

Amendment 1

Axel Voss, Emil Radev, Markus Ferber, Andrzej Halicki, Monika Hohlmeier, Peter Jahr, Ralf Seekatz, Norbert Lins, Esteban González Pons, Javier Zarzalejos, Sabine Verheyen, Sven Simon, Marlene Mortler, Asim Ademov, Andrey Novakov, Sven Schulze, Loucas Foulas, Daniel Buda, Eva Maydell, Antonius Manders, Angelika Niebler, David McAllister, Jens Gieseke, Romana Tomc, Markus Pieper, Rainer Wieland, Jiří Pospíšil, Marion Walsmann, Christian Sagartz, Jeroen Lenaers, Christian Ehler, Lukas Mandl, Frances Fitzgerald, Daniel Caspary, Ivan Štefanec, Andrey Kovatchev, José Manuel García-Margallo y Marfil, Anna-Michelle Asimakopoulou, Lena Düpont, Rasa Juknevičienė, Mircea-Gheorghe Hava, Stelios Kypourouopoulos, Stefan Berger, Jan Olbrycht, Rosa Estaràs Ferragut, Christine Schneider, Vasile Blaga, Radan Kanev, Henna Virkkunen, Nuno Melo, Michaela Šojdrová, Franc Bogovič, Tomasz Frankowski, Esther de Lange, Pernille Weiss, Angel Dzhambazki, Tomáš Zdechovský, Maria da Graça Carvalho, Peter Pollák, Inese Vaidere, Christian Doleschal, Riho Terras, Isabel Benjumea Benjumea, Jorge Buxadé Villalba, Marian-Jean Marinescu, Michael Gahler, Aušra Maldeikienė, Hildegard Bentele, Angelika Winzig, Pilar del Castillo Vera, Alexander Bernhuber, Niclas Herbst, Alexander Yordanov, Simone Schmiedtbauer, Juan Ignacio Zoido Álvarez, Georgios Kyrtos

Report**A9-0001/2021****Gilles Lebreton**

on artificial intelligence: questions of interpretation and application of international law in so far as the EU is affected in the areas of civil and military uses and of state authority outside the scope of criminal justice(2020/2013(INI))

Motion for a resolution**Paragraph 72***Motion for a resolution**Amendment*

72. Notes that certain AI technologies enable the automation of information processing and action on an unprecedented scale, such as mass civil and military surveillance, which poses a threat to fundamental rights, **and paves the way for unlawful intervention in state sovereignty**; calls for the scrutiny of mass surveillance activities under international law, including as regards questions of jurisdiction and enforcement; expresses serious concerns about some highly intrusive social scoring applications that have been developed, as they seriously endanger the respect of fundamental rights; calls for an explicit ban on the use of mass social scoring by public

72. Notes that certain AI technologies enable the automation of information processing and action on an unprecedented scale, such as mass civil and military surveillance, which poses a threat to fundamental rights; calls for the scrutiny of mass surveillance activities under international law, including as regards questions of jurisdiction and enforcement; expresses serious concerns about some highly intrusive social scoring applications that have been developed, as they seriously endanger the respect of fundamental rights; calls for an explicit ban on the use of mass social scoring by public authorities as a way to restrict the rights of citizens; calls

authorities as a way to restrict the rights of citizens; calls for the accountability of private actors under international law to be enhanced, given the decision-making hegemony and control of certain private actors over the development of these technologies; calls, in this context, on the Commission, the Council and the Member States to pay particular attention when negotiating, concluding and ratifying international agreements related to cross-border family cases, ***such as international child abductions***, and to ensure that in this context AI systems are always used under effective human verification, and respect due process within the EU and countries which are signatories of these agreements;

for the accountability of private actors under international law to be enhanced, given the decision-making hegemony and control of certain private actors over the development of these technologies; calls, in this context, on the Commission, the Council and the Member States to pay particular attention when negotiating, concluding and ratifying international agreements related to cross-border family cases, and to ensure that in this context AI systems are always used under effective human verification, and respect due process within the EU and countries which are signatories of these agreements;

Or. en