may choose to be a subrecipient under a state that has chosen to be a recipient of FEMA assistance, or choose to be a direct recipient of FEMA.
- As of June 4, 231,775 samples were processed at federally run <u>Community-Based Testing Sites</u> and 493,835 samples were processed at public-private partnership testing sites.
 - Out of 41 original Community-Based Testing Sites, 13 continue to operate as federally run sites, 20 have transitioned to state management, and eight have closed in consultation with the states.
 - HHS has established a public-private partnership with pharmacy and retail companies to accelerate testing. To find locations, visit the <u>COVID-19 Community-Based Testing Site</u> page.
 - Under the CBTS public-private partnership, there are currently 437 live sites in 48 states and Washington, D.C. conducting testing.
- Combined, FEMA and HHS have obligated \$104.8 billion in support of COVID-19 efforts.
- The federal government has approximately 20,487 total ventilators available in the Strategic National Stockpile. HHS issued the Department of Defense a fulfillment letter for the ventilator agreement releasing 1,082 ventilators back to the Department of Defense.
- As of June 3, FEMA and HHS have provided 10,709 ventilators from the Strategic National Stockpile and the Defense Department to states, tribes and territories.
- In support of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs and our nation's veterans, FEMA has coordinated shipments of more than 6.6 million respirator masks, 500,000 surgical masks, more than 3.3 million gloves, 514,000 face shields and 30,000 surgical gowns to facilities across the country.
- FEMA has 2,755 employees supporting COVID-19 pandemic response out of a total 20,605 agency employees ready to respond to other emergencies should they occur.
- As of June 3, FEMA has obligated \$6.6 billion in support of COVID-19 efforts. This support includes:
 - Temporary Medical Facilities including medical personnel, mortuary and ambulance services: \$2.4 billion
 - PPE including medical supplies and pharmaceuticals: \$1.6 billion
 - National Guard: \$1.4 billion
 - D Public Assistance Emergency Protective Measures (Non-PPE): \$617 million
 - Commodities: \$27 million
 - □ Crisis Counseling: \$17 million
- As of June 3, 93 agencies across 29 states, the District of Columbia, two tribes and one U.S. territory have sent a total of 288 alerts containing information on COVID-19 to cell phones and other wireless devices via the WEA system, and 66 alerts to radios/televisions via EAS.

DAILY BRIEFING POINTS: CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC WHOLE-OF-AMERICA RESPONSE

- To date, the President has approved 50 National Guard requests for federal support for the use of National Guard personnel in a Title 32 duty status.
 - Through this order, the federal government will fund 100 percent of the cost for T-32 National Guard orders through August 21.
 - As of June 3, 33,822 National Guard troops have activated in T-32 duty status and 1,121 troops have activated in State Active Duty status to help with testing and other response efforts.
- As of May 30, the CDC has 5,224 personnel supporting the outbreak response.
- As of June 3, 102 USACE personnel are activated to support the COVID-19 mission, with 419 personnel engaged in additional response efforts.
- To date, FEMA, HHS and the Cybersecurity Infrastructure and Security Agency (CISA) along with other federal agencies are processing and distributing over 205.6 million cloth face coverings for critical infrastructure workers.

Supply Chain Task Force

- FEMA continues to expedite movement of commercially pre-sourced and commercially procured critical supplies from the global market to medical distributors in various locations across the U.S. through <u>Project Airbridge</u>.
- As of June 3, Project Air Bridge has completed 197 flights with an additional 44 scheduled, or in transit, for a total of approximately 241 flights.
 - □ Two flights landed yesterday, June 3, in New York City (JFK).
 - Three flights are scheduled to land today, June 4: one in Chicago, one in Los Angeles and one in New York City (JFK).
 - It is important to note that any number of variables can affect international flight schedules, causing unexpected delays or cancellations.
- Through Project Air Bridge, the following supplies have been delivered from overseas manufacturers to the U.S. and into private sector supply chains from March 29 through June 3:
 - Nearly 1.5 million N95 respirators
 - 937 million gloves
 - □ 112.7 million surgical masks
 - □ 32.4 million surgical gowns
 - D More than 2.4 million thermometers
 - D More than 2.5 million face shields
 - □ 887,800 coveralls
 - □ 109,000 stethoscopes
 - a 370,000 oxygen masks
 - More than 160,000 cannulas
- Three non-Airbridge flights of FEMA-procured gowns from Hanes landed yesterday, June 3: one in Chicago, one in Newark and one in New York City (JFK). Three flights are scheduled to arrive today, June 4: two in Miami and one in Newark. Since May 20, 33 non-airbridge flights carrying nearly 3.5 million gowns have landed in the U.S.
- Since April 12, 49 non-airbridge flights carrying over 59 million FEMA-procured masks and respirators from 3M have landed in the U.S.

- FEMA-procured items, including 3M masks and Hanes gowns, are inventoried upon arrival before being distributed to prioritized areas determined by FEMA and HHS.
- The strategy to allocate medical supplies and equipment is based on COVID-19 disease activity and its effects, as well as the need to facilitate distribution of limited supplies to areas where resources are needed most urgently.

FEMA and HHS Response

FEMA

- On June 1, <u>FEMA published</u> a third letter from Administrator Gaynor to emergency managers that highlights the importance of all-hazards preparedness in a COVID-19 environment, particularly as the nation enters hurricane season. The letter addresses the release of the <u>COVID-19 Pandemic</u> <u>Operational Guidance for the 2020 Hurricane Season</u>, the <u>All-Hazards Preparedness in a</u> <u>Pandemic Exercise Starter Kit</u> and the <u>Exercise Starter Kit for Reconstituting Operations</u>.
- As of **May 31**, crisis counseling service grants have been made available to a total of 46 states, the District of Columbia, Guam and Puerto Rico to support programs providing free, confidential counseling through community-based outreach and educational services.
- On May 26, <u>FEMA announced</u> that the federal government will distribute non-contact infrared thermometers to support phased reopening of the Nation's workplaces and restarting of the American economy.
 - The thermometers should be used in accordance with <u>CDC guidance for businesses and employers</u> and <u>OSHA guidance for preparing workplaces</u> for identifying potentially ill individuals including employees, customers, vendors or other visitors.
 - FEMA will coordinate initial distribution and delivery to state, tribal and territorial locations in late May 2020.
 - Local governments can make requests of states, with states making requests of FEMA Regions through the FEMA Resource Request Form (RRF) process.
- On May 26, FEMA announced it will continue the temporary suspension on rent for disaster survivors in California, Florida and Texas who are living in FEMA temporary housing. The suspension applies to rent only. FEMA will mail a letter to all affected occupants to inform them of the rent suspension.
- On May 20, FEMA released <u>COVID-19 Pandemic Operational Guidance for the 2020 Hurricane</u> <u>Season</u> to help emergency managers and public health officials best prepare for disasters, while continuing to respond to and recover from COVID-19.
- On May 12, <u>FEMA released guidance</u> to state, local, tribal and territorial governments that outlines how they may be able to request reimbursement through FEMA Public Assistance Program for costs associated with keeping Alternate Care Sites open. This includes temporary and expanded facilities that may be minimally operated when COVID-19 cases decrease.
- On May 12, FEMA released an <u>Exercise Starter Kit</u> to help organizations facilitate their own internal workshops based on reconstitution planning principles and the White House's <u>Guidelines for Opening Up America Again</u>.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Agencies and Offices

• On June 2, <u>HHS announced</u> that it is providing an additional \$250 million in CARES Act funding to aid U.S. health care systems treating patients and responding to the COVID-19 pandemic. The

funds will support hospitals and other health care entities to train workforces, expand telemedicine and the use of virtual healthcare, procure supplies and equipment, and coordinate effectively across regional, state and jurisdictional, and local health care facilities to respond to COVID-19.

- On June 1, <u>HHS announced</u> a task order with Emergent BioSolutions to advance manufacturing capabilities for a potential COVID-19 vaccine as well as therapeutics. Under the order, Emergent will commit contract development and manufacturing organization drug substance and drug product manufacturing capacity valued at approximately \$542.75 million for production of COVID-19 vaccine candidates through 2021.
- On May 28, the Health Resources and Services Administration awarded \$15 million in CARES Act funding to 52 Tribes, Tribal organizations, urban Indian health organizations and other health services providers to Tribes across 20 states to prepare, prevent and respond to COVID-19 in rural tribal communities.
- On May 22, <u>HHS announced</u> it began distributing billions in additional relief funds to skilled nursing facilities to help combat the devastating effects of the pandemic. This funding will be used to support nursing homes suffering from significant expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19.
- On May 22, <u>HHS announced</u> \$500 million in payments from the Provider Relief Fund to the Indian Health Service and tribal hospitals, clinics and urban health centers to support the tribal response to COVID-19. Combined with previous funding, this distribution brings the total amount of new resources to the Indian health system to \$2.4 billion dollars.
- On May 21, <u>HHS announced</u> a collaboration between the company AstraZeneca and the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA) to accelerate the development and manufacturing of an investigational vaccine, AZD1222. HHS and AstraZeneca will make at least 300 million doses of the vaccine, the first of which will be delivered as early as this October.
 - D Phase 3 clinical studies are set to begin this summer.
 - This vaccine is the fourth vaccine candidate to receive BARDA support for late-state development and manufacturing under Operation Warp Speed.
- On May 20, the Health Resources and Services Administration announced \$225 million in funding through the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act to Rural Health Clinics for COVID-19 testing. These investments will support over 4,500 Rural Health Clinics across the country with expanding access to testing in rural communities.
- As of May 20, the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA) within the HHS Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) has a <u>COVID-19</u> <u>Medical Countermeasure Portfolio</u> that includes development of 32 products supported under public-private partnerships.
 - Of these, 17 are diagnostics, seven are treatments, four are vaccines, and two rapidly deployable capabilities to help protect the American people from COVID-19.
- On May 19, <u>HHS announced</u> a partnership with a team of private industry partners, led by Phlow Corporation, to expand pharmaceutical manufacturing in the United States for use in producing medicines needed during the COVID-19 response and future public health emergencies.
- On May 18, <u>HHS announced</u> \$11 billion in funding to states, territories and tribes to support testing for COVID-19. This funding is part of the Administration's efforts to ensure that states, territories, and tribes have the resources necessary to meet their testing goals as they begin to reopen.

DAILY BRIEFING POINTS: CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC WHOLE-OF-AMERICA RESPONSE

- On May 15, <u>President Trump announced</u> Operation Warp Speed. The goal of this national program is to accelerate the development, manufacturing, and distribution of COVID-19 vaccines, therapeutics, and diagnostics.
 - Operation Warp Speed is a public-private partnership between components of HHS, the Department of Defense, private firms and other federal agencies.
 - The program aims to have substantial quantities of a safe and effective vaccine available for Americans by January 2021.
- On May 13, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration announced \$40 million in emergency funding for a grant program to suicide prevention. The grant funding is intended to help with the increase in mental health needs as a result of COVID-19.
- On May 13, HHS, through the Health Resources and Services Administration awarded \$15 million in CARES Act funding to 159 organizations across five health workforce programs to increase telehealth capabilities in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- On May 9, <u>HHS announced the allocation plan for the drug remdesivir</u>. The Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) expects supplies of the drug to be delivered to all 50 states, five territories, the Veterans Health Administration and the Indian Health Service by the end of the week.
 - Gilead Sciences, Inc. is donating approximately 607,000 vials of the experimental drug over the next six weeks.
 - State health departments will distribute the doses to appropriate hospitals within their states.
- On May 7, HHS, through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), <u>awarded</u> <u>nearly \$583 million</u> to 1,385 HRSA-funded health centers in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and eight U.S. territories to expand COVID-19 testing.
- On May 7, HHS announced the deployment of 50 portable kidney dialysis machines and supplies to New York City and Long Island Intensive Care Units (ICU) to provide surge capacity for facilities caring for patients with COVID-19, which has caused acute kidney injury and therefore required dialysis in some ICU cases.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- On May 22, FEMA, HHS and the CDC <u>announced release of a tool</u> to support state, local, tribal, and territorial government officials with needed data as they continue to adjust community mitigation measures.
- On May 22, the <u>CDC released</u> recommendations for communities of faith. The guidance is meant to help prevent exposures to COVID-19 in facilities used by communities of faith and to keep their staff and attendees as healthy as possible as they exercise their faith.
- On May 20, the <u>CDC released</u> a set of documents for summer camps, schools, youth sports organizations, institutes of higher education, and restaurants and bars that are open. The health considerations documents provide concrete, actionable resources on four categories of safeguard for these businesses and organizations.
- CDC has expanded its <u>Caring for Children</u> web resources with resources for parents including <u>Help Children Learn at Home and Help Stop the Spread of COVID-19 in Children</u>. This web section also includes a new page with important information about <u>Multisystem Inflammatory</u> <u>Syndrome in Children (MIS-C)</u> associated with COVID-19.
- The CDC published a document summarizing CDC Activities and Initiatives Supporting the COVID-19 Response and the President's Plan for Opening America Up Again. This document lays

out approaches that state, local, territory and tribal authorities as well as businesses, and other institutions can use to assess when to move from one phase to another.

- On May 13, President Trump and the CDC released guidance for colleges and universities on how to develop, implement and maintain a plan to ensure the health and safety of students, faculty and staff.
- On May 6, CDC published a report on COVID-19 in correctional and detention facilities.
 - CDC recommends that facility administrators, with the support of local health departments and partners, prepare for potential transmission, implement prevention measures and <u>follow guidance</u> for the management of suspected and confirmed COVID-19 cases to prevent further transmission.
- CDC continues to recommend that everyone use a cloth face covering in public settings where other social distancing measures are difficult to maintain.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

- On June 1, the FDA took additional action to help ensure widespread access to hand sanitizers during the COVID-19 public health emergency.
- On May 30, the FDA took steps to further support the development of COVID-19 tests for athome self-collection by posting a voluntary emergency use authorization (EUA) template for athome sample collection kits to its website. The template outlines the data and information that developers should submit to facilitate the EUA process.
- On May 28, the FDA announced a reference panel to evaluate diagnostic tests for COVID-19. Reference panels are an additional step to ensure the quality of the tests, validation of new assays, test calibration and monitoring of assay performance.
- On May 22, the FDA and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, released <u>recommendations</u> to help address shortages of personal protective equipment, cloth face coverings, disinfectants, and sanitation supplies in the food and agriculture industry during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The FDA published a <u>new blog post</u> on the <u>Coronavirus Treatment Acceleration Program</u>. The program uses every available method to move new treatments to patients as quickly as possible, while at the same time finding out whether the treatments are helpful or harmful.
- On May 16, the FDA announced the authorization of an at-home sample collection kit for COVID-19 diagnostic testing. The emergency use authorization was issued to Everlywell, Inc. for the Everlywell COVID-19 Test Home Collection Kit.
- On May 11, the FDA released new guidance to improve the efficiency of clinical trials. These
 guidance documents aim to make the process for submitting applications to initiate studies for
 new drugs and biological products more efficient and outline recommendations for ways to
 design clinical trials to evaluate safety and effectiveness of these medical products for
 COVID-19.
- On May 9, the FDA <u>issued</u> the first emergency use authorization for a COVID-19 antigen test, a new category of tests designed for rapid detection of the virus that causes COVID-19.
 - Antigen tests can play a critical role in the fight against COVID-19 due to their ability to be produced at a lower cost than other tests. Antigen tests can also potentially scale to test millions of Americans a day due to their simpler design.
- On **May 8**, the FDA <u>authorized</u> the first diagnostic test with the option of using home-collected saliva samples for COVID-19 testing.

Other Federal Agencies

- On May 28, the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) announced that it is setting aside \$10 billion of round two funding for the Paycheck Protection Program to be lent exclusively by Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs).
 - CDFIs work to expand economic opportunity in low-income communities by providing access to financial products and services for local residents and businesses.
 - The dedicated funds will further ensure that the funding reaches all communities in need of relief during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- On May 28, the U.S. Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration has issued an alert that lists steps employers can follow to implement social distancing in the workplace and to help protect workers from exposure to the coronavirus.
- As of May 25, SBA has approved 430,906 Economic Injury Disaster Loan applications resulting in \$37.8 billion in disaster loan funds available to assist businesses and their employees. The SBA has also approved over 4.4 million Paycheck Protection Program applications resulting in \$511.2 billion available to assist businesses and their employees.
- On May 21, the <u>USDA announced</u> that it is making \$1 billion in loan guarantees available to help rural businesses meet their working capital needs during the coronavirus pandemic. Additionally, agriculture providers that are not eligible for USDA Farm Service Agency loans may receive funding under USDA Business & Industry Cares Act Program provisions included in the CARES Act.
- On May 20, the U.S. Department of Treasury and the SBA <u>announced</u> that the second round of funding for the Paycheck Protection Program processed <u>4.2 million loans to small businesses</u> <u>since it launched on April 27</u>. Including the previous funding bill, more than \$670 billion is available for the loan program in total, and \$520 billion in loans have been made.
- On May 19, President Trump announced efforts to support the nation's farmers, ranchers and food supply chain. The USDA will provide up to \$16 billion in direct payments as part of the Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, which will deliver relief to America's farmers and ranchers impacted by COVID-19.
- On May 19, U.S. Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration announced revised policies for enforcing requirements with respect to coronavirus as economies reopen in states throughout the country. The revised enforcement policies help to ensure employers are taking action to protect their employees.
- On May 14, <u>President Trump announced</u> continued efforts to ensure a fully stocked, resilient national stockpile and the strong domestic industrial base needed to confront COVID-19.
- On May 13, the <u>DHS Science and Technology Directorate released</u> a predictive modeling tool to estimate natural decay of the virus that causes COVID-19 under a range of temperatures and relative humidity. The tool is designed to assist response efforts and estimate the environmental persistence of the virus under certain combinations of temperatures and humidity.
- On May 13, the FBI and CISA issued a warning to organizations researching COVID-19 of the likely targeting and network compromise by the People's Republic of China. The guidance warned healthcare, pharmaceutical and research sectors working on COVID-19 response that they are the prime targets of activity and should protect their systems.
- On May 11, <u>President Trump announced</u> additional efforts to ensure that every state, territory and tribe has the resources they need to meet the robust testing plans described in the

President's <u>Guidelines for Opening up America Again</u> and the <u>Testing Blueprint</u> unveiled by the President on April 27.

- On May 9, the U.S. Department of Agriculture <u>announced</u> \$3 billion in contracts to buy dairy, meat, and produce from U.S. farmers, ranchers, and specialty growers; the goods will be provided to support food lines and kitchens and the Farmers to Families Food Box Program.
- On May 6, the Department of Labor <u>awarded an additional \$10 million in Dislocated Worker</u> <u>Grants</u> in response to the coronavirus public health emergency. The funding is from the CARES Act and is intended to help address the workforce-related impacts of COVID-19. This brings the total amount of Dislocated Worker Grants awarded to states and territories to \$171 million.
- On May 5, the <u>Treasury Department began distributing</u> \$4.8 billion in critical funds from the CARES Act to tribal governments.
 - The CARES Act provides a total of \$8 billion to address coronavirus preparedness, response, and recovery for American Indians and Alaska Natives.
 - The Administration has allocated over \$1 billion through the Indian Health Service (IHS), to support tribes, tribal organizations, and Urban Indian Organizations in their coronavirus response efforts.
- On May 5, CISA, along with the United Kingdom's National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC), released a joint advisory to international healthcare and medical research organizations providing an update on ongoing malicious cyber activity and new cyber threats related to COVID-19.